SENSORALL PRESSURE SENSORS FORCE SENSORS TRANSDUCERS APPLICATION NOTES

2024 Product manual

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OVERVIEW

Hong Kong Sensorall International Limited Profile

Hong Kong Sensorall International Limited utilizes state-of-the-art silicon micromachining technology to manufacture OEM/ODM components for physical measurement and control.

These products include pressure sensors, force sensors, transducers and custom design for one stop solutions. Silicon's excellent semiconductor properties have made it the basic building material of the electronics industry. But silicon also has excellent physical properties that make it an ideal building material for mechanical devices. Silicon has a tensile strength greater than steel and is almost perfectly elastic, making it a wonderful material for use in MEMS products. It is free of hysteresis, and its crystalline structure is wellsuited to the fabrication of miniature precision products. These silicon micromachined products have several advantages over their conventionally manufactured counterparts: they are generally much smaller, their performance is higher due to the precise dimensional control in the fabrication, and costs are lower because thousands can be produced at one time.

While Sensorall products have been technology leaders, the Company's real strength has been in bringing products to market. Today, Sensorall offers the broadest line of micromachined pressure sensors, force sensors, tranducers and custom design in the industry.

Silicon micromachining is a powerful outgrowth of semiconductor process technology. Integrated circuit manufacturing techniques are supplemented by silicon etching processes to create very precise, miniature mechanical structures. These silicon microstructures can have electronicfeatures that allow physical inputs to be converted into electrical signals. Similarly, electronic signals can be applied tothese devices to provide control functions.

Silicon is the material of choice due to its unique combination of excellent electronic and mechanical properties. Silicon has the hardness of steel, the thermal conductivity of diamond, exhibits piezoresistive properties, is lightweight, has low thermal expansion, and is relatively inert.

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Unprecedented dimensional control can be achieved through the use of conventional processing techniques, which also open up the possibility of large scale batch manufacturing, enabling very low cost devices to achieve extraordinary performance levels. Structures that can be fabricated with silicon micromachining include purely mechanical structures in addition to sensors and transmiters. Silicon micromachining provides a higher level of dimensional control than can be obtained from traditional machining or molding technologies. The most significant benefit, however, is the capability to combine these precise mechanical structures with electronic features to create sensors and transmitters. The capability to design new devices and processes using this base technology is our primary strength. Our experience in transferring state-of-the-art designs into manufacturing is excellent in the world.

UNMATCHED BREADTH OF PRODUCT LINES

Sensorall has developed and commercialized three product areas based on silicon micromachining technology, offering an unmatched range of standard products with a strong custom design capability.Pressure sensors were the first products produced by the Company. A broad range of package styles is available,including PC Board mountable versions, stainless steel housings, disposable medical devices, and complete industrial transmitters.

The second product area for Sensorall involves force sensors. This is the product customized for infusion pumps, syringe pumps, robots, catheters and etc.

The third product line for Sensorall involves custom silicon micromachining. Micromachining technology is applied to meet specific customer requirements.

The advantages of silicon microstructures compared to alternate technologies such as plastic molding, metal machining, or glass drilling are the precision of the etched features, the cost of the batch fabricated component, and the repeatability of the dimensions from part-to-part.

PRESSURE PC Mountable Pressure Selection Guide

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Model	SA142	
Model	SA1210	
Model	SA1220	
Model	SA1230	
Model	SA1240	
Model	SA5652	
Model	SA13	
Model	SA5852	
Model	SA5803	
Model	SA16	
Model	SA26	
Model	SA36	
Model	SA46	
Model	SA18	
Model	SA18HD	
Model	SA18EC	
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PRESSURE PC Mountable Pressure Selection Guide

Oil Filled Pressure Sensor Guide

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Model	SA85U	-221-223
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Silicon On Metal Pressure Sensor Guide

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PRESSURE PC Mountable Pressure Selection Guide

Pressure Transducers

Pressure Transducer Guide

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FORCE

B 1004 1

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Products overview Preliminary Selection Guide

Model	Power	Output	Outline	Package
SA141	1.8-10Volts	millivolts	7.6*7.6*9mm	SMT
SA142	1.8-10Volts	millivolts	7.6*7.6*9mm	SMT
SA1210	1.5mA	millivolts	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA1220	3-5Volts	millivolts	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA5652	10Volts	millivolts	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA1210VI	16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA13	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA5852	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	DIP
SA16	1.5mA	millivolts	12.7*12.7*20.4mm	TO8
SA26	1.5mA	millivolts	12.7*12.7*30.3mm	TO8
SA36	1.8-10Volts	millivolts	12.7*12.7*42.2mm	SMT
SA46	1.8-10Volts	millivolts	12.7*12.7*42.2mm	SMT
SA18	2.7-5.5Volt	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	19.5*16.3*10mm	SMT/DIP
SA18HD	1.8-3.6Volts	I2C/SPI-24bits	19.5*16.3*10mm	SMT/DIP
SA18E	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-16bit	14.7*15.2*16.6mm	SMT/DIP
SA19	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	17.4*12.4*7.2mm	SMT/DIP
SA19HD	1.8-3.6Volt	I2C/SPI-24bits	17.4*12.4*7.2mm	SMT/DIP
SA19E	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-16bits	17.4*12.4*7.2mm	SMT/DIP
SAABP	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	11*8*3mm	SMT/DIP
SAABPH	1.8-3.6Volts	I2C/SPI-24bits	11*8*3mm	SMT/DIP
SA55	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-14bits	10.3*10.3*10.3mm	SMT
SA54	1.8-3.6Volt	I2C/SPI-24bits	10.3*10.3*10.3mm	SMT
SA57	2.7-5.5Volts	Analog/I2C/SPI-16bits	10.3*10.3*10.3mm	SMT
SA1620	1-10Volts	millivolt	10.5*8.1*4.2mm	SMT
SA1620HD	1.8-3.6Volts	I2C/SPI-24bit	10.5*8.1*4.2mm	SMT
SA5660HD	1.8-3.6Volts	I2C/SPI-24bit	25*47*8mm	Connecto
SA5660VI	16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	25*47*8mm	Connecto
SACP800	3-5Volts	millivolts	1*1*4mm	Connector
SA154	1.5mA	millivolts	D19*14mm	Cable

Products overview Preliminary Selection Guide

Power	Output	Outline	Package
2.7-5.5Volts	I2C/SPI-14bit	D19*14mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	Analog	D19*14mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D19*14mm	Cable
1.5mA	millivolts	D12.5*11.4mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	I2C/SPI-14bits	D12.5*11.4mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	Analog	D12.5*11.4mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D12.5*11.4mm	Cable
1.5mA	millivolts	D15.8*11.4mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	I2C/SPI-14bits	D15.8*11.4mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	Analog	D15.8*11.4mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D15.8*11.4mm	Cable
1.5mA	millivolts	D9.4*10.6mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	I2C/SPI-14bits	D9.4*10.6mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	Analog	D9.4*10.6mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D9.4*10.6mm	Cable
1.5mA	millivolts	D6.8*7.5mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	I2C/SPI-14bits	D6.8*7.5mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D6.8*7.5mm	Cable
2.7-5.5Volts	Analog	D6.8*7.5mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D22*58mm	Connector
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D22*71mm	Connector
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D22*38mm	Cable
16-32Volts	0-10V/4-20mA	D22*31mm	Cable
16-32Volts			Cable
5Volts 5Volts	millivolts millivolts/Analog	D19.2*5.5mm D19.1*5.3mm	Cable
	2.7-5.5Volts 2.7-5.5Volts 16-32Volts 1.5mA 2.7-5.5Volts 2.7-5.5Volts 2.7-5.5Volts 16-32Volts 16-32Volts 1.5mA 2.7-5.5Volts 1.5mA 2.7-5.5Volts 2.7-5.5Volts 16-32Volts 1.5mA 2.7-5.5Volts 16-32Volts 1.5mA 2.7-5.5Volts 16-32Volts 16-32Volts	2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bit 2.7-5.5Volts Analog 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits 2.7-5.5Volts Analog 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits 2.7-5.5Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts Analog 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 1.5mA millivolts 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA 16	2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bit D19'14mm 2.7-5.5Volts Analog D19'14mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D19'14mm 1.5mA millivolts D12.5*11.4mm 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits D12.5*11.4mm 2.7-5.5Volts Analog D12.5*11.4mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D12.5*11.4mm 1.5mA millivolts D15.8*11.4mm 1.5mA millivolts D15.8*11.4mm 2.7-5.5Volts Analog D15.8*11.4mm 1.5mA millivolts D15.8*11.4mm 1.5mA D10V/4-20mA D15.8*11.4mm 1.5mA millivolts D9.4*10.6mm 2.7-5.5Volts I2C/SPI-14bits D9.4*10.6mm 1.5mA millivolts D6.8*7.5mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D6.8*7.5mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D6.8*7.5mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D22*31mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D22*31mm 16-32Volts 0-10V/4-20mA D22*31mm<

MODEL SAXXXX-X

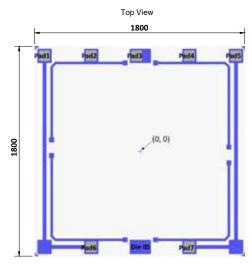
Part ID		SA001K-G	SA002K-G	SA007K-G	SA050Tr-G	SA040k-G	SA7K5P-A	Note
Parameter	Units	Value	1	1	1		1	
Pressure Range	Psi	0.15	0.3	1.0	1.0	5.8	7500	
Excitation	V	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Bridge Resistance	kΩ	5±0.5	5±0.5	5±0.5	5±0.5	5±0.5	5±0.5	
Operating Temperature	°C	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	
Zero Offset	mV	10±30	10±30	±20	±20	±20	±30	
Full Scale Span	mV	25±10	40±10	23±5	28±5	60±15	100±15	(1)
FS Non-linearity	%Span	0.4±0.2	0.7±0.5	±0.3	±0.5	±0.5	±0.3	(2)
Pressure Hysteresis	%Span	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.2	±0.1	
TC Offset (TCO)	%Span/°C	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	(3)
TC Span (TCS) @ constant voltage	%Span/°C	-0.25±0.04	-0.24±0.04	-0.22±0.04	-0.22±0.04	-0.22±0.04	-0.2±0.04	(3)
TC Resistance (TCR)	%/°C	0.38±0.05	0.38±0.05	0.1±0.04	0.1±0.04	0.1±0.04	0.2±0.04	(3)
Burst Pressure	Rated	>=30X	>=30X	>=10X	>=10X	>=3X	>=3X	
Notes :								

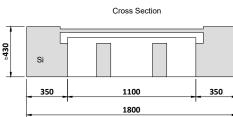
(1) All values are Min./Max. and measured at 5V and 25°C unless other specified.

(2) Best fit straight line.

(3) Between -125°C and 125°C. Temperature coefficients are typical values at 5V.

MODEL SA001K-G/SA002K-G





Pin Assignment

Pad	Function	X-location	Y-location		
1	S+	-820	820		
2	V-	-420	820		
3	Vsub	-30	820		
4	S-	420	820		
5	V+	820	820		
6	S+	-420	820		
7	V+	420	820		

*Pad size = 100 X 100um²

*Pressure applied from backside

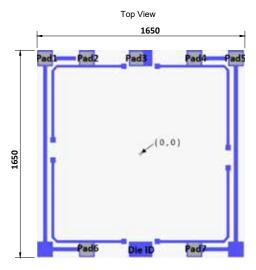
Wafer OQC

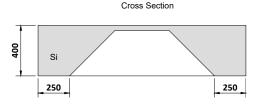
(1) Sampling die's front-side visual inspection is performed on each wafer following ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 GII AQL 4.0 standard to investigate the defect on metal trace, membrane, and pad areas for quality insurance.

(2) Full wafer probing test is performed on each wafer to test bridge resistance and offset voltage at 1 atmospheric pressure and room temperature. Either electronic format of wafer map or bad die inking can be provided.

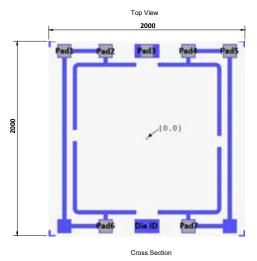
MODEL SAXXXX-X

MODEL SA007K-G/SA040K-G





MODEL SA050Tr-G





Pin Assignment

Pad	Function	X-location	Y-location
1	S+	-745	745
2	V-	-420	745
3	Vsub	-30	745
4	S-	420	745
5	V+	745	745
6	S+	-420	-745
7	V+	420	-745

*Pad size = 100 X 100um²

*Pressure applied from backside

Wafer OQC

(1) Sampling die's front-side visual inspection is performed on each wafer following ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 GII AQL 4.0 standard to investigate the defect on metal trace, membrane, and pad areas for quality insurance.

(2) Full wafer probing test is performed on each wafer to test bridge resistance and offset voltage at 1 atmospheric pressure and room temperature. Either electronic format of wafer map or bad die inking can be provided.

Pin Assignment

Pad	Function	X-location	Y-location
1	S+	-840	890
2	V-	-420	890
3	Vsub	0	890
4	S-	420	890
5	V+	840	890
6	S+	-420	-890
7	V+	420	-890

*Pad size = 120 X 120um² *Pressure applied from backside

Wafer OQC

(1) Sampling die's front-side visual inspection is performed on each wafer following ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 GII AQL 4.0 standard to investigate the defect on metal trace, membrane, and pad areas for quality insurance.

(2) Full wafer probing test is performed on each wafer to test bridge resistance and offset voltage at 1 atmospheric pressure and room temperature. Either electronic format of wafer map or bad die inking can be provided.

MODEL SAXXXX-X

MODEL SA7K5P-A Top View 2000

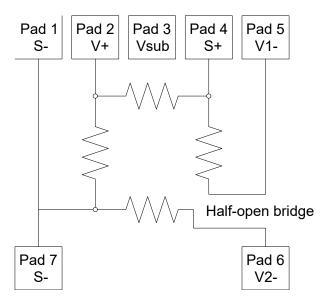
OPF Si Glass

Cross Section

Pin Assignment

Pad	Function	X-location	Y-location
1	S-	-860	870
2	V+	-280	870
3	Vsub	280	870
4	S+	570	870
5	V1-	860	870
6	V2-	860	-870
7	S-	-860	-870

*Pad size = 140 X 140um²



Wafer OQC

(1) Sampling die's front-side visual inspection is performed on each wafer following ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 GII AQL 4.0 standard to investigate the defect on metal trace, membrane, and pad areas for quality insurance.

(2) Full wafer probing test is performed on each wafer to test bridge resistance and offset voltage at 1 atmospheric pressure and room temperature. Either electronic format of wafer map or bad die inking can be provided.

PRESSURE Model SA141

Small size InH20 or PSI Ranges Wide selection of ports

- Absolute or gage pressures
- High-impedance bridge
- Low power consumption



FEATURES

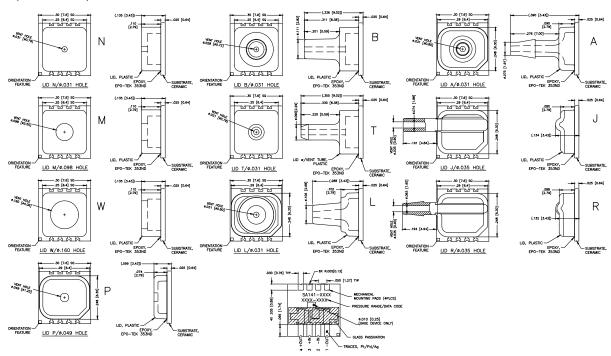
- Small size
- inH20 or PSI Ranges
- Wide selection of ports
- Solid State Reliability
- Absolute or gage pressures
- High-impedance bridge
- Low power consumption

DESCRIPTION

The Model SA141 is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a surface mount configuration. It is intended for high volume applications where small size, light weight, low cost, and compatibility with automated assembly equipment are required.

The pressure sensor is available with a gage or absolute pressure sensing chip that is attached to a surface mountable ceramic substrate. A cap is attached to the ceramic substrate, protecting the chip and providing the pressure port.

The devices are shipped in plastic anti-static shipping tubes for use with automated production equipment. The drawing shows a standard tube version. Caps are also available with a narrow hole or a large hole to interface with the pressure media.



PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor Model SA141

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Vsupply: 3.00Vdc, Ta=25°C

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

SPECIFICATIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	1.8	3.0	12	V	
BRIDGE RESISTANCE	2200	-	6100	Ω	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-30	-	+30	mV	
PRESSURE NONLINEARITY	-0.1	0	+0.1	%FSS	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.1		+0.1	%FSS	
FULL SPAN	SEE TABLE 1				4
TEMPERATURECOEFFICIENT RESISTANCE	+2300	+2800	+3100	PPM/°C	3
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT SENSITIVITY	-2100	-1800	-1400	ppm/°C	3
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT OFFSET		±0.10		%FSS/°C	3
TEMPERATURE HYSTERESIS OFFSET@ SPAN	-0.2	-	+0.2	%FSS	3
LONG TERM STABILITY (OFFSET&SPAN)	-0.40	-	+0.40	%FSS	4
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	5X	RATED	
PRESSURE BURST	-	-	10X	RATED	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40		+125	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50		+150	°C	
WEIGHT		0.3		GRAMS	
SOLDER TEMPERATURE	250°C MAX 5 SEC				
MEDIA	NON-CORROSIVE SILICON, PYREX, RTV, GOLD, POLYMER), AND ALL	CERAMIC, LCP (LIC			

RELIABILITY.

Notes

1.ALL SPECIFICATION AT REFERENCE CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. OUTPUT IS RATIO METRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE. 2. ½ TERMINAL BASE NON LINEARITY (MEASURED AT 0, 50% AND 100%

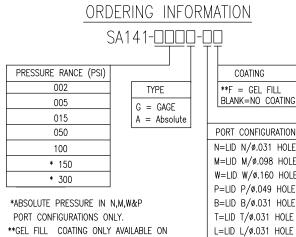
4. DEVIATION AFTER 1 YEAR PERIOD MEASURED AT REFERENCE CONDITIONS.

5. MEASURED OVER THE TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 70°C AND 0°C.

6. EXCEEDING ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM SPECIFICATION MAY DAMAGE THE DEVICE. EXTENDED EXPOSURE BEYOND THE OPERATING CONDITIONS MAY AFFECT DEVICE

 DEVIATION BETWEEN 70°C AND 0°C EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGE OF READING AT 25°C

ORDERING INFORMATION

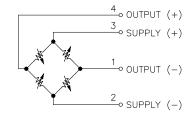


**GEL FILL COATING ONLY AVAILABLE ON M&WIDE PORT CONFIGURATION.

	С	OATI	NG	
	**F :	= G	EL F	ill Dating
	BLAN	K=N	0 0	DATING
f	PORT	CON	FIGU	RATION
Ν	l=LID	N/¢	0.031	HOLE
				B HOLE
) HOLE
F	P=LID	P/ø	.049	HOLE

A=LID A/Ø.031 HOLE J=LID J/Ø.035 HOLE R=LID R/Ø.035 HOLE

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

SPECIFICATIONS	RANGE	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	5	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (INH2O RANGES)	10	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (INFIZU RANGES)	20	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
	30	60.0	90.0	120.0	mV
	5	54.0	66.0	80.0	mV
	15	54.0	66.0	80.0	mV
	30	57.0	69.0	80.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (PSI RANGES)	50	60.0	75.0	90.0	mV
	100	75.0	96.0	108.0	mV
	150	60.0	75.0	90.0	mV
	300	75.0	96.0	108.0	mV

PRESSURE Model SA142

Small size InH20 or PSI Ranges Wide selection of ports



FEATURES

- Small size
- inH20 or PSI Ranges
- Wide selection of ports Solid State Reliability
- · Absolute or gage pressures Power
- High-impedance bridge
- Low power consumption

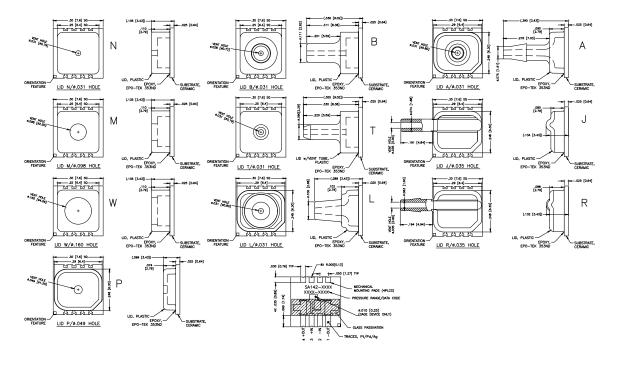
- Absolute or gage pressures
- High-impedance bridge
- Low power consumptior

DESCRIPTION

The Model SA142 is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a surface mount configuration. It is int ended for high volume applications where small size, light weight, low cost, and compatibility with automated assembly equip ment are required.

The pressure sensor is available with a gage or absolute pressure sensing chip that is attached to a surface mountable ceramic substrate. A cap is attached to the ceramic substrate, protecting the chip and providing the pressure port.

The devices are shipped in plastic anti-static shipping tubes for use with automated production equipment. The drawing shows a standard tube version. Caps are also available with a narrow hole or a large hole to interface with the pressure media.



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Vsupply: 3.00Vdc, Ta=25°C

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

SPECIFICATIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	1.8	3.0	12	V	
BRIDGE RESISTANCE	2200	-	6100	Ω	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2	-	+2	mV	
PRESSURE NONLINEARITY	-0.1	0	+0.1	%FSS	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.1		+0.1	%FSS	
FULL SPAN	SEE TABLE 1				4
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RESISTANCE	+2300	+2800	+3100	PPM/°C	3
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT SENSITIVITY	-2100	-1800	-1400	ppm/°C	3
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT OFFSET		±0.10		%FSS/°C	3
TEMPERATURE HYSTERESIS OFFSET@SPAN	-0.2	-	+0.2	%FSS	3
LONG TERM STABILITY (OFFSET&SPAN)	-0.40	-	+0.40	%FSS	4
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	5X	RATED	
PRESSURE BURST	-	-	10X	RATED	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40		+125	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50		+150	°C	
WEIGHT		0.3		GRAMS	
SOLDER TEMPERATURE	250°C MAX 5 SEC.				
MEDIA	NON-CORROSIV SILICON, PYREX, RTV, GOLE POLYMER), AND AL				

Notes

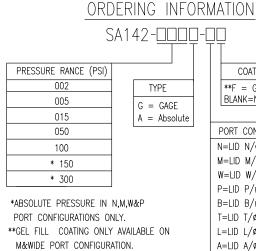
 1.ALL SPECIFICATION AT REFERENCE CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. OUTPUT IS RATIO METRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE.
 ½ TERMINAL BASE NON LINEARITY (MEASURED AT 0, 50% AND 100%

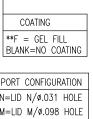
- 2. $\frac{1}{2}$ TERMINAL BASE NON LINEARITY (MEASURED AT 0, 50% AND 100% FS).
- 4. DEVIATION AFTER 1 YEAR PERIOD MEASURED AT REFERENCE CONDITIONS. 5. MEASURED OVER THE TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 70°C AND 0°C.

5. MEASURED OVER THE TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 70°C AND 0°C.

- 3. DEVIATION BETWEEN 70°C AND 0°C EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGE OF READING AT 25°C.
- EXCEEDING ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM SPECIFICATION MAY DAMAGE THE DEVICE. EXTENDED EXPOSURE BEYOND THE OPERATING CONDITIONS MAY AFFECT DEVICE RELIABILITY.

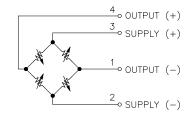
ORDERING INFORMATION





S	PORT CONFIGURATION	
	N=LID N/Ø.031 HOLE	
F	M=LID M/Ø.098 HOLE	
ľ	W=LID W/Ø.160 HOLE	
	P=LID P/Ø.049 HOLE	
	B=LID B/Ø.031 HOLE	
	T=LID T/ø.031 HOLE	
F	L=LID L/Ø.031 HOLE	
ľ	A=LID A/Ø.031 HOLE	
	J=LID J/Ø.035 HOLE	
	R=LID R/Ø.035 HOLE	

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

SPECIFICATIONS	RANGE	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	5	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (INH2O RANGES)	10	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (INFIZO RANGES)	20	18.0	33.0	50.0	mV
	30	60.0	90.0	120.0	mV
	5	54.0	66.0	80.0	mV
	15	54.0	66.0	80.0	mV
	30	57.0	69.0	80.0	mV
FULL SCALE SPAN (PSI RANGES)	50	60.0	75.0	90.0	mV
	100	75.0	96.0	108.0	mV
	150	60.0	75.0	90.0	mV
	300	75.0	96.0	108.0	mV

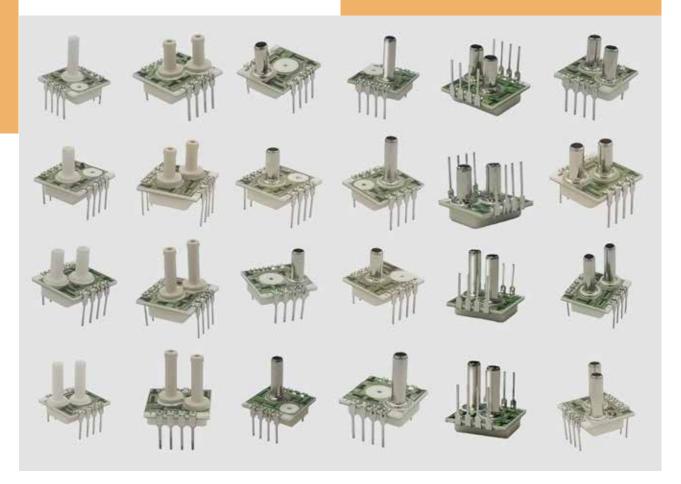
PRESSURE Model SA1210

100% Field Interchangeability Constant Current Wide selection of port

• Absolute, Differential or Gage pressures

Temperature Compensated

0.2% Pressure Non Linearity



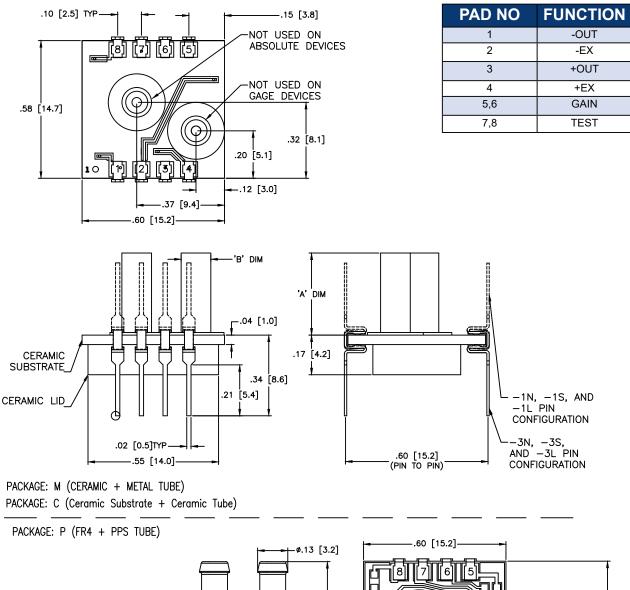
DESCRIPTION

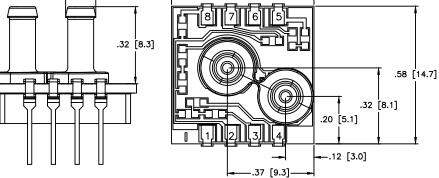
Sensorall International SA1210 Series is a temperature compensated, mV output, ceramic mounted pressure sensor packaged in a rugged Dual In Line package. SA1210 uses a silicon MEMS pressure sensor bonded to a ceramic substrate containing thick film resistors that are uniquely laser trimmed for each sensor.

Incorporating a flexible design, the SA1210 Series is available with no, short or long metal or plastic or ceramic tubes and can be mounted pin up or pins down to allow OEMs to optimize their board design. The SA1210 series is powered using constant current and when configured as in the application note, the integrated gain set resistor will ensure sensor field interchangeability.

The SA1210 series superior die performance, coupled with rugged ceramic substrate ensures long term stability with superior temperature performance over wide operating range.

DIMENSIONS





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PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA1210

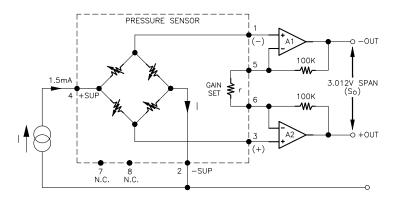
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

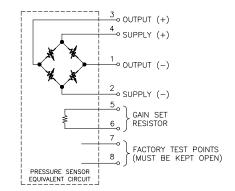
Vsupply: 1.500mA, Ta=25°C.

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Performance Characteristics						
Supply current		0.5	1.5	+2.0	mA	1
Bridge Resistance, Input & Output		1800		3800	Ω	
Zero Pressure Offset				+2.0	mV	
Pressure Non Linearity				+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	+0.3	%FSS	4
Full Scale Span (Constant Current)	FSS	75	100	150	mV	
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	
Thermal Error of Span		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	3
Thermal Error of Offset		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	3
Response Time			100		μS	6
Insulation Resistance		50			MΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5	0.3	grams	
Compensated Temperature		0 TO 50			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						
Supply Voltage				3	mA	
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X			7
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X	Range	
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure				10X	Range	
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, Non Corrosive Gases				
Wetted Materials			Epoxy, RTV, Palladium Silver	,		

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

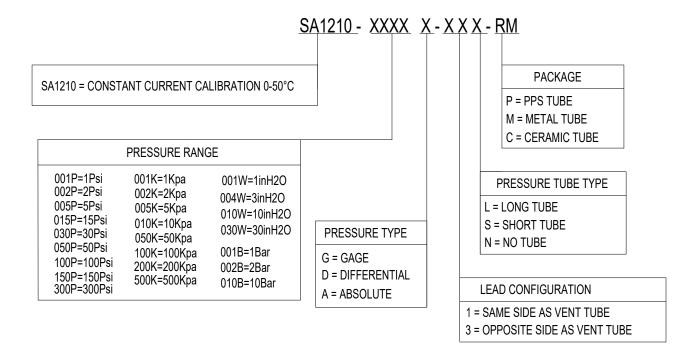




APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA1210

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

1.RATIOMETRIC TO SUPPLY CURRENT

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3.MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ERROR BETWEEN 0C AND 50C WITH RESPECT TO 25C.

4.SHORT TERM STABILITY OVER 7 DAYS WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

5.LONG TERM STABILITY OVER A ONE YEAR PERIOD WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

6.FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

7.2X MAXIMUM FOR 100PSI DEVICE.

100% Field Interchangeability Constant Voltage Wide selection of port

Absolute, Differential or Gage pressures

Temperature Compensated





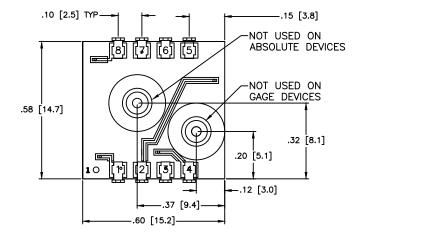
DESCRIPTION

Sensorall International SA1220 Series is a temperature compensated, mV output, ceramic mounted pressure sensor packaged in a rugged Dual In Line package. SA1220 uses a silicon MEMS pressure sensor bonded to a ceramic substrate containing thick film resistors that are uniquely laser trimmed for each sensor.

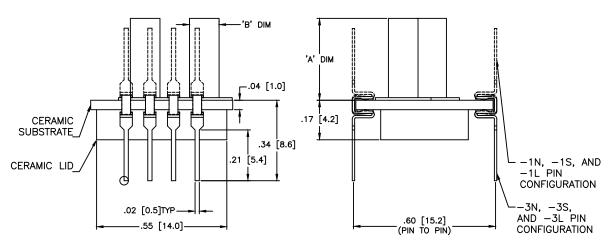
Incorporating a flexible design, the SA1220 Series is available with no, short or long metal or plastic or ceramic tubes and can be mounted pin up or pins down to allow OEMs to optimize their board design. The SA1220 series is powered using constant voltage and when configured as in the application note, the integrated gain set or current set resistor will ensure sensor field interchangeability.

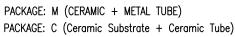
The SA1220 series superior die performance, coupled with rugged ceramic substrate ensures long term stability with superior temperature performance over wide operating range.

DIMENSIONS

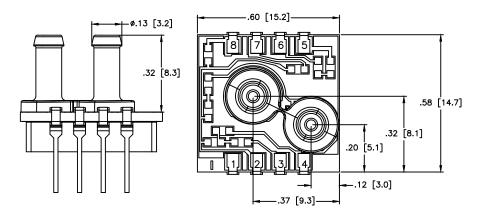


PAD NO	FUNCTION
1	-OUT
2	-EX
3	+OUT
4	+EX
5,6	GAIN
7,8	TEST





PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA1220

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

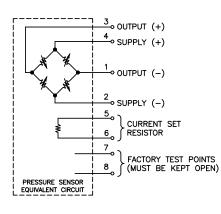
Vsupply: 1.500mA, Ta=25°C.

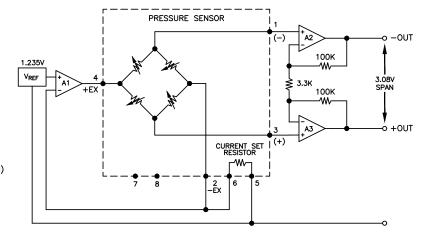
Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Performance Characteristics						
Supply voltage		1.235, Refe	r to Schematic		Volt	
Bridge Resistance, Input & Output		1800		3800	Ω	
Zero Pressure Offset				+2.0	mV	
Pressure Non Linearity				+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	+0.3	%FSS	4
Full Scale Span (Constant Current)	FSS	49.5	50	50.5	mV	
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	4
Thermal Error of Span		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	3
Thermal Error of Offset		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	3
Response Time			100		μS	6
Insulation Resistance		50			MΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5		grams	
Compensated Temperature		0 TO 50			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X			7
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X	Range	
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure				10X	Range	
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, Non Corrosive Gases				
Wetted Materials			Epoxy, RTV, Palladium Silver			

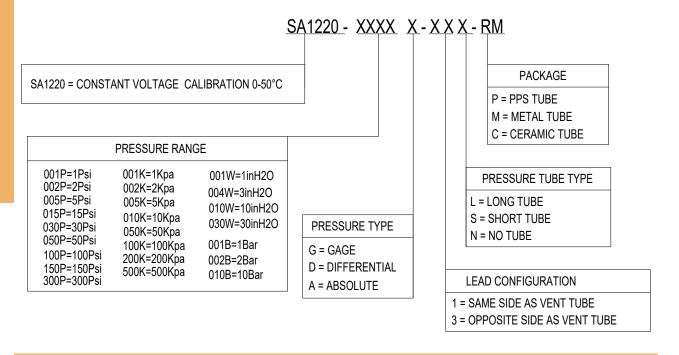
APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

CONSTANT VOLTAGE





ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

1.RATIOMETRIC TO SUPPLY CURRENT

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3.MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ERROR BETWEEN 0C AND 50C WITH RESPECT TO 25C.

4.SHORT TERM STABILITY OVER 7 DAYS WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

5.LONG TERM STABILITY OVER A ONE YEAR PERIOD WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

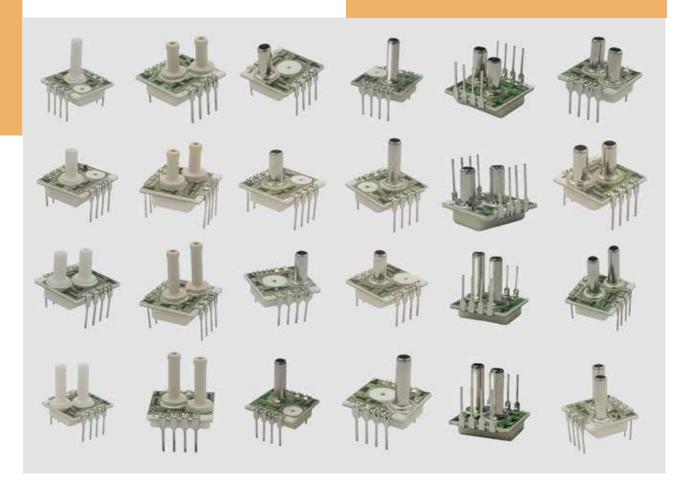
6.FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

7.2X MAXIMUM FOR 100PSI DEVICE.

100% Field Interchangeability Constant Current Wide selection of port

Absolute, Differential or Gage pressures
Temperature Compensated

0.1% Pressure Non Linearity



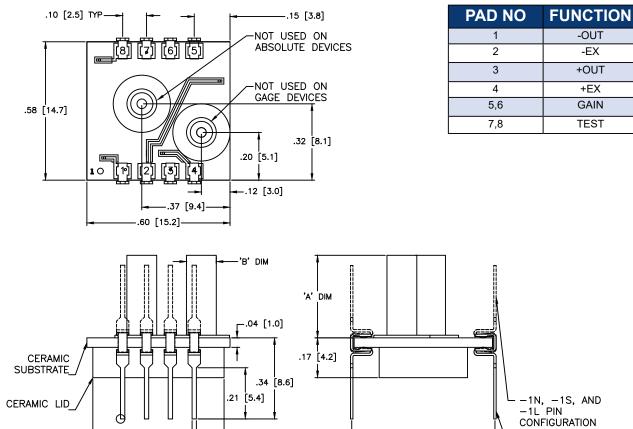
DESCRIPTION

Sensorall International SA12130 Series is a temperature compensated, mV output, ceramic mounted pressure sensor packaged in a rugged Dual In Line package. SA1230 uses a silicon MEMS pressure sensor bonded to a ceramic substrate containing thick film resistors that are uniquely laser trimmed for each sensor.

Incorporating a flexible design, the SA1230 Series is available with no, short or long metal or plastic or ceramic tubes and can be mounted pin up or pins down to allow OEMs to optimize their board design. The SA1230 series is powered using constant current and when configured as in the application note, the integrated gain set resistor will ensure sensor field interchangeability.

The SA1230 series superior die performance, coupled with rugged ceramic substrate ensures long term stability with superior temperature performance over wide operating range.

DIMENSIONS

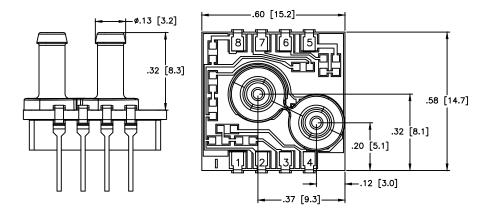


PACKAGE: M (CERAMIC + METAL TUBE) PACKAGE: C (Ceramic Substrate + Ceramic Tube)

.02 [0.5]TYP-

-.55 [14.0]-

PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



.60 [15.2] (PIN TO PIN)

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA1230

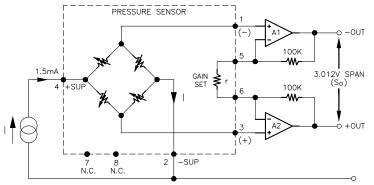
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Vsupply: 1.500mA, Ta=25°C.

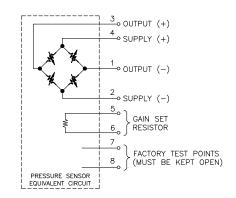
Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Performance Characteristics						
Supply current		0.5	1.5	+2.0	mA	1
Bridge Resistance, Input & Output		1800		3800	Ω	
Zero Pressure Offset				+2.0	mV	
Pressure Non Linearity			±0.1	+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	+0.3	%FSS	4
Full Scale Span (Constant Current)	FSS	75	100	150	mV	
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	
Thermal Error of Span		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	3
Thermal Error of Offset		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	3
Response Time			100		μS	6
Insulation Resistance		50			ΜΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5	0.3	grams	
Compensated Temperature		-20 TO 80			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						
Supply Voltage				3	mA	
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X			7
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X	Range	
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure				10X	Range	
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, N	Ion Corrosive Ga	ases		
Wetted Materials			Epoxy, RTV, Palladium Silver	d,		

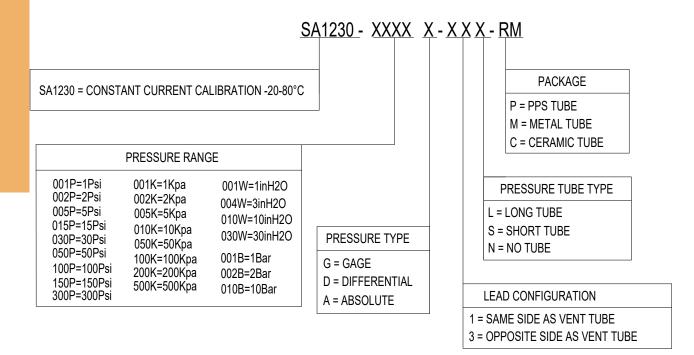
APPLICATION SCHEMATIC







ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

1.RATIOMETRIC TO SUPPLY CURRENT

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3.MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ERROR BETWEEN 0C AND 50C WITH RESPECT TO 25C.

4.SHORT TERM STABILITY OVER 7 DAYS WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

5.LONG TERM STABILITY OVER A ONE YEAR PERIOD WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

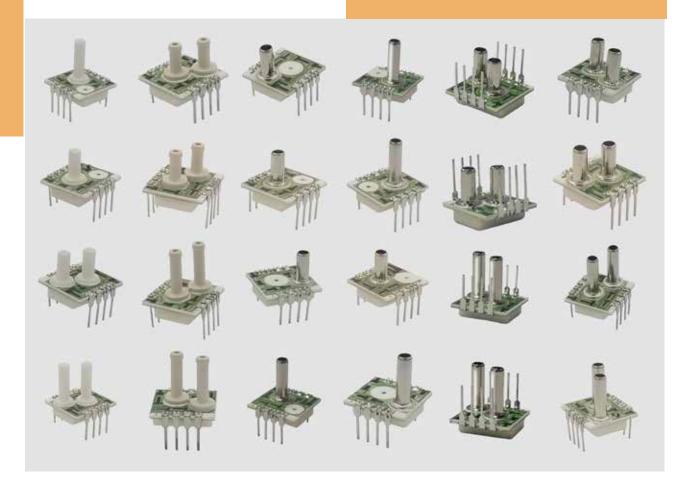
6.FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

7.2X MAXIMUM FOR 100PSI DEVICE.

100% Field Interchangeability Constant Voltage Wide selection of port

Absolute, Differential or Gage pressures
 Temperature Compensated

• 0.1% Pressure Non Linearity



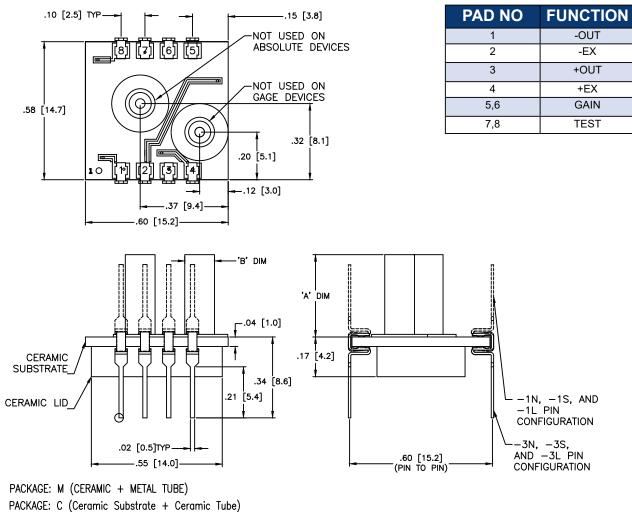
DESCRIPTION

Sensorall International SA1240 Series is a temperature compensated, mV output, ceramic mounted pressure sensor packaged in a rugged Dual In Line package. SA1240 uses a silicon MEMS pressure sensor bonded to a ceramic substrate containing thick film resistors that are uniquely laser trimmed for each sensor.

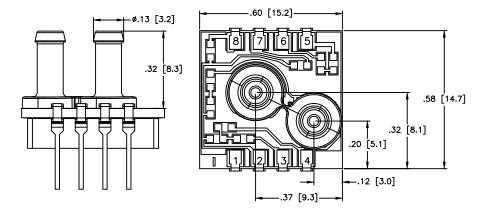
Incorporating a flexible design, the SA1240 Series is available with no, short or long metal or plastic or ceramic tubes and can be mounted pin up or pins down to allow OEMs to optimize their board design. The SA1240 series is powered using constant voltage and when configured as in the application note, the integrated gain set or current set resistor will ensure sensor field interchangeability.

The SA1240 series superior die performance, coupled with rugged ceramic substrate ensures long term stability with superior temperature performance over wide operating range.

DIMENSIONS



PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA1240

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

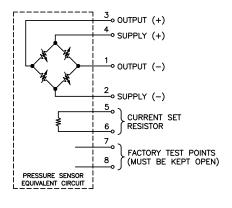
Vsupply: 1.500mA, Ta=25°C.

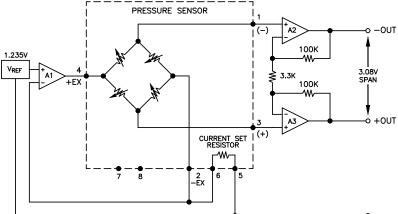
Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Performance Characteristics						
Supply voltage		1.235, Refe	r to Schematic		Volt	
Bridge Resistance, Input & Output		1800		3800	Ω	
Zero Pressure Offset				+2.0	mV	
Pressure Non Linearity				+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	+0.3	%FSS	4
Full Scale Span (Constant Current)	FSS	49.5	50	50.5	mV	
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	4
Thermal Error of Span		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	3
Thermal Error of Offset		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	3
Response Time			100		μS	6
Insulation Resistance		50			MΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5		grams	
Compensated Temperature		-20 TO 80			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X			7
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X	Range	
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure			10X		Range	
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, Non Corrosive Gases				
Wetted Materials			Epoxy, RTV, Palladium Silver			

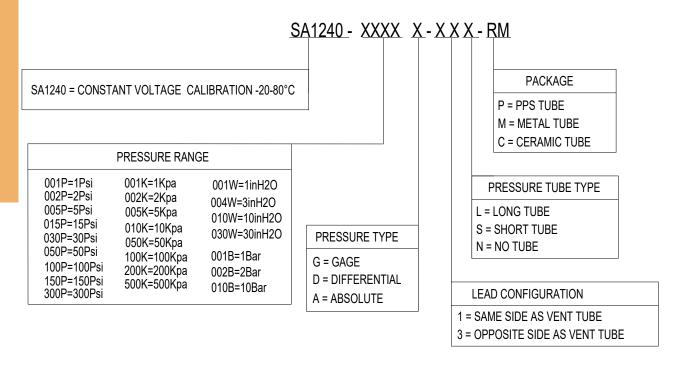
APPLICATION SCHEMATIC







ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

1.RATIOMETRIC TO SUPPLY CURRENT

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3.MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ERROR BETWEEN 0C AND 50C WITH RESPECT TO 25C.

4.SHORT TERM STABILITY OVER 7 DAYS WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

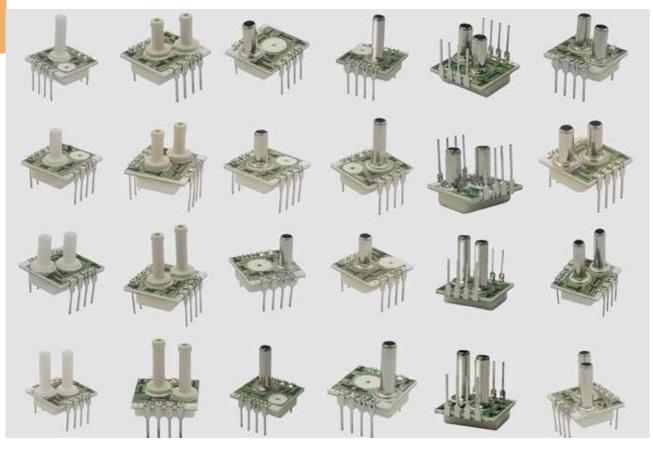
5.LONG TERM STABILITY OVER A ONE YEAR PERIOD WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

6.FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

7.2X MAXIMUM FOR 100PSI DEVICE.

HM5652 Series Dual In Line Package mV Output, Temperature Compensated Constant Voltage

- Pneumatic controls
- Automotive diagnostics
- Medical equipment/instrumentation
- Air Speed and Altitude
- Environmental controls
- Barometric pressure measurement
- Factory Automation
- Process Controls



DESCRIPTION

SQMEAS SA5652 Series is a temperature compensated, mV output, ceramic mounted pressure sensor packaged in a rugged Dual In Line package. SA5652 uses a silicon MEMS pressure sensor bonded to a ceramic substrate containing thick film resistors that are uniquely laser trimmed for each sensor.

Incorporating a flexible design, the SA5652 Series is available with no, short or long tubes and can be mounted pin up or pins down to allow OEMs to optimize their board design. The SA5652 series is powered using constant voltage..

The SA5652 series superior die performance, coupled with rugged ceramic substrate ensures long term stability with superior temperature performance over wide operating range.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Supply Voltage: See application schematic. Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply voltage		1	10	20	Volts	
Bridge Resistance, Input & Output		2500		8500	Ω	
Zero Pressure Offset		-2.0	±0.5	+2.0	mV	
Pressure Non Linearity		-0.2	0.1	+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability			0.15		%FSS	
Full Scale Span (Constant Voltage)	FSS	39	40	40	mV	3
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	4
Thermal Error of Span		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	
Thermal Error of Offset		-1.0		+1.0	%FSS	
Response Time			100		μS	
Insulation Resistance		50			MΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5		grams	
Compensated Temperature		0 to 50			°C	
Operating Temperatures		-40 to 125			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						6
Supply Voltage				20	Volts	
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X			
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X		
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure				10X		
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, Non Corrosive Gases				
Wetted Materials		Ceramic, Epoxy, RTV, Silicon, Gold, Aluminum, Palladium Silver				

Notes

1. All specification at reference conditions unless otherwise noted. Output is ratio metric to supply voltage.

2. ½ Terminal Base Non Linearity (Measured at 0, 50% and 100% FS). 0.1% for pressure above 1psi, 0.5% for pressure below 1psi, the PNL is tested from the top side of the MEMS.

3. Full Scale Span output with sensor only. Field Interchangeability of 1% is guaranteed. Span is 40mV+ for products over 1psi pressure range (include 1psi). Span is 25mV for 1psi below pressure range.

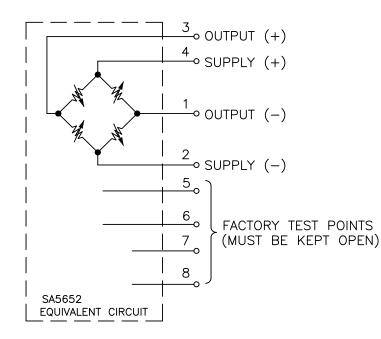
4. Deviation between 50°C and 0°C expressed as percentage of reading at 25°C.

5. Deviation after 1 year period measured at reference conditions.

6. Exceeding Absolute Maximum Specification may damage the device. Extended exposure beyond the operating conditions may affect device reliability.

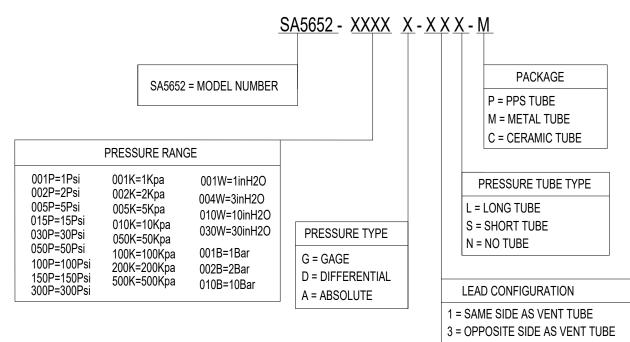
PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA5652

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT & PIN DEFINITION

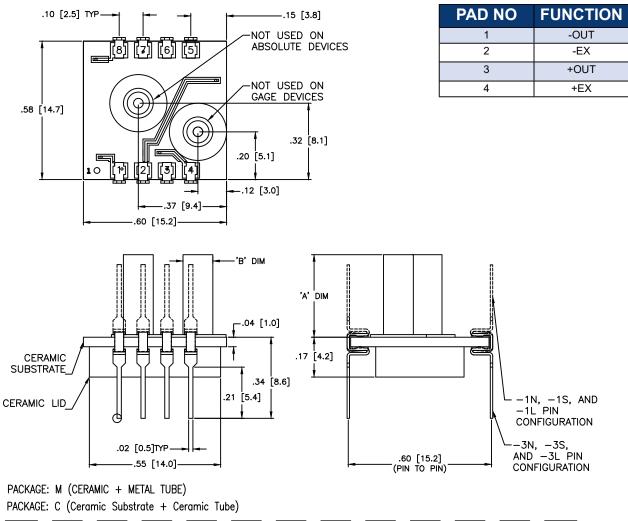


Pin	Definition
1	0-
2	E-
3	O+
4	E+

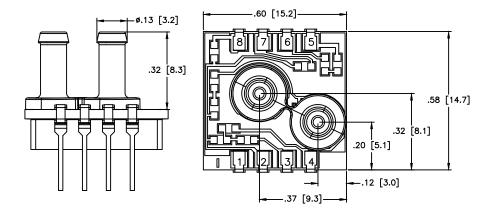
ORDERING INFORMATION



DIMENSIONS



PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

Variable Air Volume control

- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

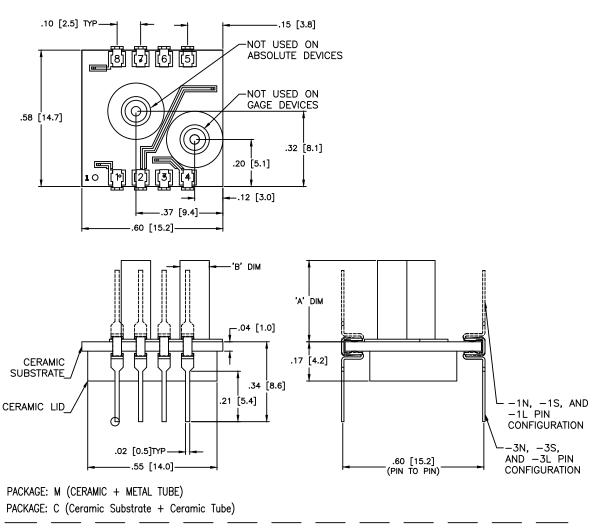


DESCRIPTION

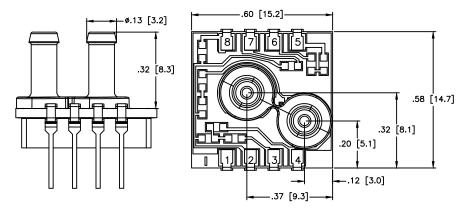
SA13 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/ digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA13 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 1 kHz.

SA13 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA13 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

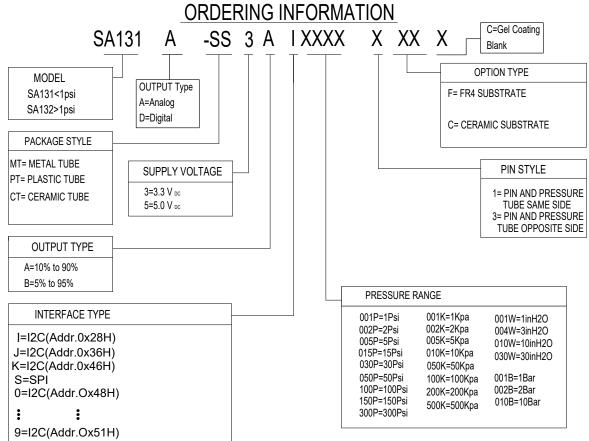
DIMENSIONS



PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



ORDERING INFORMATION



FEATURES

• Various package: SA13 series pressure sensor is designed with various package. Basis substrate is optional with ceramic or FR4 PCB. Pressure port is optional with either ceramic or PPS or metal material.• -20°C to +85°C Compensated

Temperature Range

- Small size: 15mm*15mm compact package.
- Energy efficient: Extremely low power consumption, Supply voltage is 3.3 or 5Volts
- · RoHS compliant.(provided by gain set resistor)
- Absolute, Differential and Gage pressure type.

• Wide variety of pressure ranges: Low pressure from ±1 mbar to±75 mbar, medium pressure from 1psi to 300psi, provide support for many unique applications.

- The 1/8" barbed pressure ports mate securely with 3/32" ID tubing.
- Customer orientation: Accuracy, Total error band and compensated temperature can be customized.
- Provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -10 °C to 60 °C.
- Industry-leading long-term stability: Even after long-term use and thermal extremes, these sensors perform substantially better relative to stability than any other pressure sensor available in the industry today.
- Industry-leading accuracy: Extremely tight accuracy of ±0.25 %FSS BFSL (Full Scale Span Best Fit Straight Line)

• Industry-leading Total Error Band (TEB): Sensorall International specifies TEB—the most comprehensive, clear, and meaningful measurement—that provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -10 °C to 60 °C.

- I2C- or SPI-compatible 14-bit digital output (min. 12-bit sensor resolution) accelerates performance through reduced
- conversion requirements and the convenience of direct interface to microprocessors or microcontrollers;
- Digital output types can offer 10%~90% output or 5%~95% output for optional.

Pressure and Temperature transfer MODEL SA13

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Vsupply) 3.3 5.0 Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on listing selected	3.0 4.75	3.3 ² 5.0 ²	3.6 5.25	Vdc Vdc
Supply current 3.3 Vdc supply 5.0 Vdc supply	2.1 3			mA mA
Compensated temperature range3	-10	-	60	°C
Operating temperature range 4	-40	-	125	°C
Startup time (power up to data ready)	-	2.8	7.3	ms
Response time	-	0.46	-	ms
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	-	-	0.2	Vsupply
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	0.8	-	-	Vsupply
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	Kohm
Accuracy 5	-	-	±0.25	%FSS 7
Orientation Sensitivity6	-	-	±0.15	%FSS 8
Total Error Band (TEB)7	-1%	-	1%	%FSS
Over Pressure		>3		Times
Burst Pressure		>5		Times
OUTPUT RESOLUTION	11	-	14	Bits

Notes

1.Maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.

2. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

3. The compensated temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits.

4. The operating temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified performance limits.

5.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25 °C Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

6.Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9.Life may vary depending on specific application in which sensor is utilized.

10.Contact Sensorall International Sales and Service for detailed material information.

11. Total Error Band After Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

12.Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, min.

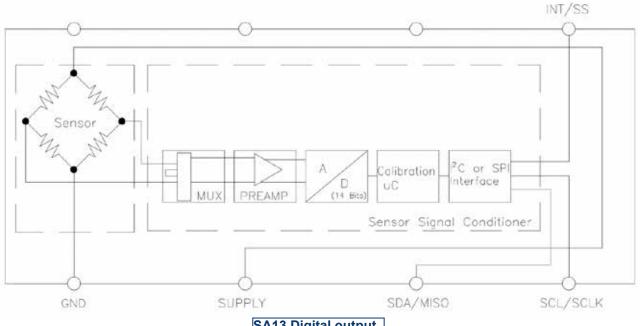
13.Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range. Tested to 10,000 cycles, minimum.

14.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

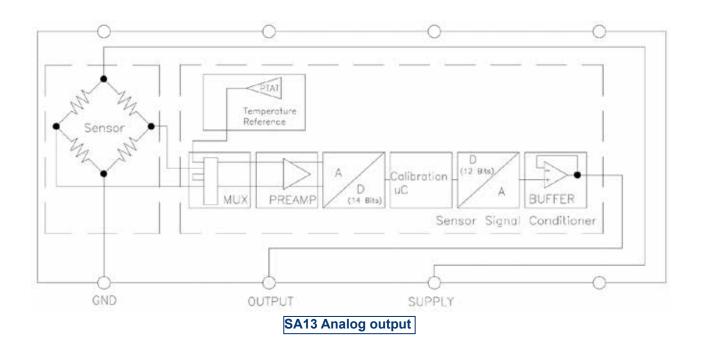
15.Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

16.Customized design please contact Sensorall International sales.

Block Diagram

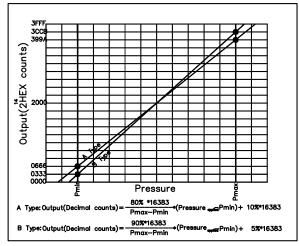


SA13 Digital output



Pressure and Temperature transfer MODEL SA13

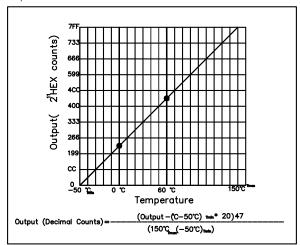
Pressure Transfer Functions



Sensor Output at Significant Percentages

% of Counts	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0	0 X 0000
5		Pmin	819	0 X 0333
10	Pmin		1638	0 X 0666
50			8192	0 X 2000
90	Pmax		14746	0 X 399A
95		Pmax	15563	0 X 3CCB
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	16383	0 X 3FFF

Temperature Transfer Functions



Temperature Output vs Counts

Output °C	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)
-50	0	0 X 0000
0	511	0 X 01FF
10	614	0 X 0266
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1023	0 X 03FF
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF

Digital Output



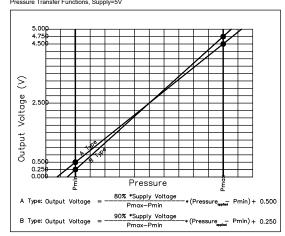
% Output

5 10

50

90

95 100



Sensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=5.000V)

Output Type B

(inH20)

Pmin

Pmax

Pmax+(Pmax-P

Voltage(V)

0.000

0.250

0.500

2.500

4.500 4.750

5.000

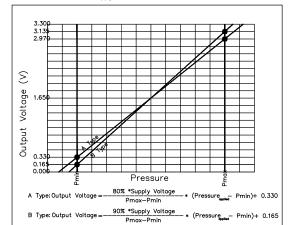
Output Type A

(inH20)

Pmin

Pmax

Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80



Pressure Transfer Functions, Supply=3.3V

at D

ensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=3.300V)					
% Output	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Voltage(V)		
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000		
5		Pmin	0.165		
10	Pmin		0.330		
50			1.650		
90	Pmax		2.970		
95		Pmax	3.135		
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	3.300		

Sensor Output at	t Significant	Percentages	s (Supply=

	(IIIH20)	(IIIH20)	
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000
5		Pmin	0.165
10	Pmin		0.330
50			1.650
90	Pmax		2.970
95		Pmax	3.135
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	3.300

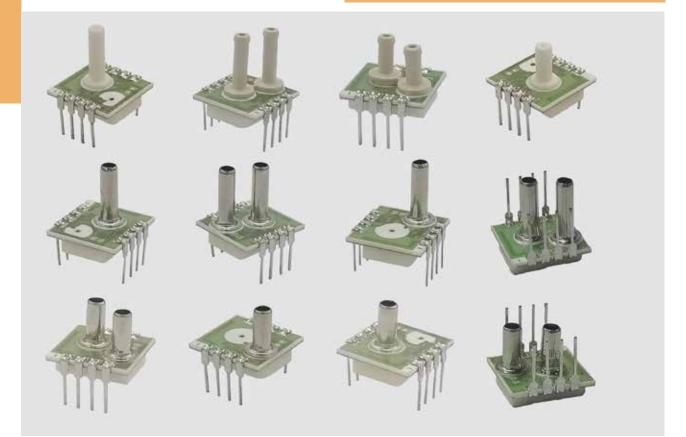
43

Analog Output

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

Variable Air Volume control

- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

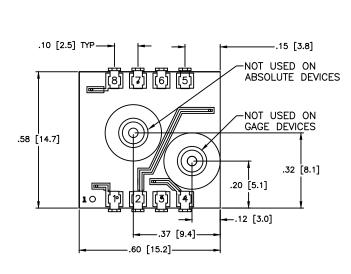


DESCRIPTION

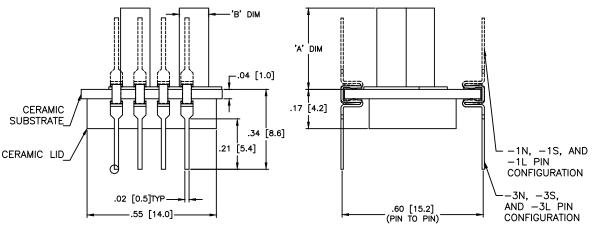
SA5852 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog and digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA5852 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 2 kHz.

SA5852 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA5852 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

DIMENSIONS

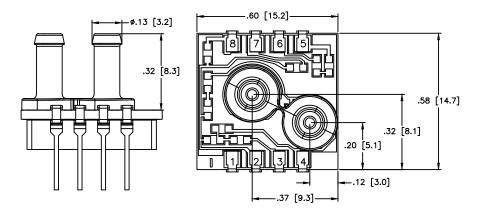


PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	MOSI
2	GND
3	NCS/SAO
4	SDA
5	SCL
6	EOC
7	VDD
8	Vout

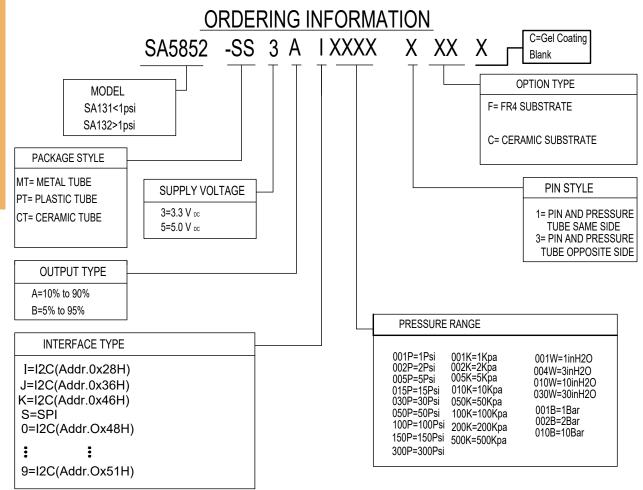


PACKAGE: M (CERAMIC + METAL TUBE) PACKAGE: C (Ceramic Substrate + Ceramic Tube)

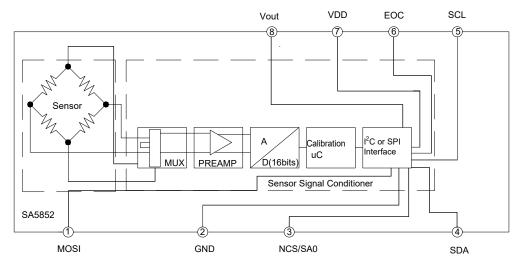
PACKAGE: P (FR4 + PPS TUBE)



ORDERING INFORMATION



CONNECTIONS



PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Vsupply) 3.3 5.0 Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on listing selected	3.0 4.75	3.3 ² 5.0 ²	3.6 5.25	Vdc Vdc
Supply current 3.3 Vdc supply 5.0 Vdc supply	5 7			mA mA
Compensated temperature range3	-10	-	60	°C
Operating temperature range 4	-40	-	125	°C
Startup time (power up to data ready)	-	2.8	7.3	ms
Response time	-	1.0	-	ms
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	-	-	0.2	Vsupply
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	0.8	-	-	Vsupply
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	Kohm
Accuracy 5	-	-	±0.25	%FSS 7
Orientation Sensitivity6	-	-	±0.15	%FSS 8
Total Error Band (TEB)7	-1%	-	1%	%FSS
Over Pressure		>3		Times
Burst Pressure		>5		Times
OUTPUT RESOLUTION	12	-	16	Bits

Notes

1.Maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.

2. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

3.The compensated temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits.

4. The operating temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified performance limits.

5.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25 °C Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

6.Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9.Life may vary depending on specific application in which sensor is utilized.

10.Contact Sensorall International Sales and Service for detailed material information.

11. Total Error Band After Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

12.Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, min.

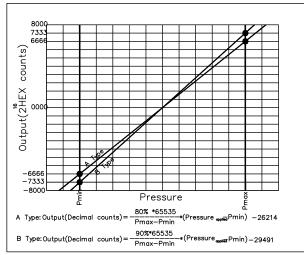
13.Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range. Tested to 10,000 cycles, minimum.

14.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

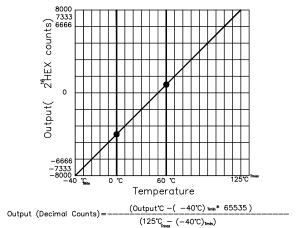
15.Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

16.Customized design please contact Sensorall International sales.

Pressure Transfer Functions



Temperature Transfer Functions



Temperature Output vs Counts

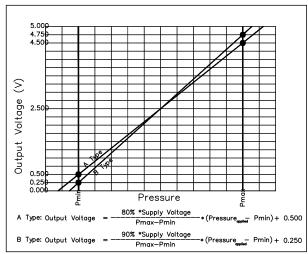
Output °C	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)	
-40	-32768	0 X -8000	
-31.75	-29491	0 X-7333	
-23.5	-26214	0 X -6666	
42.5	0	0 X 0000	
108.5	26214	0 X 6666	
116.75	29491	0 X 7333	
125	32768	0 X 8000	

Sensor Output at Significant Percentages

% of Counts	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	-32768	0 X -8000
5		Pmin	-29491	0 X -7333
10	Pmin		-26214	0 X-6666
50			0	0 X0000
90	Pmax		26214	0 X 6666
95		Pmax	29491	0 X 7333
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	32768	0 X 8000

I2C or SPI Output

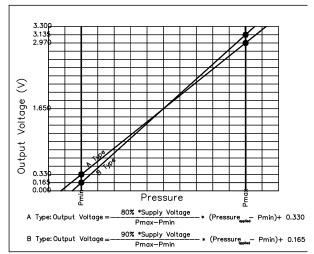
Pressure Transfer Functions, Supply=5V



Sensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=5.000V)

	5 5	(11))	
% Output	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Voltage(V)
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000
5		Pmin	0.250
10	Pmin		0.500
50			2.500
90	Pmax		4.500
95		Pmax	4.750
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	5.000

Pressure Transfer Functions, Supply=3.3V



Sensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=3.300V)

% Output	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Voltage(V)		
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000		
5		Pmin	0.165		
10	Pmin		0.330		
50			1.650		
90	Pmax		2.970		
95		Pmax	3.135		
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	3.300		

Analog Output

Diving computers Mobile water depth measurement Adventure or multi-mode watches



High resolution module, 0.2mbar Fast conversion down to 1 ms Low power, 1 μ A (standby < 0.15 μ A) Integrated digital pressure sensor (24 bit $\Delta\Sigma$ ADC) Supply voltage 1.8 to 3.6 V Operating pressure range: 0 to 30bar I2C and SPI interface Excellent long term stability Hermetically sealable for outdoor devices High Endurance

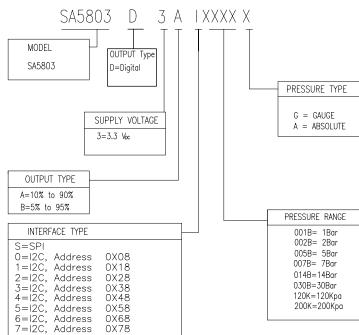
DESCRIPTION

SA5803 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor, offering an 24bits digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA5803 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50 Hz. SA5803 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10° C to 60 ° C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply from 1.8 to 3.6 Vdc.

These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA5803 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

ORDERING INFORMATION

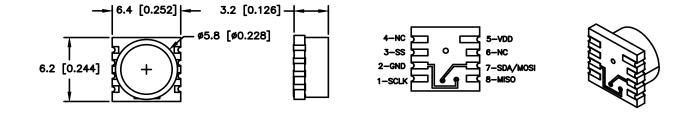
NOMENCLATURE AND ORDER GUIDE



Custom pressure ranges and I2C address are available. Contact Sensorall Customer Service for more information.

DIMENSIONS

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS & PIN OUT DEFINITION



Notes

- 1. Sensors are 3.3 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.
- 2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage
- 3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.
- 4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.
- 5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits. 6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.
- 7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,
- full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability,thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis 8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and
- minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.
- 9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the
- pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 1. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			DIGITAL	_		
СН	ARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	ly voltage 3.3 Vdc		3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
Supply current	I2C/sleep/Standby Mode	3.0	33.8	211	uA	
	SPI/sleep/Standby Mode	13	43.8	211	uA	
Operating temperatur	re range	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output o	pption	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power u	ıp to data ready)	-	-	3	mS	
Response time		2	7	10	mS	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC), SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	-	-	±0.25	%FSS		
Output resolution		-	-	-	%FSS	
		12	-	24	bits	

TABLE 2. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS)

	DIGITAL	COUNTS		
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX		
0	0	0X0000		
10	1677722	0X19999A		
50	8388608	0X800000		
90	15099494	0XE66666		
100	16777215	0XFFFFF		

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

Port	SS316L				
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-			
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone gel			

TABLE 4. *ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	C	MIN	MAX	UNITS			
Supply voltage (Vsupply)		-0.3	3.6	Vdc			
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V			
Digital interface	l²C	100	400	KHz			
clock frequency:	SPI	50	800	kV			
ESD susceptibility (hum	an body model)	2	-				
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]			
Soldering time and temperature:							
lead solder temperature (DIP)		4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				
peak reflow temperature	e (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°0	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

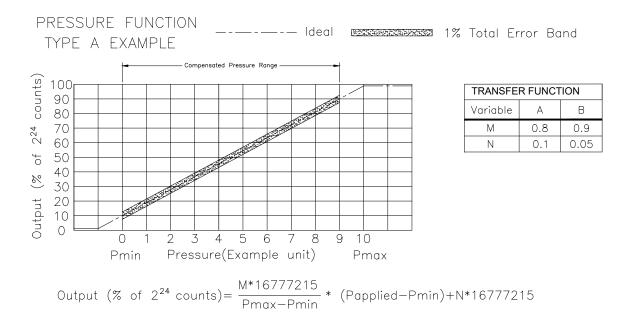


TABLE 5. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.

TABLE 6. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
Humidity:	
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor 1-250 PSI 0-100 mV Output Temperature Compensated Low Cost

- Medical Instrumentation
- HVAC
- Factory Automation
- Process Control
- Avionics
- Air Flow Management

DIMENSIONS

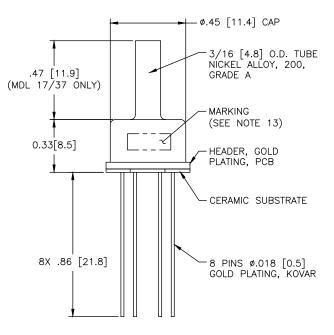


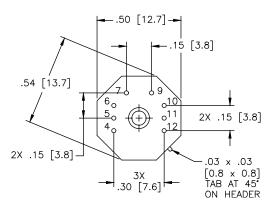
DESCRIPTION

The Model SA16 is a temperature compensated, piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in TO-8 configurations. It provides excellent performance and long-term stability.

Gage and absolute pressure ranges from 0-1 PSI to 0-250 PSI are available. Integral temperature compensation is provided over a range of 0-50°C using laser-trimmed resistors.

An additional laser-trimmed resistor is included to normalize pressure sensitivity variations by programming the gain of an external differential amplifier. This provides sensitivity interchangeability of $\pm 1\%$.





PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SUPPLY CURRENT: 1.5mA, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 25°C (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
FULL SCALE OUTPUT, SPAN	75	100	150	mV	1	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT, OFFSET	-	-	2	±mV		
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-	0.1	0.2	%SPAN	2	
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN		
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	4.5K	6.0K	Ω		
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	-	0.145	-	%/°C	3	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, ZERO	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN	3	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2	mA	6	
RESPONE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	1.0	-	msec	7	
OUTPUT NOISE	-	1.0	-	µVp-p	8	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	9	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	ΜΩ	10	
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	3X	RATED	11	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	-40	-	125	°C		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	150	°C		
MEDIA	NON-CORROSIVE GASES COMPATIBLE WITH WETTED MATERIALS					
WEIGHT	3 GRAMS					

Notes

1. OUTPUT SPAN OF UNAMPLIFIED SENSOR FOR 5PSI ABOVE,25-90MV FOR 5PSI BELOW RANGE.

- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE, TOPSIDE PRESSURE. FOR 5 PSI BELOW DEVICES, NON-LINEARITY IS ±0.5%
- 3. TEMPERATURE RANGE (IN REFERENCE TO 25°C); FOR 5 PSI DEVICES: 0° TO +50°C; FOR 15 PSI (OR GREATER) DEVICES: -20° TO +85°C
- 4. NORMALIZED OFFSET BRIDGE VOLTAGE: 7 DAYS.
- 5. ONE (1) YEAR.
- 6. GUARANTEES INPUT/OUTPUT RATIOMETRICITY FOR SPAN.
- 7. FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.
- 8. 10 Hz TO 1k Hz.
- 9. PREVENTS INCREASE OF TC SPAN DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 10. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 11. FOR TOPSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 500 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- FOR BACKSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 100 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

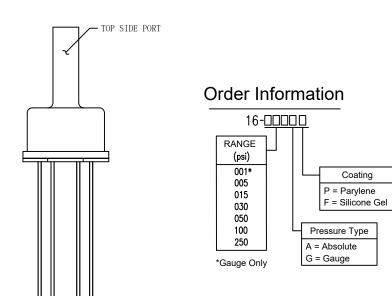
12. WETTED MATERIALS: GLASS, CERAMIC, SILICON, RTV, NICKEL, ALUMINUM AND GOLD.

13. DEVICE MARKING: EACH DEVICE IS MARKED WITH COMPANY NAME (HM), MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE,

DEVICE TYPE ('A' FOR ABSOLUTE, 'G' FOR GAGE, OR 'D' FOR DIFFERENTIAL), LOT AND SERIAL NUMBERS.

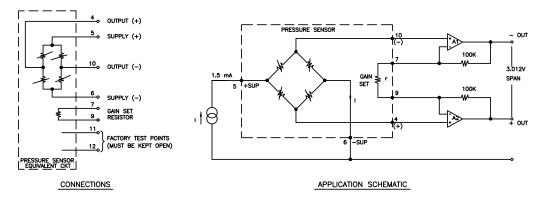
ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL 16-xxxA/G



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

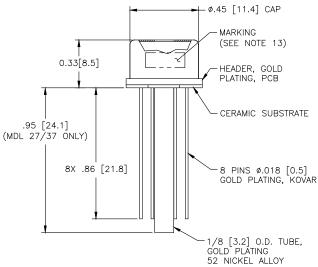
TOPSIDE APPLICATION CONNECTIONS AND SCHEMATIC



PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor 1-250 PSI 0-100 mV Output Low Cost Temperature Compensated

- Medical Instrumentation
- HVAC
- Factory Automation
- Process Control
- Avionics
- Air Flow Management

DIMENSIONS



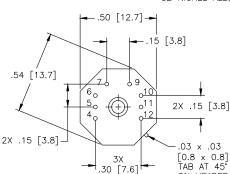
DESCRIPTION

The Model 26 is a temperature compensated, piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in TO-8 configurations. It provides excellent performance and long-term stability.

Integral temperature compensation is provided over a range of 0-50°C using a laser-trimmed ceramic compensation board.

An additional laser-trimmed resistor is included which can be used to adjust the gain of an external differential amplifier and provide sensitivity interchangeability of $\pm 1\%$.

The Model 26 is available in ranges up to 0-250 PSI. For additional information regarding uncompensated sensors, please contact the factory.



ON HEADER

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SUPPLY CURRENT: 1.5mA, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 25°C (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
FULL SCALE OUTPUT, SPAN	75	100	150	mV	1	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT, OFFSET	-	-	2	±mV		
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-	0.1	0.2	%SPAN	2	
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN		
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	4.5K	6.0K	Ω		
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	-	0.145	-	%/°C	3	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, ZERO	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN	3	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2	mA	6	
RESPONE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	1.0	-	msec	7	
OUTPUT NOISE	-	1.0	-	µ∨р-р	8	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	9	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	ΜΩ	10	
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	3X	RATED	11	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	-40	-	125	°C		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	150	°C		
MEDIA	NON-CORROSIVE GASES COMPATIBLE WITH WETTED MATERIALS					
WEIGHT	3 GRAMS					

Notes

1. OUTPUT SPAN OF UNAMPLIFIED SENSOR FOR 5PSI ABOVE,25-90MV FOR 5PSI BELOW RANGE.

- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE, TOPSIDE PRESSURE. FOR 5 PSI BELOW DEVICES, NON-LINEARITY IS ±0.5%
- 3. TEMPERATURE RANGE (IN REFERENCE TO 25°C); FOR 5 PSI DEVICES: 0° TO +50°C; FOR 15 PSI (OR GREATER)
- DEVICES: -20° TO +85°C
- 4. NORMALIZED OFFSET BRIDGE VOLTAGE: 7 DAYS.

5. ONE (1) YEAR.

- 6. GUARANTEES INPUT/OUTPUT RATIOMETRICITY FOR SPAN.
- 7. FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

8. 10 Hz TO 1k Hz.

- 9. PREVENTS INCREASE OF TC SPAN DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 10. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 11. FOR TOPSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 500 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

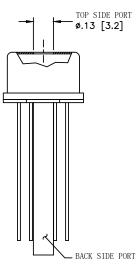
FOR BACKSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 100 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

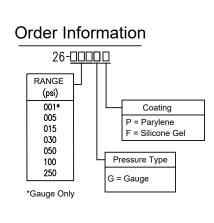
12. WETTED MATERIALS: GLASS, CERAMIC, SILICON, RTV, NICKEL, ALUMINUM AND GOLD.

13. DEVICE MARKING: EACH DEVICE IS MARKED WITH COMPANY NAME (HM), MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, DEVICE TYPE ('A' FOR ABSOLUTE, 'G' FOR GAGE, OR 'D' FOR DIFFERENTIAL), LOT AND SERIAL NUMBERS.

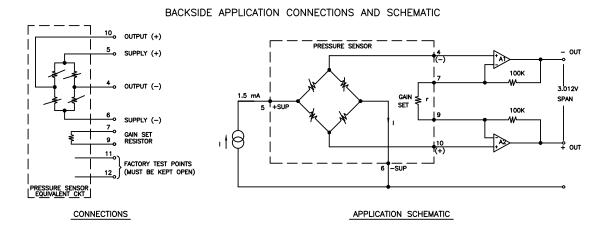
ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL 26-xxxA/G





APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

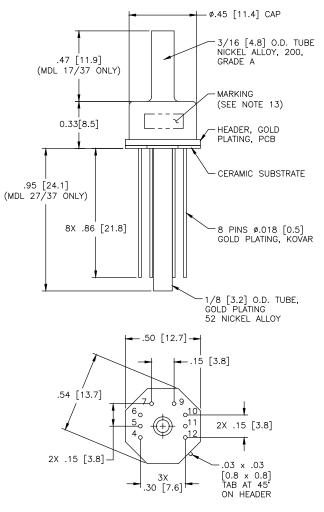


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PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor 1-250 PSI 0-100 mV Output Low Cost Temperature Compensated

- Medical Instrumentation
- HVAC
- Factory Automation
- Process Control
- Avionics
- Air Flow Management

DIMENSIONS





DESCRIPTION

The Model 36 is a temperature compensated, piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in TO-8 configurations. It provides excellent performance and long-term stability.

Integral temperature compensation is provided over a range of 0-50°C using a laser-trimmed ceramic compensation board. An additional laser-trimmed resistor is included which can be used to adjust the gain of an external differential amplifier and provide sensitivity interchangeability of ±1%. regarding uncompensated sensors, please contact the factory

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SUPPLY CURRENT: 1.5mA, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 25°C (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
FULL SCALE OUTPUT, SPAN	75	100	150	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT, OFFSET	-	-	2	±mV	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-	0.1	0.2	%SPAN	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	4.5K	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	-	0.145	-	%/°C	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, ZERO	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN	3
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5
LONG TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2	mA	6
RESPONE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	1.0	-	msec	7
OUTPUT NOISE	-	1.0	-	μVp-p	8
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	9
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	MΩ	10
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	3X	RATED	11
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	-40	-	125	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	150	°C	
MEDIA	NON-CORF WITH WET	12			
WEIGHT	3 GRAMS				

Notes

1. OUTPUT SPAN OF UNAMPLIFIED SENSOR FOR 5PSI ABOVE,25-90MV FOR 5PSI BELOW RANGE.

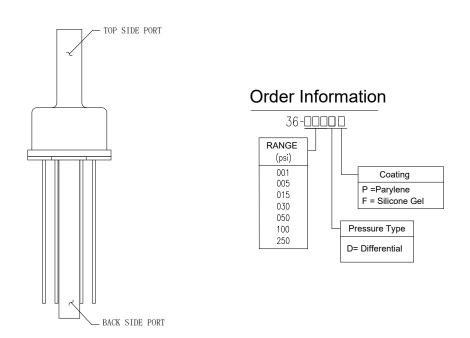
- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE, TOPSIDE PRESSURE. FOR 5 PSI BELOW DEVICES, NON-LINEARITY IS ±0.5%
- 3. TEMPERATURE RANGE (IN REFERENCE TO 25°C); FOR 5 PSI DEVICES: 0° TO +50°C; FOR 15 PSI (OR GREATER) DEVICES: -20° TO +85°C
- 4. NORMALIZED OFFSET BRIDGE VOLTAGE: 7 DAYS.
- 5. ONE (1) YEAR.
- 6. GUARANTEES INPUT/OUTPUT RATIOMETRICITY FOR SPAN.
- 7. FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.
- 8. 10 Hz TO 1k Hz.
- 9. PREVENTS INCREASE OF TC SPAN DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 10. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 11. FOR TOPSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 500 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- FOR BACKSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 100 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

12. WETTED MATERIALS: GLASS, CERAMIC, SILICON, RTV, NICKEL, ALUMINUM AND GOLD.

13. DEVICE MARKING: EACH DEVICE IS MARKED WITH COMPANY NAME (HM), MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, DEVICE TYPE ('A' FOR ABSOLUTE, 'G' FOR GAGE, OR 'D' FOR DIFFERENTIAL), LOT AND SERIAL NUMBERS.

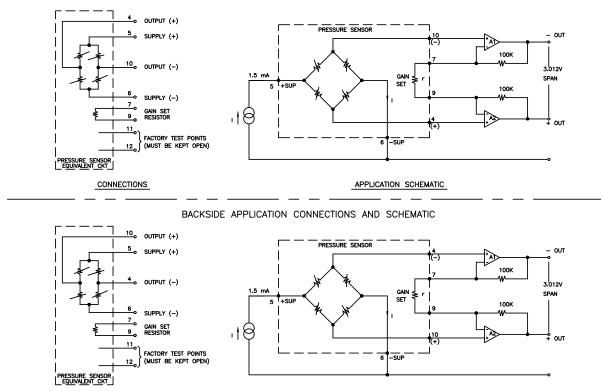
ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL 36-xxxD



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

TOPSIDE APPLICATION CONNECTIONS AND SCHEMATIC

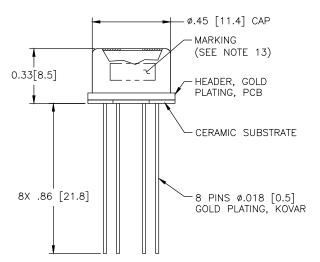


CONNECTIONS

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor 1-250 PSI 0-100 mV Output Low Cost Temperature Compensated

- Medical Instrumentation
- HVAC
- Factory Automation
- Process Control
- Avionics
- Air Flow Management

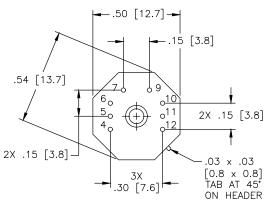
DIMENSIONS



DESCRIPTION

The Model 46 is a temperature compensated, piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in TO-8 configurations. It provides excellent performance and long-term stability.

Integral temperature compensation is provided over a range of 0-50°C using a laser-trimmed ceramic compensation board. An additional laser-trimmed resistor is included which can be used to adjust the gain of an external differential amplifier and provide sensitivity interchangeability of $\pm 1\%$.



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SUPPLY CURRENT: 1.5mA, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 25°C (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
FULL SCALE OUTPUT, SPAN	75	100	150	mV	1	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT, OFFSET	-	-	2	±mV		
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-	0.1	0.2	%SPAN	2	
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN		
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	4.5K	6.0K	Ω		
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO	-	0.3	0.8	%SPAN	3	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	-	0.145	-	%/°C	3	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, ZERO	-	0.05	0.1	%SPAN	3	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
SHORT TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.05	-	%SPAN	4	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF OFFSET	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
LONG TERM STABILITY OF SPAN	-	0.2	-	%SPAN	5	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2	mA	6	
RESPONE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	1.0	-	msec	7	
OUTPUT NOISE	-	1.0	-	µVp-p	8	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	9	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	MΩ	10	
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	-	-	3X	RATED	11	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	-40	-	125	°C		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	150	°C		
MEDIA	NON-CORF WITH WET	12				
WEIGHT	3 GRAMS					

Notes

1. OUTPUT SPAN OF UNAMPLIFIED SENSOR FOR 5PSI ABOVE,25-90MV FOR 5PSI BELOW RANGE.

- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE, TOPSIDE PRESSURE. FOR 5 PSI BELOW DEVICES, NON-LINEARITY IS ±0.5%
- 3. TEMPERATURE RANGE (IN REFERENCE TO 25°C); FOR 5 PSI DEVICES: 0° TO +50°C; FOR 15 PSI (OR GREATER) DEVICES: -20° TO +85°C
- 4. NORMALIZED OFFSET BRIDGE VOLTAGE: 7 DAYS.
- 5. ONE (1) YEAR.
- 6. GUARANTEES INPUT/OUTPUT RATIOMETRICITY FOR SPAN.
- 7. FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.
- 8. 10 Hz TO 1k Hz.
- 9. PREVENTS INCREASE OF TC SPAN DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 10. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 11. FOR TOPSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 500 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- FOR BACKSIDE APPLICATION: 3X OR 100 PSI MAXIMUM, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

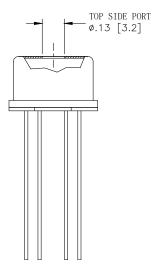
12. WETTED MATERIALS: GLASS, CERAMIC, SILICON, RTV, NICKEL, ALUMINUM AND GOLD.

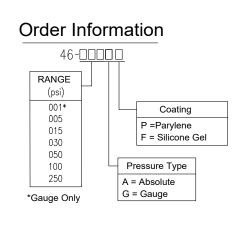
13. DEVICE MARKING: EACH DEVICE IS MARKED WITH COMPANY NAME (HM), MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, DEVICE TYPE ('A' FOR ABSOLUTE, 'G' FOR GAGE, OR 'D' FOR DIFFERENTIAL), LOT AND SERIAL NUMBERS.

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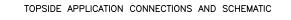
ORDERING INFORMATION

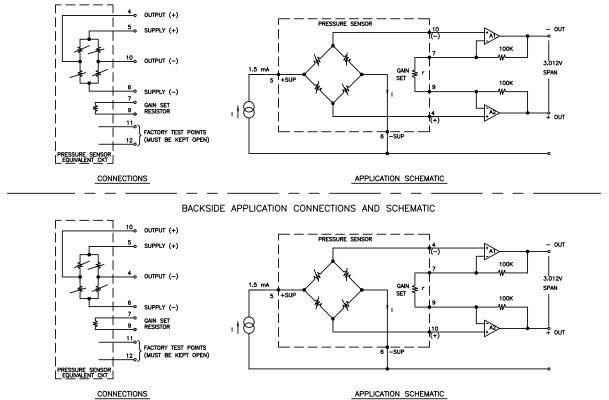
MODEL 46-xxxA/G





APPLICATION SCHEMATIC





Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

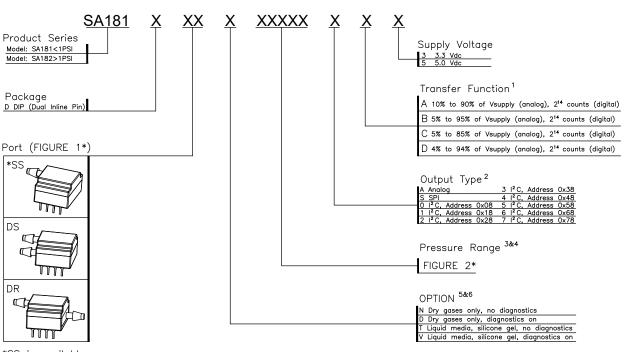
DESCRIPTION

SA18 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA18 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 1 kHz.

SA18 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA18 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 90corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

NOMENCLATURE AND ORDER GUIDE

ORDERING INFORMATION



*SS is available for pressure type absolute only

1. The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input.

By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer

function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer

- function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SENSORALL Customer Service.
- 2. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SENORALL Customer Service for more information.
- 3. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 4. See the CAUTION in this document.
- 5. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges ±60mbar to ±10bar/±6kPa to ±1MPa/±1psi to ±150psi

FIGURE 1:

Single radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm)	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) same side	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) oposite side

FIGURE 2:

2.5BD ±2.5 bar

004BD ±4 bar

250KD ±250 kPa

400KD ±400 kPa

±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa		±0.5 inł	±0.5 inH2O to ±150 PSI ±1.6 mbar to :		6 mbar to ±10 bar	±160 Pa to ±1 MPa		±0.5 inH2O to ±150 psi				
	Absolute		Absolute	Absolute			Gage		Gage		Gage	
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O	
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O	
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O	
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O	
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O	
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O	
			•			040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O	
0	Differential		Differential	C	Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi	
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi	
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi	
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi	
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi	
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi	
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi	
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa			
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa			
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa			
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa			
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa			
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi		•		•	-		
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi	1						
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa			-						
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa	1								
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa	1								
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa	1								

TABLE 1:

CHARACTERISTI	C	MIN	MAX	UNITS				
Supply voltage (Vsupply	()	-0.3	6.0	Vdc				
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V				
Digital interface clock frequency:	l ² C	100	400					
	SPI	50	800	KHz				
ESD susceptibility (hum	an body model)	2	-	kV				
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]				
Soldering time and tem	perature:							
lead solder temperature	e (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]					
peak reflow temperature	e (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]					

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS						
Humidity:							
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing						
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing						
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing						
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz						
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration						
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum						
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)						

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

COMPONENT	PRESSURE PORT 1 (PRESSURE PORT 1 (P1)						
	DRY GAS OPTION	LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)					
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	alumina ceramic						
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic					
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone					
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon					

*Contact Sensorall Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			ANALO	G		DIGITA	\L		
CHARAC ⁻	TERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0 Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25		
Supply current	3.3 Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0 Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
	sleep mode option	-	-	-	-	1	10	uA	
Operating temperature range		-40	-	+85	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	0	-	50	0	-	50	°C	4	
Temperature output o	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6	
Startup time (power ι	ıp to data ready)	-	-	5	-	-	3	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	0.46	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsupply	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	_	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	, SCL/SCLK, SS	-	-	-	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
			-	-	12	-	14	bits	

Notes

Notes:

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL COUNTS						
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX					
0	0	0X0000					
10	1638	0X0666					
50	8192	0X2000					
90	14746	0X399A					
100	16383	0X3FFF					

PRESSURE FUNCTION

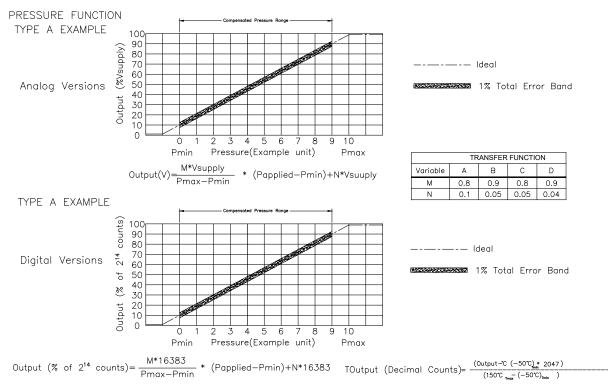


Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±	±10	bar
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Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Press Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1			I	Abso	lute				1
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

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Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Press Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Ga	ge	1	1		1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ıre	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ^e (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Abso	lute	1		1	1
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential		·		
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	100000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Press Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1			I	Ga	ge	1	1		1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH $_2$ O to 150 psi

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero [€] (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	Range I	-Pressu Range	-Pressure Range														Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)													
	1	1			G	age	1			1													
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%													
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%													
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	35	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%													
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%													
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%													
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%													
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%													
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%													
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%													
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%													
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%													
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%													
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%													
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%													

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

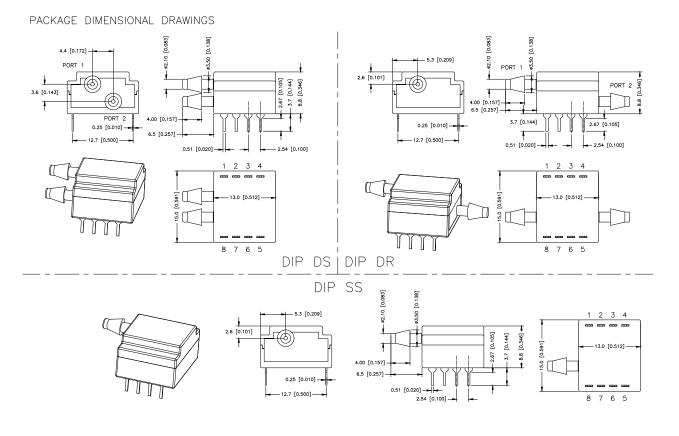
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage

for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

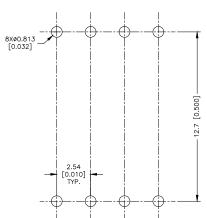


PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	NC	NC	NC	NC
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	NC	NC	NC
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT



RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS

PRESSURE MODEL SA18HD

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

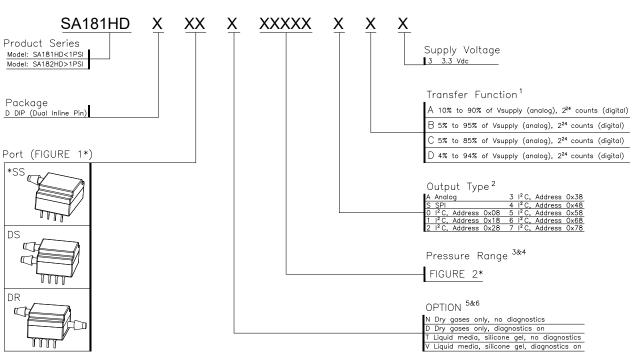
DESCRIPTION

SA18HD High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA18HD Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SA18HD Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA18HD Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

NOMENCLATURE AND ORDER GUIDE

ORDERING INFORMATION



*SS is available for pressure type absolute only

 The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input. By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SENSORALL Customer Service.

2. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SENORALL Customer Service for more information.

- 3. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 4. See the CAUTION in this document.

5. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges ±60mbar to ±10bar/±6kPa to ±1MPa/±1psi to ±150psi

FIGURE 1:

Single radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm)	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) same side	Dual radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) oposite side

FIGURE 2:

004BD ±4 bar

400KD ±400 kPa

±1.6 r	mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inł	H2O to ±150 PSI	±1.6	6 mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.	5 inH2O to ±150 psi
	Absolute		Absolute		Absolute		Gage		Gage		Gage
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O
						040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O
[Differential		Differential	C	Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa		
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa		
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa		
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa	1	
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa		
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi			•		-	
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi	1					
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa			-					
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa	1							
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa	1							
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa	1							
2.5BD	±2.5 bar	250KD	±250 kPa	1							

TABLE 1:

CHARACTERIST	IC	MIN	MAX	UNITS			
Supply voltage (Vsupp	ly)	-0.3	3.6	Vdc			
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V			
Digital interface	I ² C	100	400				
clock frequency: SPI		50	800	KHz			
ESD susceptibility (hu	man body model)	2	-	kV			
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]			
Soldering time and ten	nperature:						
lead solder temperatu	re (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				
peak reflow temperatu	re (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
Humidity:	
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

	PRESSURE PORT 1 (PRESSURE PORT 1 (P1)					
COMPONENT	DRY GAS OPTION	LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)				
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	alumina ceramic					
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic				
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone				
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon				

*Contact Sensorall Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			DIGITA	L		
СН	ARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
Supply current	I2C/sleep/Standby Mode	3.0	33.8	211	uA	
	SPI/sleep/Standby Mode	13	43.8	211	uA	
Operating temperatur	e range	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated temper	rature range	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output o	ption	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power u	ip to data ready)	-	-	3	mS	
Response time		2	7	10	mS	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	80	-	-	1	
Pull up on SDA/MISC), SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1000 hr, 25°C)		-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		-	-	-	%FSS	
		12	-	-	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are 3.3 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

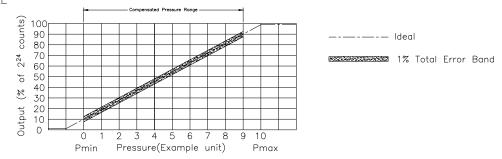
pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL COUNTS					
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX				
0	0	0X0000				
10	1677722	0X19999A				
50	8388608	0X800000				
90	15099494	0XE66666				
100	16777215	0XFFFFF				

PRESSURE FUNCTION

PRESSURE FUNCTION TYPE A EXAMPLE



Output (% of 2^{24} counts) = $\frac{M*16777215}{Pmax-Pmin} * (Papplied-Pmin)+N*16777215$

 $\label{eq:temperature} \text{Temperature Output (Decimal Counts)} = \ \frac{(\text{Output *C-} (-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}}) * \ 16777215}{(85^{\circ}\text{C}_{\text{Tmax}} - (-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}})}$

TRANSFER FUNCTION								
Variable A B C D								
М	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9				
Ν	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.04				

Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				Abso	lute	1		1	1
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure ^₄	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Gag	ge	1	1		1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	100000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1			I	Ga	ge	1			1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.	_				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				G	age	1	1		1
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	35	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until presssure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

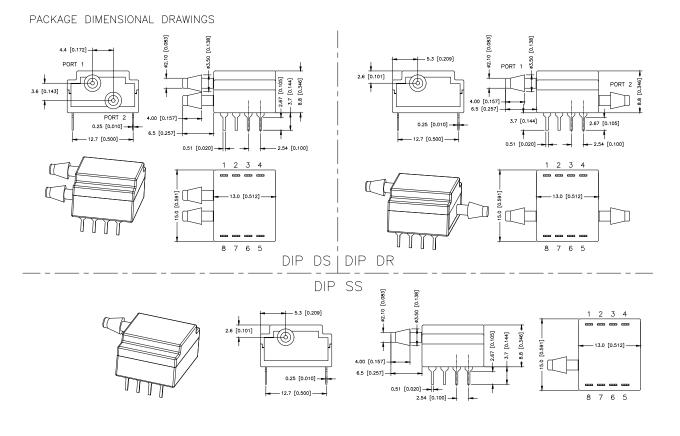
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage

for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

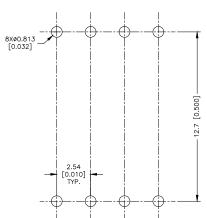


PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	NC	NC	NC	NC
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	NC	NC	NC
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT



RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS

PRESSURE MODEL SA18EC

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



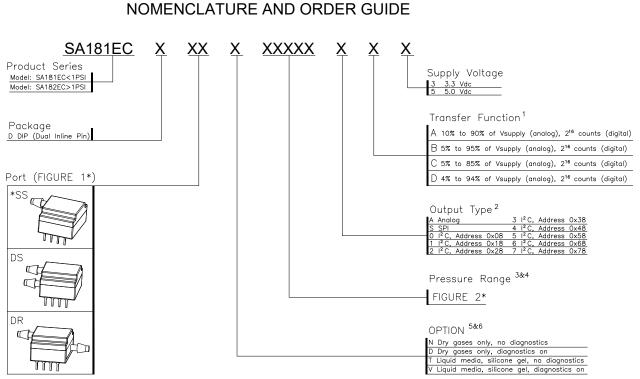
- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

DESCRIPTION

SA18EC High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA18EC Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 2K Hz.

SA18EC Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc or 5.0Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA18EC Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

ORDERING INFORMATION



*SS is available for pressure type absolute only

 The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input. By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SENSORALL Customer Service.

- 2. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SENORALL Customer Service for more information.
- 3. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 4. See the CAUTION in this document.
- 5. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges ±60mbar to ±10bar/±6kPa to ±1MPa/±1psi to ±150psi

FIGURE 1:

Single radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm)	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) same side	Dual radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) oposite side

FIGURE 2:

004BD ±4 bar

400KD ±400 kPa

±1.6 r	mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inł	H2O to ±150 PSI	±1.6	6 mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.	5 inH2O to ±150 psi
	Absolute		Absolute		Absolute		Gage		Gage		Gage
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O
						040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O
[Differential		Differential	C	Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa		
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa		
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa		
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa	1	
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa		
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi			•		-	
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi	1					
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa			-					
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa	1							
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa	1							
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa	1							
2.5BD	±2.5 bar	250KD	±250 kPa	1							

FIGURE 1:

CHARACTERIST	IC	MIN	MAX	UNITS			
Supply voltage (Vsupp	bly)	-0.3	6.0	Vdc			
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V			
Digital interface	I ² C	100	400				
clock frequency:	SPI	50	800	KHz			
ESD susceptibility (hu	man body model)	2	-	kV			
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]			
Soldering time and ter	nperature:						
lead solder temperatu	ıre (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				
peak reflow temperatu	re (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
Humidity:	
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

	PRESSURE PORT 1 (PRESSURE PORT 1 (P1)					
COMPONENT	DRY GAS OPTION	LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)				
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	nigh temperature polyamide/alumina ceramic					
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic				
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone				
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon				

*Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			ANALO	G		DIGITA	۱L		
CHARAC ⁻	TERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0 Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25		
Supply current	3.3 Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0 Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
Operating temperatu	re range	-40	-	+85	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	60	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output of	ption	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power u	up to data ready)	-	-	5	-	-	5	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	2	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsupply	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	, SCL/SCLK, SS	-	-	-	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
		-	-	-	12	-	16	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of 0°C to 50°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL	COUNTS
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX
0	-32768	(0X8000)
10	-26214	(0X6666)
50	0	0X0000
90	26214	0X6666
100	32768	0X8000

PRESSURE FUNCTION

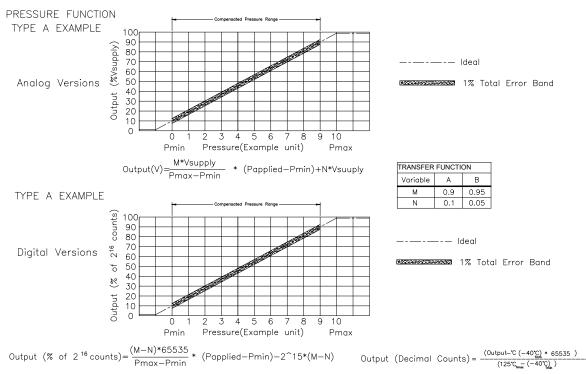


Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Press Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
				1	Abso	lute	1	1		1
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

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Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Gag	ge	1	1		1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	100000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	- J	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
				I	Gag	ge	1			1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
		1	1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ıre	Unit	J	Over Prossuro ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability	
(see Figure 4)		Pmax.	_	riessuie	Flessule	riessuie	Pressure ^₄	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)	
					G	age	1			1	
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%	
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%	
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	35	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%	
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%	
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%	
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%	
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%	
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%	
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%	
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%	
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%	
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%	
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%	
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%	

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until presssure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

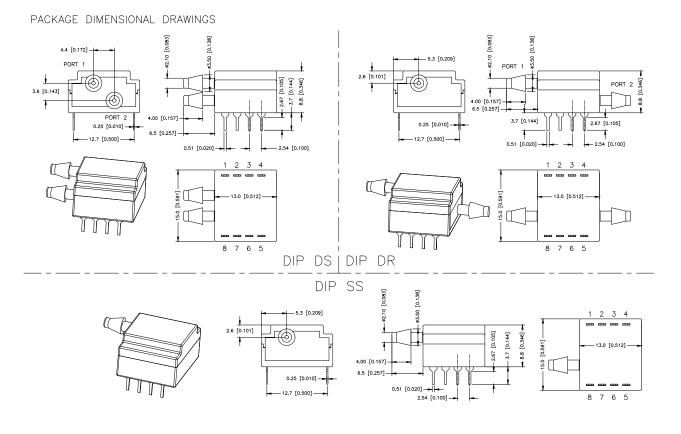
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage

for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

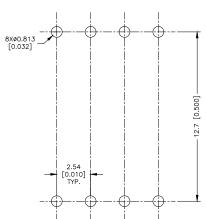


PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	NC	NC	NC	NC
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	NC	NC	NC
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT



RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS

PRESSURE MODEL SA19

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection



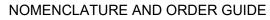
DESCRIPTION

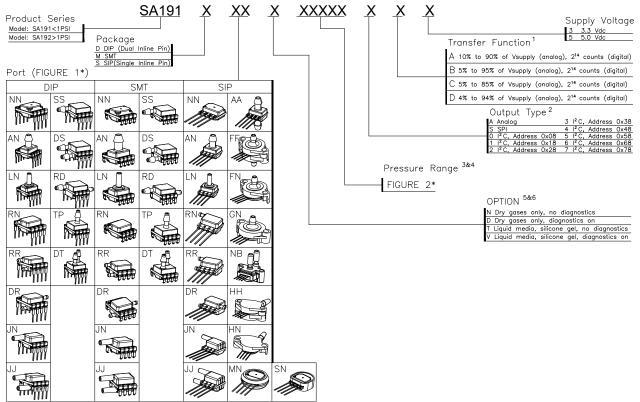
SA19 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/ digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA19 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 1 kHz.

SA19 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA19 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

PRESSURE MODEL SA19

ORDERING INFORMATION





Notes

- 1. The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input. By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SQMEAS Customer Service.
- 2. SPI output function is not available in SIP package.
- 3. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for more information.
- 4. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 5. See the CAUTION in this document.
- 6. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges
- \pm 60mbar to \pm 10bar/ \pm 6kPa to \pm 1MPa/ \pm 1psi to \pm 150psi

FIGURE 1:

NN	No ports	AN	Single axial barbed port	LN	Single axial barbless port	RN	Single radial barbed port	RR	Dual radial barbed ports, same side		Dual radial barbed ports, opposite sides	JN	Single radial barbless port	IJ	Dual radial barbless ports, same side
	Single radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm)	DS	Dual radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) same side		Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) oposite side	ΤP	Single radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) top side	DT	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) top side	AA	Dual axial barbed ports, opposite sides	FF	Fastener mount, dual axial barbed ports,opposite sides		Fastener mount, single axial barbed port
	Ribbed fastener mount, single axial barbed port 008B	NB	Fastener mount, dual axial ports, same side	нн	Fastener mount, dual radial barbed ports, same side	ΗN	Fastener mount, single radial barbed port	MN	Manifold mount, outer diameter seal	SN	Manifold mount, inner diameter seal		<u>.</u>	-	,

FIGURE 2:

±1.6 r	nbar to ±10 bar	±160) Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inł	120 to ±150 PSI	±1.6	mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.	5 inH2O to ±150 psi
	Absolute		Absolute		Absolute		Gage		Gage		Gage
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O
						040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O
[Differential		Differential	C	Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa		
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa	1	
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa	1	
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa	1	
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa	1	
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi					-	
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi	1					
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa			-					
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa	1							
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa	1							
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa	1							
2.5BD	±2.5 bar	250KD	±250 kPa	1							
004BD	±4 bar	400KD	±400 kPa]							

TABLE 1:

CHARACTERIST	IC	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Supply voltage (Vsupp	ly)	-0.3	6.0	Vdc
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V
Digital interface	I ² C	100	400	
clock frequency:	SPI	50	800	KHz
ESD susceptibility (hur	man body model)	2	-	kV
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]
Soldering time and ten	nperature:			
lead solder temperatu	re (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	C [482°F]	
peak reflow temperatu	re (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	°C [482°F]	

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS						
Humidity:							
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing						
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing						
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing						
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz						
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration						
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum						
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)						

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

	PRESSURE PORT 1 (PRESSURE PORT 1 (P1)					
COMPONENT	DRY GAS OPTION	LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)				
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	alumina ceramic					
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic				
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone				
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon				

*Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			ANALO	G		DIGITA	\L		
CHARAC ⁻	TERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0 Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25		
Supply current	3.3 Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0 Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
	sleep mode option	-	-	-	-	1	10	uA	
Operating temperatu	perating temperature range		-	+85	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	0	-	50	-	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output o	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6	
Startup time (power u	Startup time (power up to data ready)		-	5	-	-	3	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	0.46	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsupply	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	_	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	, SCL/SCLK, SS	-	-	-	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
		-	-	-	12	-	14	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of 0°C to 50°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL COUNTS						
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX					
0	0	0X0000					
10	1638	0X0666					
50	8192	0X2000					
90	14746	0X399A					
100	16383	0X3FFF					

PRESSURE FUNCTION

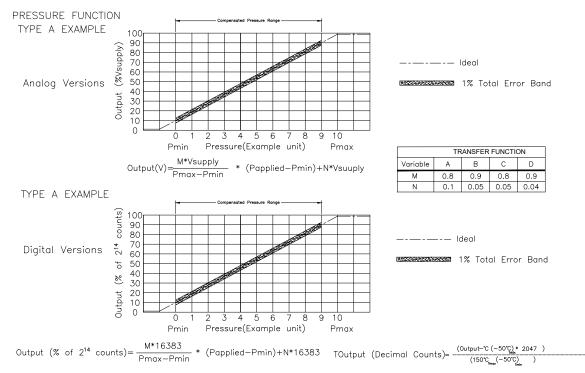


Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Abso	lute	1	1		1
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹			Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Ga	ge	1	1		1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ıre	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.	_				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Abso	lute	1		1	1
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	100000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressi Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹			Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.	-				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1			I	Ga	ge	1	1		1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH $_2$ O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.	-				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressu Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ^e (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				G	age	1			1
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	35	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until presssure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

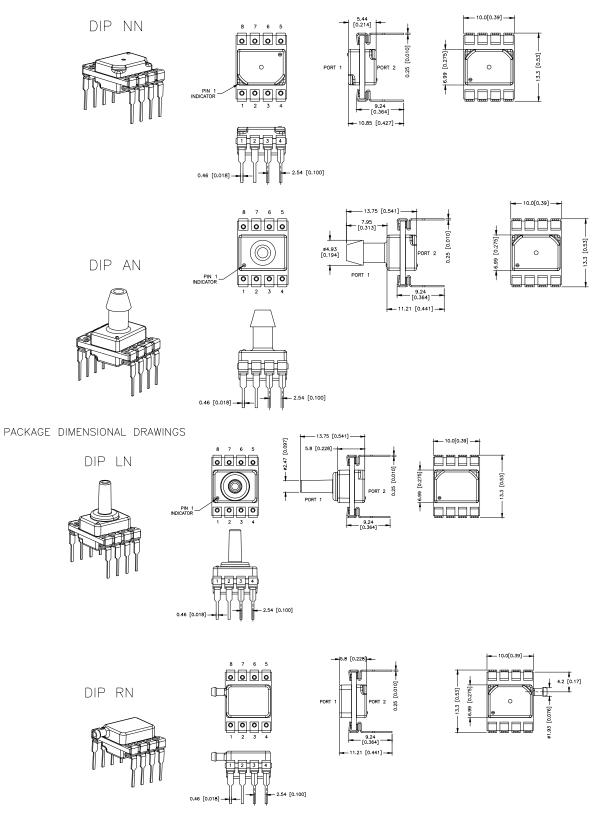
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

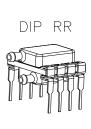
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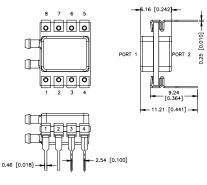
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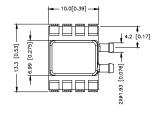


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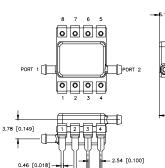


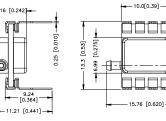


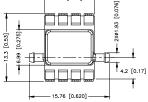


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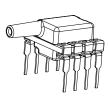
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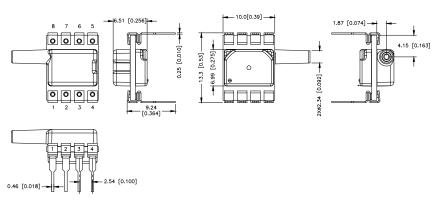
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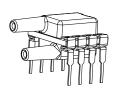
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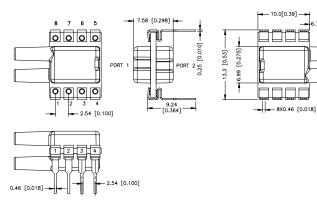
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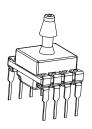
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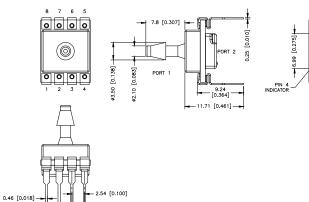


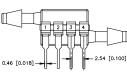


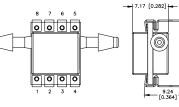
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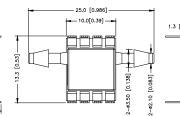


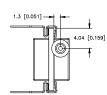
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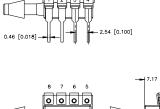


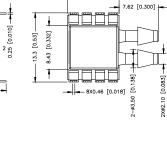




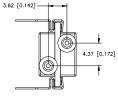








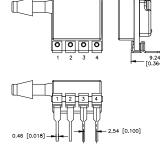
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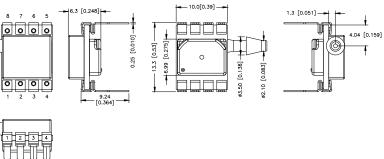
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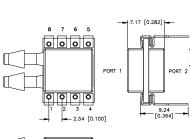
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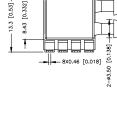
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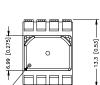
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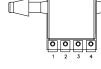


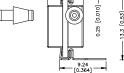






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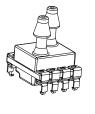
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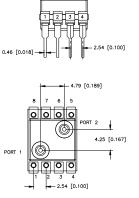
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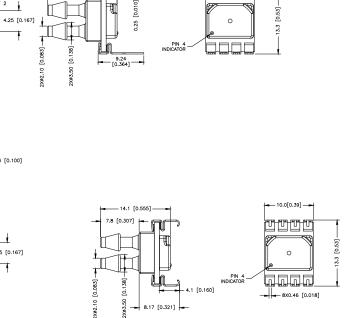
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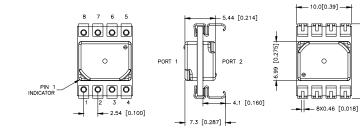
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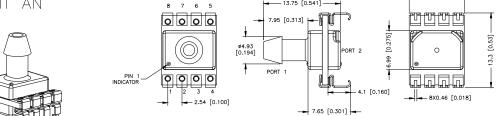




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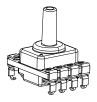
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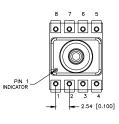


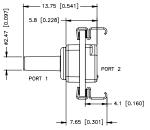
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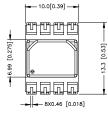
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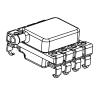


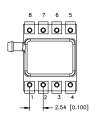


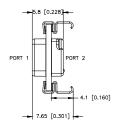




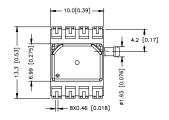
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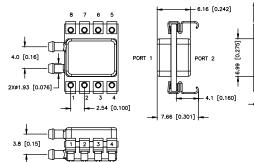


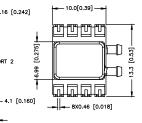
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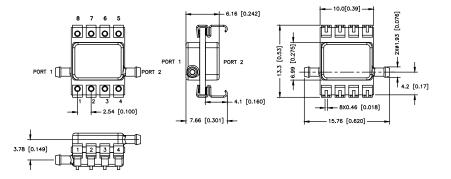






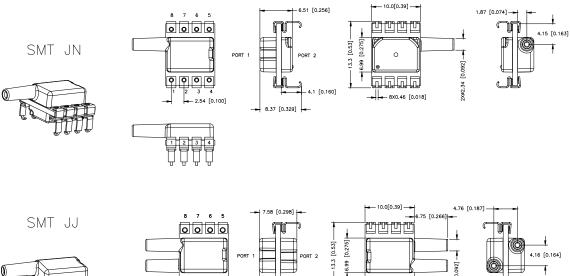
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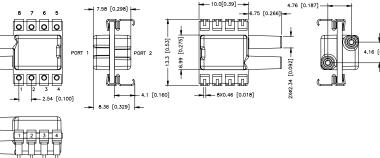


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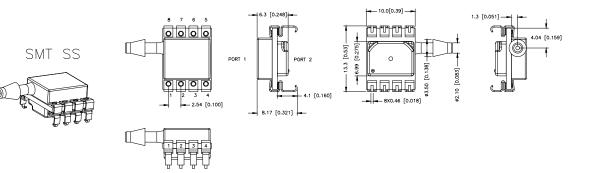
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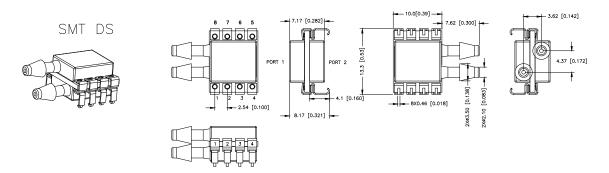






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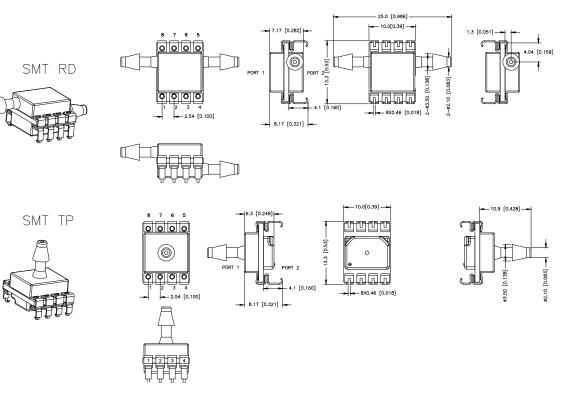




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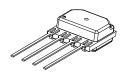
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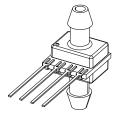


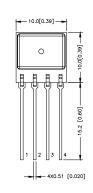
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SIP NN



SIP AA





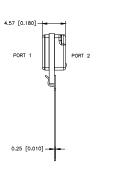
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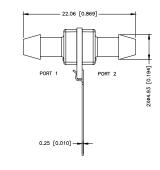
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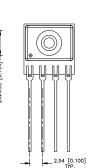
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5.2 [0.60]





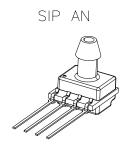


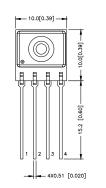


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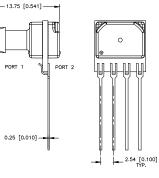
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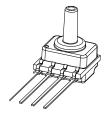


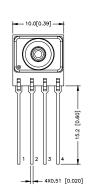
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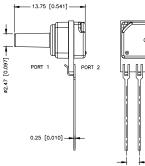
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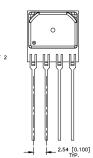






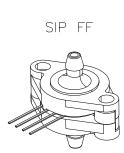


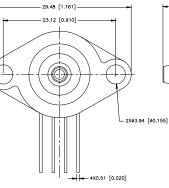


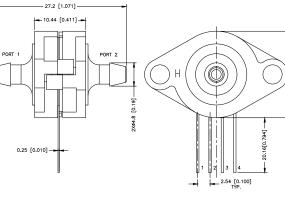


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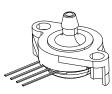
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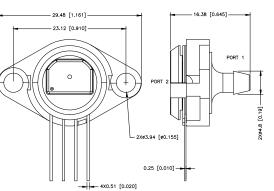


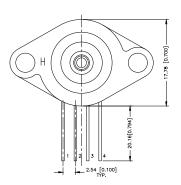




SIP FN



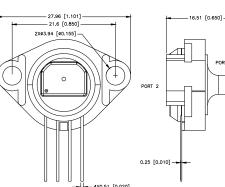


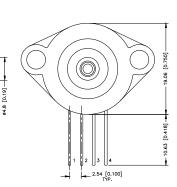


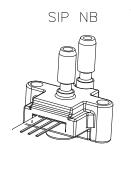
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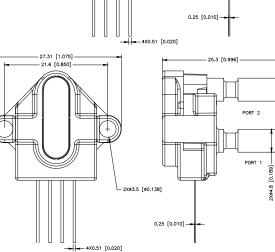
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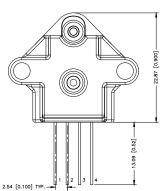








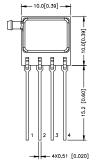


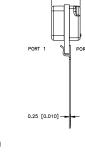


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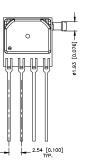






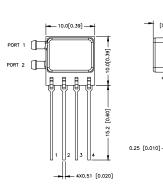
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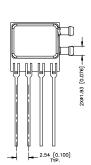
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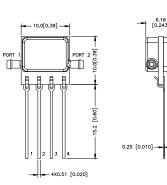


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PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

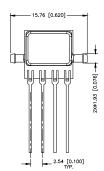




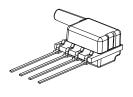
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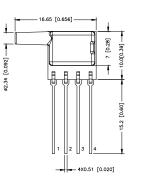
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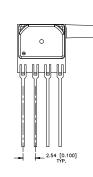
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SIP JN



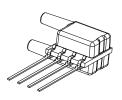




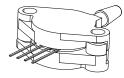


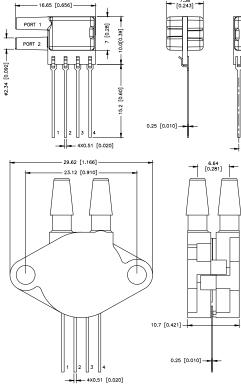
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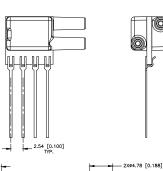
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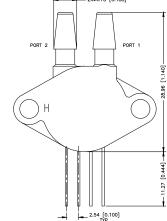


SIP HH







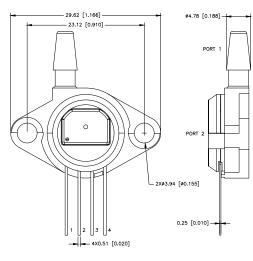


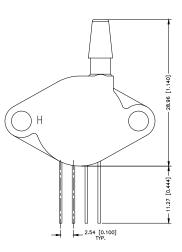
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SIP HN





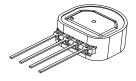


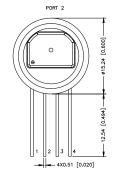
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SIP MN



SIP SN





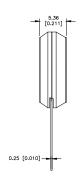
PORT 2

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13.11 [0.516]

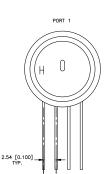
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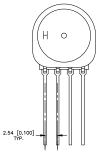
5.08

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0.25 [0.010]



PORT 1



- 4x0.51 [0.020]

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

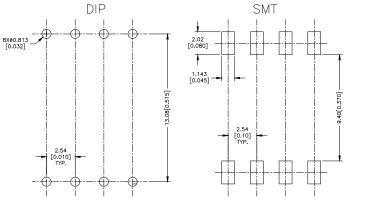
OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	NC	NC	NC	NC
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	NC	NC	NC
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND	NC	NC	NC	NC

PINOUTS FOR SIP

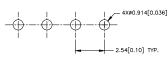
OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4
I2C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS







PRESSURE MODEL SA19HD

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

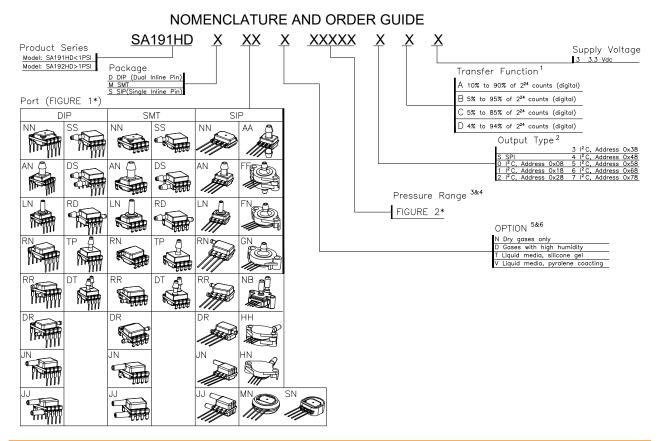


DESCRIPTION

SA19HD High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA19HD Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SA19HD Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA19HD Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

- 1. The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input.
- By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer
- function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SQMEAS Customer Service.
- 2. SPI output function is not available in SIP package.
- 3. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for more information.
- 4. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 5. See the CAUTION in this document.
- 6. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges
- \pm 60mbar to \pm 10bar/ \pm 6kPa to \pm 1MPa/ \pm 1psi to \pm 150psi

FIGURE 1:

NN	No ports	AN	Single axial barbed port	LN	Single axial barbless port	RN	Single radial barbed port	RR	Dual radial barbed ports, same side	DR	Dual radial barbed ports, opposite sides	JN	Single radial barbless port	IJ	Dual radial barbless ports, same side
	Single radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm)	DS	Dual radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) same side	RD	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) oposite side	ΤP	Single radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) top side	DT	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) top side	AA	Dual axial barbed ports, opposite sides	FF	Fastener mount, dual axial barbed ports,opposite sides		Fastener mount, single axial barbed port
-	Ribbed fastener mount, single axial barbed port 008B	NB	Fastener mount, dual axial ports, same side		Fastener mount, dual radial barbed ports, same side		Fastener mount, single radial barbed port	MN	Manifold mount, outer diameter seal	SN	Manifold mount, inner diameter seal				

FIGURE 2:

±1.6 n	±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa		0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inł	H2O to ±150 PSI	±1.6	mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inH2O to ±150 psi		
	Absolute		Absolute		Absolute		Gage		Gage		Gage	
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O	
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O	
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O	
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O	
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O	
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O	
						040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O	
0	Differential		Differential		Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi	
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi	
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi	
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi	
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi	
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi	
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi	
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa			
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa	1		
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa]		
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa			
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa	1		
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi					-		
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi							
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa			-						
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa									
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa]								
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa									
2.5BD	±2.5 bar	250KD	±250 kPa	1								
004BD	±4 bar	400KD	±400 kPa									

TABLE 1:

CHARACTERISTI	С	MIN	MAX	UNITS			
Supply voltage (Vsupply	y)	-0.3	3.6	Vdc			
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V			
Digital interface	I ² C	100	400				
clock frequency:	SPI	50	800	KHz			
ESD susceptibility (hum	nan body model)	2	-	kV			
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]			
Soldering time and temperature:							
lead solder temperatur	e (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				
peak reflow temperature	e (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS				
Humidity:					
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing				
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing				
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing				
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz				
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration				
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum				
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)				

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

COMPONENT	PRESSURE PORT 1 (I	PRESSURE PORT 1 (P1)					
	DRY GAS OPTION	LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)				
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	alumina ceramic					
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic				
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone				
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon				

*Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE DESCRIPTION

Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			DIGITA	L			
СН	ARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3	
Supply current	I2C/sleep/Standby Mode	3.0	33.8	211	uA		
	SPI/sleep/Standby Mode	13	43.8	211	uA		
Operating temperatur	re range	-40	-	85	°C	4	
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	50	°C	4	
Temperature output of	ption	-	±4	-	°C 6		
Startup time (power u	ıp to data ready)	-	-	3	mS		
Response time		2	7	10	mS		
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	20	%Vsupply		
	high	80	-	-	_		
Pull up on SDA/MISC), SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	kOhm		
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8	
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9	
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	%FSS		
Output resolution		-	-	-	%FSS		
		12	-	-	bits		

Notes

Notes:

1. Sensors are 3.3 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

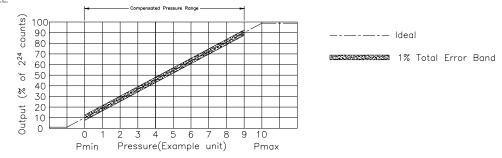
pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL COUNTS					
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX				
0	0	0X0000				
10	1677722	0X19999A				
50	8388608	0X800000				
90	15099494	0XE66666				
100	16777215	0XFFFFF				

PRESSURE FUNCTION

PRESSURE FUNCTION TYPE A EXAMPLE



Output (% of 2^{24} counts) = $\frac{M*16777215}{Pmax-Pmin} * (Papplied-Pmin)+N*16777215$

 $\label{eq:temperature} \text{Temperature Output (Decimal Counts)} = \ \frac{(\text{Output `C-}(-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}}) * \ 16777215}{(85^{\circ}\text{C}_{\text{Tmax}} - (-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}})}$

TRANSFER FUNCTION										
Variable	Variable A B C D									
М	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9						
Ν	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.04						

Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressi Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.	-				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Gag	ge	1	1		1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero⁵ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	100000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				Ga	ge	1			1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressi Range	ure	Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ^e (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				Abso	lute	1	1		1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Range	-Pressu Range	-Pressure Range		Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1	1	1		G	age	1	1	1	1
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until presssure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

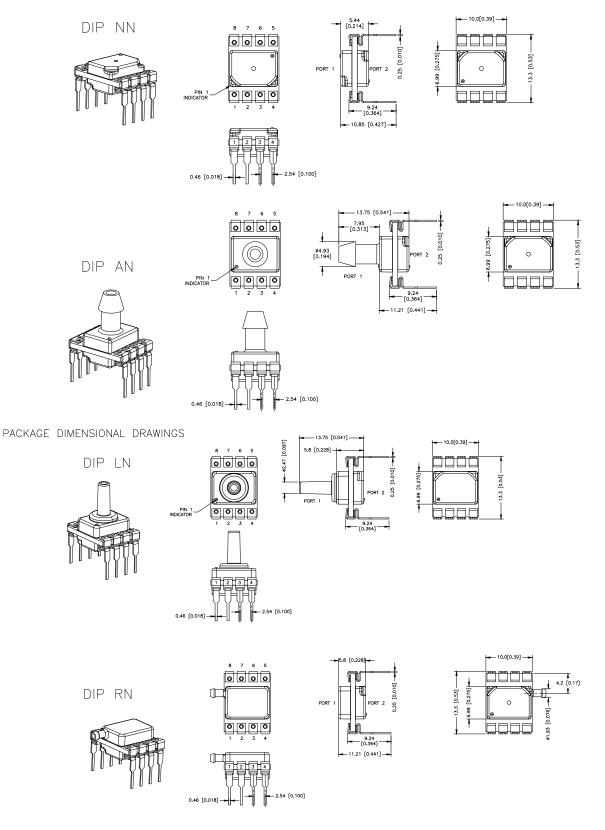
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

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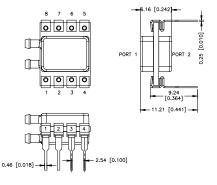
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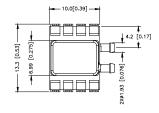


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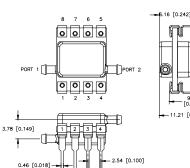


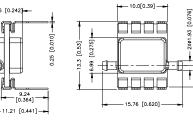


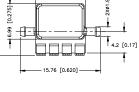


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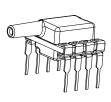


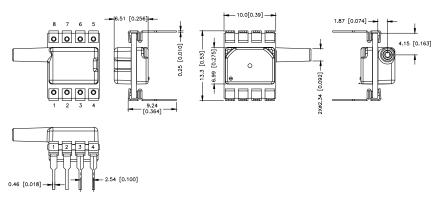




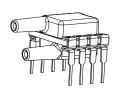


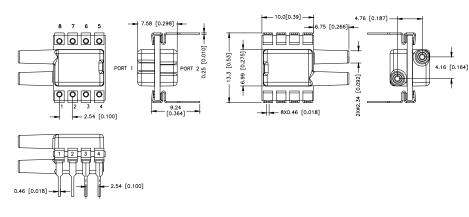
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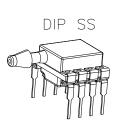


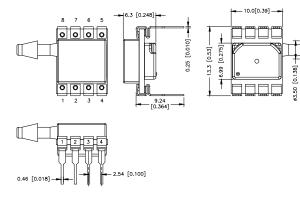
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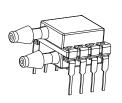


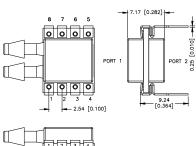
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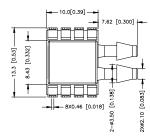




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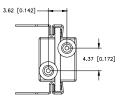




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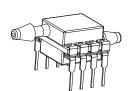
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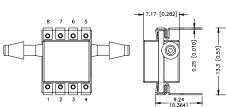


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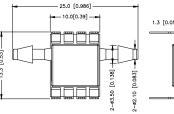
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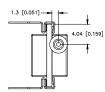
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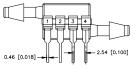




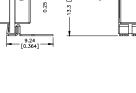
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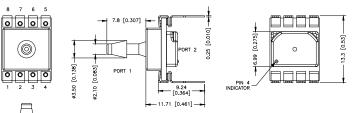
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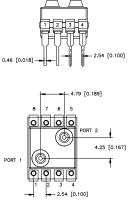
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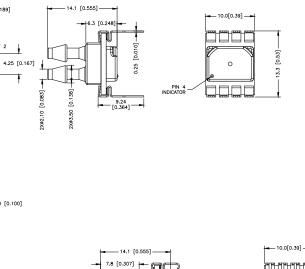
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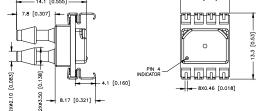


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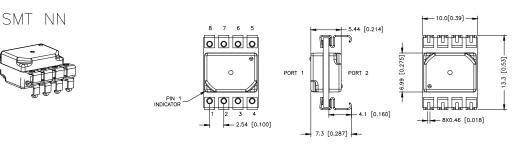




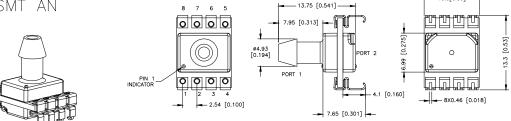


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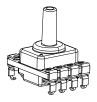
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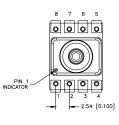


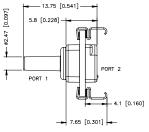
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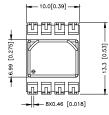
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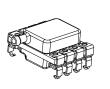


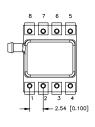


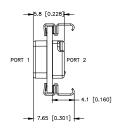


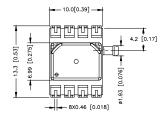


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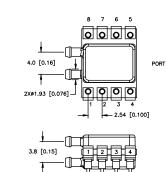


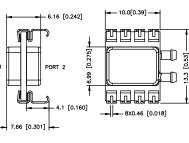




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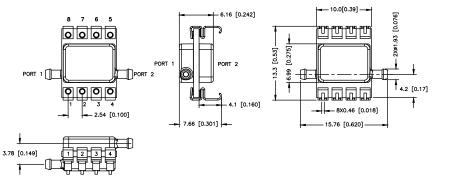






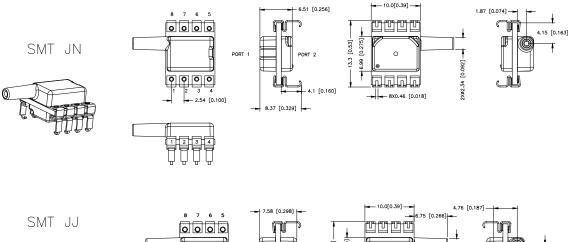
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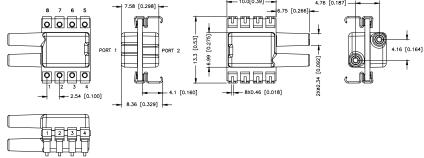


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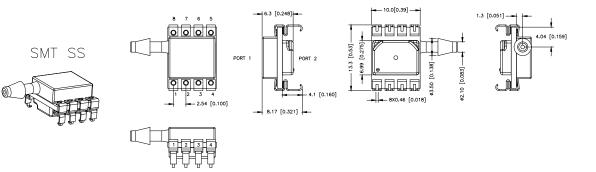
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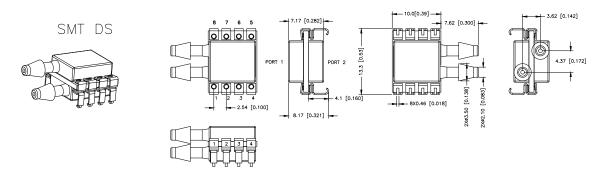






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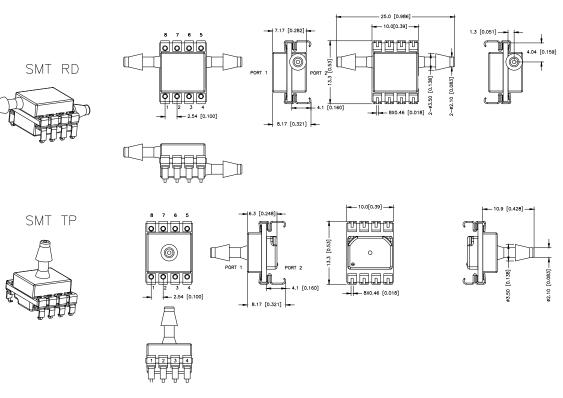




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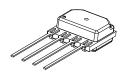
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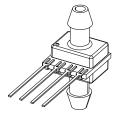


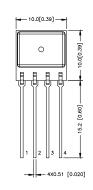
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SIP NN



SIP AA

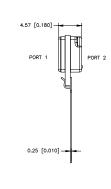


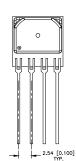


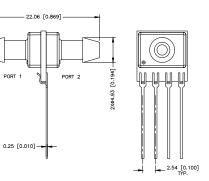
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8888







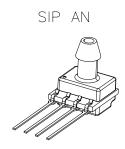
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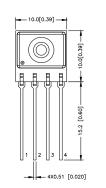
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5.2 [0.60]

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

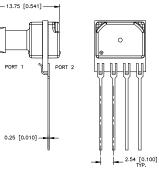




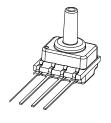
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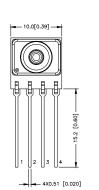
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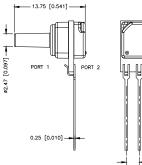
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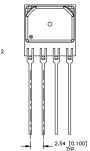


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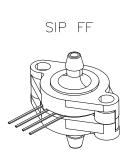


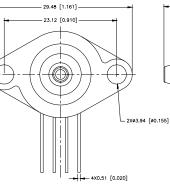


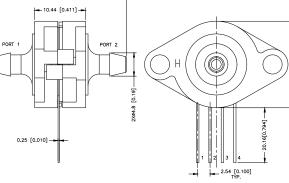


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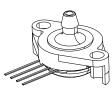
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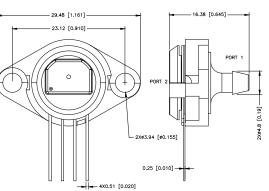


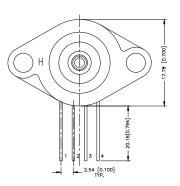




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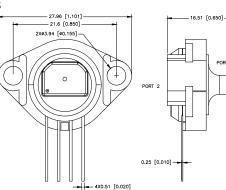


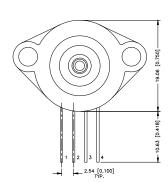


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS







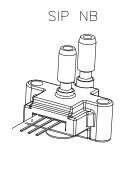
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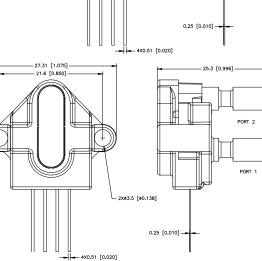
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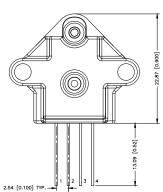
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0.25 [0.010]



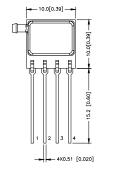


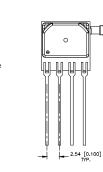


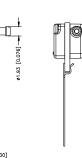
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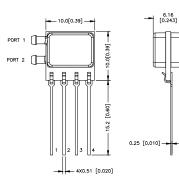


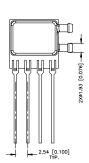




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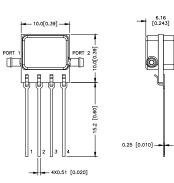


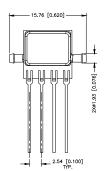
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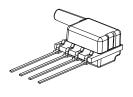
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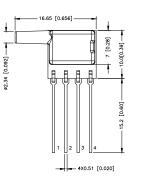


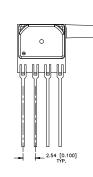




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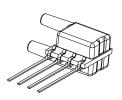
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0.25 [0.010] -



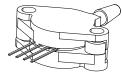
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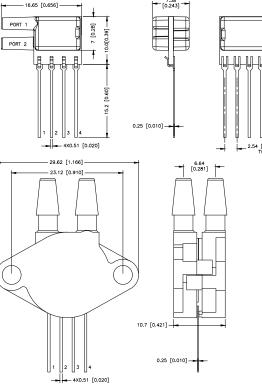
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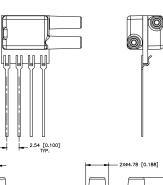


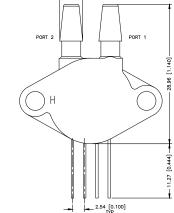
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SIP HH







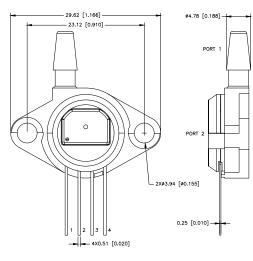


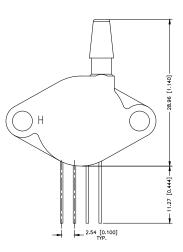
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SIP HN





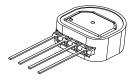


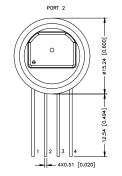
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SIP MN



SIP SN





PORT 2

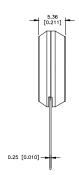
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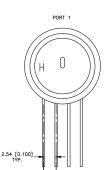
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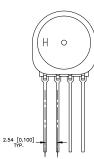
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15.2 [0.598]

0.25 [0.010]







PORT 1

4X0.51 [0.020]

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

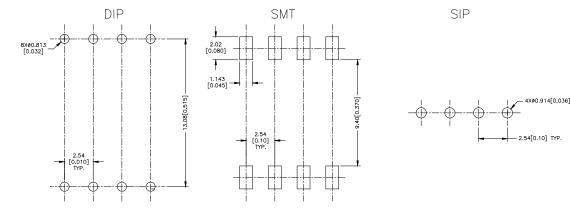
OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	NC	NC	NC	NC
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	NC	NC	MISO

PINOUTS FOR SIP

OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS



PRESSURE MODEL SA19EC

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

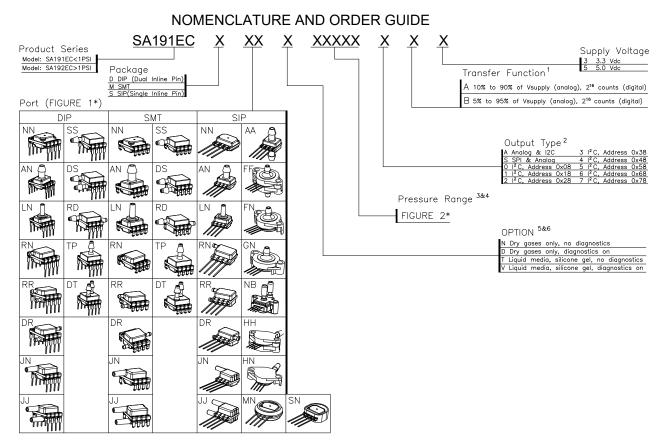


DESCRIPTION

SA19EC High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA19EC Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 2 kHz.

SA19EC Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA19EC Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

ORDERING INFORMATION



1. The transfer function limits define the output of the sensor at a given pressure input.

By specifying Pmin. and Pmax., the output at Pmin. and Pmax., the complete transfer

function of the sensor is defined. See the graphical representations of the transfer

function in Figure 2. For other available transfer functions contact SQMEAS Customer Service.

2. SPI output function is not available in SIP package.

3. Custom pressure ranges are available. Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for more information.

- 4. See the explanation of sensor pressure types in Table 4.
- 5. See the CAUTION in this document.
- 6. Options T and V are only available on pressure ranges

±60mbar to ±10bar/±6kPa to ±1MPa/±1psi to ±150psi

FIGURE 1:

NN	No ports	AN	Single axial barbed port	LN	Single axial barbless port	RN	Single radial barbed port	RR	Dual radial barbed ports, same side	DR	Dual radial barbed ports, opposite sides	JN	Single radial barbless port	IJ	Dual radial barbless ports, same side
	Single radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm)		Dual radial barbed ports, (Ø3.0mm) same side	RD	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) oposite side	ΤP	Single radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) top side	DT	Dual radial barbed ports, (ø3.0mm) top side		Dual axial barbed ports, opposite sides	FF	Fastener mount, dual axial barbed ports,opposite sides	FN	Fastener mount, single axial barbed port
GN	Ribbed fastener mount, single axial barbed port 008B	NB	Fastener mount, dual axial ports, same side	ΗH	Fastener mount, dual radial barbed ports, same side	ΗN	Fastener mount, single radial barbed port	MN	Manifold mount, outer diameter seal		Manifold mount, inner diameter seal				,

FIGURE 2:

±1.6 n	nbar to ±10 bar	±160) Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.5 inł	H2O to ±150 PSI	±1.6	mbar to ±10 bar	±16	0 Pa to ±1 MPa	±0.	5 inH2O to ±150 psi
	Absolute		Absolute		Absolute		Gage		Gage		Gage
001BA	0 bar to 1 bar	100KA	0 kPa to 100 kPa	015PA	0 psi to 15 psi	2.5MG	0 mbar to 2.5 mbar	250LG	0 Pa to 250 Pa	001NG	0 inH2O to 1 inH2O
1.6BA	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KA	0 kPa to 160 kPa	030PA	0 psi to 30 psi	004MG	0 mbar to 4 mbar	400LG	0 Pa to 400 Pa	002NG	0 inH2O to 2 inH2O
2.5BA	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KA	0 kPa to 250 kPa	060PA	0 psi to 60 psi	006MG	0 mbar to 6 mbar	600LG	0 Pa to 600 Pa	004NG	0 inH2O to 4 inH2O
004BA	0 bar to 4 bar	400KA	0 kPa to 400 kPa	100PA	0 psi to 100 psi	010MG	0 mbar to 10 mbar	001KG	0 kPa to 1 kPa	005NG	0 inH2O to 5 inH2O
006BA	0 bar to 6 bar	600KA	0 kPa to 600 kPa	150PA	0 psi to 150 psi	016MG	0 mbar to 16 mbar	1.6KG	0 kPa to 1.6 kPa	010NG	0 inH2O to 10 inH2O
010BA	0 bar to 10 bar	001GA	0 kPa to 1 MPa			025MG	0 mbar to 25 mbar	2.5KG	0 kPa to 2.5 kPa	020NG	0 inH2O to 20 inH2O
						040MG	0 mbar to 40 mbar	004KG	0 kPa to 4 kPa	030NG	0 inH2O to 30 inH2O
0	Differential		Differential		Differential	060MG	0 mbar to 60 mbar	006KG	0 kPa to 6 kPa	001PG	0 psi to 1 psi
001MD	±1 mbar	100LD	±100 Pa	0.5ND	±0.5 inH2O	100MG	0 mbar to 100 mbar	010KG	0 kPa to 10 kPa	005PG	0 psi to 5 psi
1.6MD	±1.6 mbar	160LD	±160 Pa	001ND	±1 inH2O	160MG	0 mbar to 160 mbar	016KG	0 kPa to 16 kPa	015PG	0 psi to 15 psi
2.5MD	±2.5 mbar	250LD	±250 Pa	002ND	±2 inH2O	250MG	0 mbar to 250 mbar	025KG	0 kPa to 25 kPa	030PG	0 psi to 30 psi
004MD	±4 mbar	400LD	±400 Pa	004ND	±4 inH2O	400MG	0 bar to 400 mbar	040KG	0 kPa to 40 kPa	060PG	0 psi to 60 psi
006MD	±6 mbar	600LD	±600 Pa	005ND	±5 inH2O	600MG	0 bar to 600 mbar	060KG	0 kPa to 60 kPa	100PG	0 psi to 100 psi
010MD	±10 mbar	001KD	±1 kPa	010ND	±10 inH2O	001BG	0 bar to 1 bar	100KG	0 kPa to 100 kPa	150PG	0 psi to 150 psi
016MD	±16 mbar	1.6KD	±1.6 kPa	020ND	±20 inH2O	1.6BG	0 bar to 1.6 bar	160KG	0 kPa to 160 kPa		
025MD	±25 mbar	2.5KD	±2.5 kPa	030ND	±30 inH2O	2.5BG	0 bar to 2.5 bar	250KG	0 kPa to 250 kPa	1	
040MD	±40 mbar	004KD	±4 kPa	001PD	±1 psi	004BG	0 bar to 4 bar	400KG	0 kPa to 400 kPa	1	
060MD	±60 mbar	006KD	±6 kPa	005PD	±5 psi	006BG	0 bar to 6 bar	600KG	0 kPa to 600 kPa	1	
100MD	±100 mbar	010KD	±10 kPa	015PD	±15 psi	010BG	0 bar to 10 bar	001GG	0 kPa to 1 MPa	1	
160MD	±160 mbar	016KD	±16 kPa	030PD	±30 psi					-	
250MD	±250 mbar	025KD	±25 kPa	060PD	±60 psi						
400MD	±400 mbar	040KD	±40 kPa								
600MD	±600 mbar	060KD	±60 kPa	1							
001BD	±1 bar	100KD	±100 kPa]							
1.6BD	±1.6 bar	160KD	±160 kPa								
2.5BD	±2.5 bar	250KD	±250 kPa	1							
004BD	±4 bar	400KD	±400 kPa								

TABLE 1:

CHARACTERISTIC	C	MIN	MAX	UNITS			
Supply voltage (Vsupply	()	-0.3	6.0	Vdc			
Voltage on any pin		-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V			
Digital interface	I ² C	100	400				
clock frequency:	SPI	50	800	KHz			
ESD susceptibility (hum	an body model)	2	-	kV			
Storage temperature		-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]			
Soldering time and temp	perature:						
lead solder temperature	e (DIP)	4 s max. at 250°C	4 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				
peak reflow temperature	e (Leadless SMT, SMT)	15 s max. at 250°	15 s max. at 250°C [482°F]				

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
Humidity:	
all external surfaces	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
internal surfaces of Liquid Media Option (T, V, F, G)	0 %RH to 100 %RH, condensing
internal surfaces of Dry Gases Option (N, D)	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at <30°C/85 %RH)

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

COMPONENT	PRESSURE PORT 1 (I	P1)	PRESSURE PORT 2 (P2)
	DRY GAS OPTION	DRY GAS OPTION LIQUID MEDIA OPTION	
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide/	alumina ceramic	
Substrate	alumina ceramic	-	alumina ceramic
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone gel	epoxy, silicone
Electronic components	silicon, glass, solder gold,alumina	304 SST	silicon

*Contact SQMEAS Customer Service for detailed material information.

TABLE 4. SENSOR PRESSURE TYPES

PRESSURE TYPE DESCRIPTION

Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 - Port 2).

TABLE 5. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

			ANALO	G		DIGITA	۱L		NOTES
CHARAC ⁻	TERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0 Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25		
Supply current	3.3 Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0 Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
Operating temperatu	re range	-40	-	+85	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	60	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output o	ption	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power ι	Startup time (power up to data ready)		-	5	-	-	5	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	2	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsupply	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-		
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	, SCL/SCLK, SS	-	-	-	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
		-	-	-	12	-	16	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of 0°C to 50°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

TABLE 6. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES (DIGITAL VERSIONS ONLY)

	DIGITAL COUNTS						
% OUTPUT	DECIMAL	HEX					
0	-32768	(0X8000)					
10	-26214	(0X6666)					
50	0	0X0000					
90	26214	0X6666					
100	32768	0X8000					

PRESSURE FUNCTION

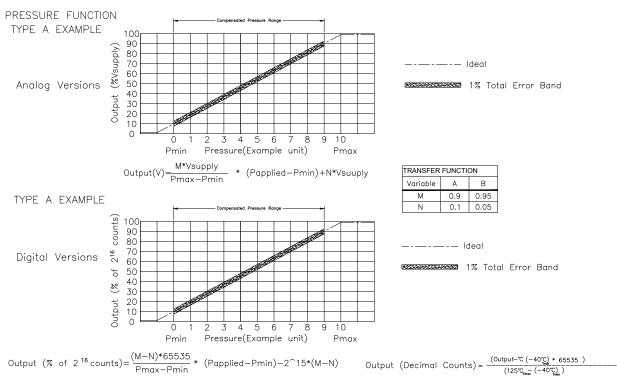


Table 7.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Abso	lute	1	1		1
001BA	0	1	bar	-	2	4	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	-	4	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	-	6	8	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BA	0	4	bar	-	8	16	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BA	0	6	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BA	0	10	bar	-	17	17	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
001MD	-1	1	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	20	40	60	100	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004MD	-4	4	mbar	20	40	60	100	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
006MD	-6	6	mbar	50	80	100	200	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MD	-60	60	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MD	-100	100	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MD	-160	160	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MD	-250	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MD	-400	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MD	-600	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BD	-1	1	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar		16	17	10	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 7. 2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.	-				Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1				Gag	ge	1			1
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
060MG	0	60	mbar		850	1000	5450	±1%	-	±0.25%
100MG	0	100	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160MG	0	160	mbar		850	1000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250MG	0	250	mbar		1400	2500	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400MG	0	400	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
600MG	0	600	mbar		2000	4000	10000	±1%	-	±0.25%
001BG	0	1	bar		2	4	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar		4	8	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar		8	16	10	±1%	-	±0.25%
004BG	0	4	bar		8	16	16	±1%	-	±0.25%
006BG	0	6	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%
010BG	0	10	bar		17	17	17	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.1 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²	Burst Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
					Abso	lute	1		1	1
100KA	0	100	kPa	-	200	400	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KA	0	160	kPa	-	400	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KA	0	250	kPa	-	600	800	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KA	0	400	kPa	-	800	1600	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KA	0	600	kPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GA	0	1	MPa	-	1700	1700	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
100LD	-100	100	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
160LD	-160	160	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2.5%	±1.75%	±0.5%
250LD	-250	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
400LD	-400	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
600LD	-600	600	Pa	5000	10000	20000	200000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KD	-6	6	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
010KD	-10	10	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 8.2 Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
	1			I	Ga	ge	1	1		1
250LG	0	250	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
400LG	0	400	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.5%
600LG	0	600	Pa	2000	4000	6000	100000	±2%	±1%	±0.35%
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
006KG	0	6	kPa		85	100	545	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010KG	0	10	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
016KG	0	16	kPa		85	100	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
040KG	0	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
060KG	0	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
100KG	0	100	kPa		200	400	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
160KG	0	160	kPa		400	800	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
250KG	0	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±1%	-	±0.25%
400KG	0	400	kPa		800	1600	1600	±1%	-	±0.25%
600KG	0	600	kPa		1700	1700	1700	±1%	-	±0.25%
001GG	0	1	MPa		1.7	1.7	1.7	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH $_2$ O to 150 psi

Pressure Range (see Figure 4)	-Pressure Range		Unit	Working Pressure ¹	Over Pressure ²		Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
	Pmin.	Pmax.					Pressure⁴	(%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)
			1		Abso	lute	1	1	1	1
015PA	0	15	psi	-	30	60	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PA	0	30	psi	-	60	120	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PA	0	60	psi	-	120	240	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PA	0	100	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PA	0	150	psi	-	250	250	-	±1%	-	±0.25%
					Differe	ential				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
001ND	-1	1	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
002ND	-2	2	inH₂O	35	70	200	1000	±1%	±0.75%	±0.35%
004ND	-4	4	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
005ND	-5	5	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
010ND	-10	10	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020ND	-20	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030ND	-30	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PD	-1	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%		±0.25%
005PD	-5	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PD	-15	15	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PD	-30	30	psi		120	240	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PD	-60	60	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

Table 9.1 Pressure Range Specifications for 0.5 inH 2 O to 150 psi

Pressure Range	-Pressu Range	Range Pressure ¹ Pressure ² Pressure ³ Mode				Pressure ³	Common Mode	Total Error Band⁵	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability
(see Figure 4)	Pmin.			Pressure⁴	(%FSS) Auto-Zo (%FSS)		of 1000 hr, 25 °C (%FSS)			
	1				G	age	1		1	1
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±3%	±2%	±0.5%
002NG	0	2	inH₂O	35	70	100	400	±2%	±1.25%	±0.35%
004NG	0	4	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1.5%	±0.75%	±0.35%
005NG	0	5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±1%	±0.75%	±0.25%
010NG	0	10	inH₂O	150	300	500	2200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
020NG	0	20	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
030NG	0	30	inH₂O	175	350	550	4200	±1%	±0.5%	±0.25%
001PG	0	1	psi		10	15	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
005PG	0	5	psi		30	40	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
015PG	0	15	psi		30	60	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
030PG	0	30	psi		60	120	150	±1%	-	±0.25%
060PG	0	60	psi		120	240	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
100PG	0	100	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±1%	-	±0.25%

1. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

mits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until presssure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

2. Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

3. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

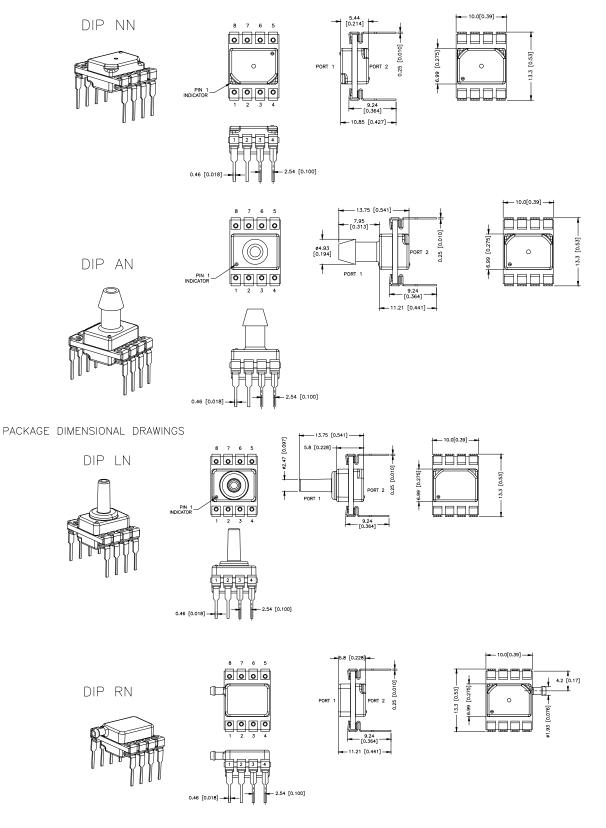
4. Common mode pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

5. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

6. Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage

for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

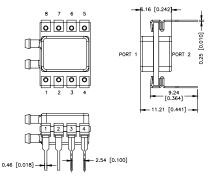
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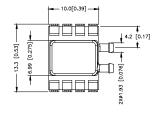


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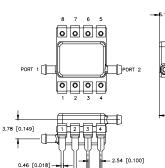


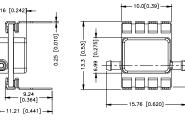


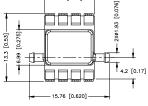


DIP DR







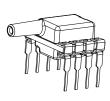


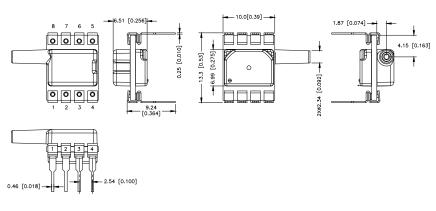
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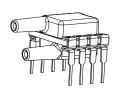
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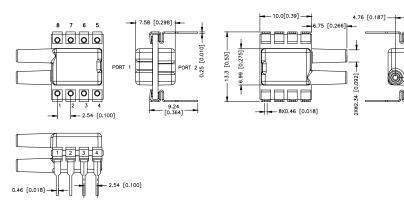
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DIP JJ





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PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor

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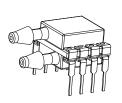
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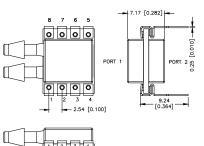
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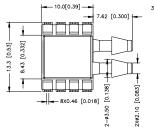
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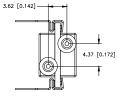
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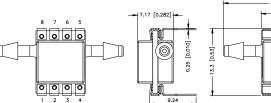
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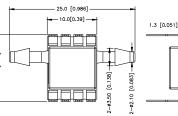


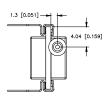
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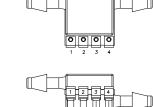


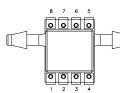


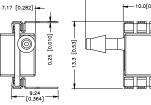








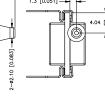


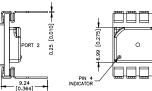


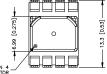
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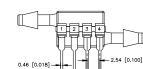
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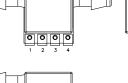












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4.79 [0.189]

PORT 2

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0000

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[0.248]

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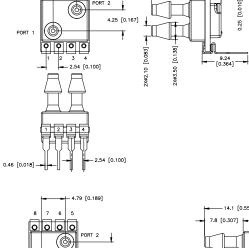
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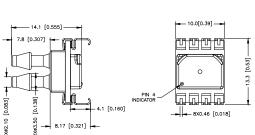
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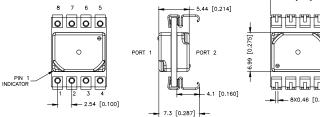
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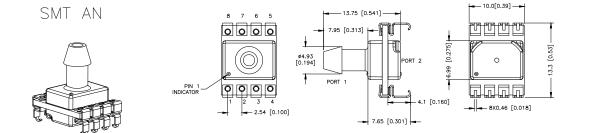
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ԾԾԾฃ 13.3 [0.53] 8x0.46 [0.018]

- 10.0[0.39]

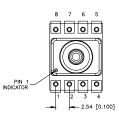


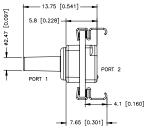
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

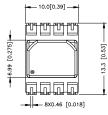
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SMT LN

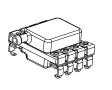


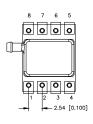


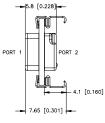




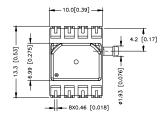
SMT RN







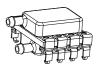
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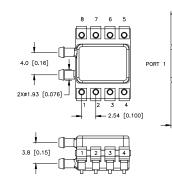


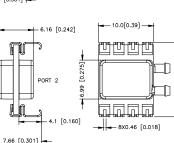
[0.53]

13.3

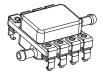
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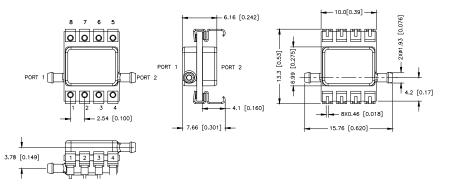






SMT DR

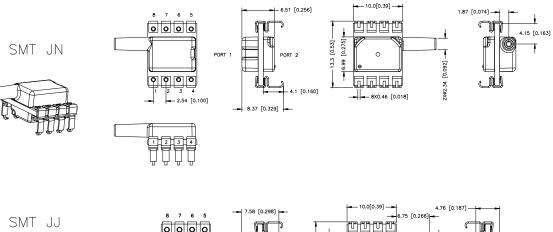




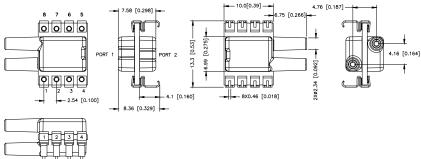
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

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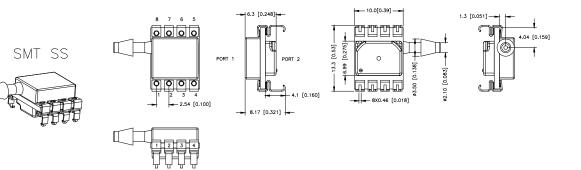


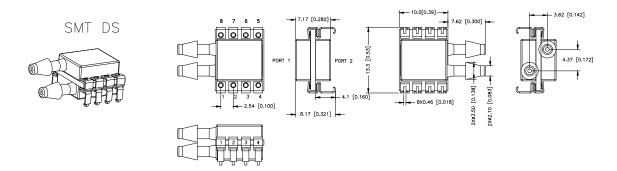




PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

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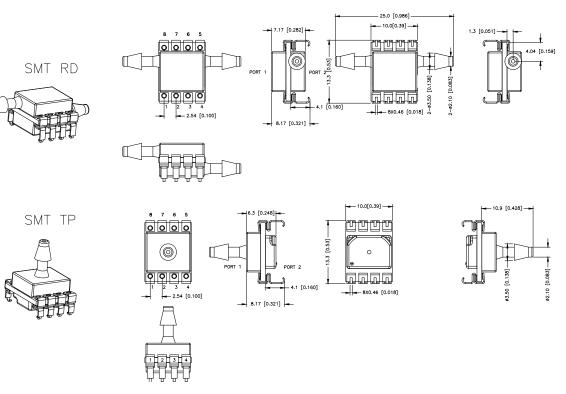




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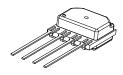
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

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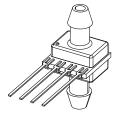


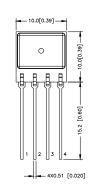
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SIP NN



SIP AA





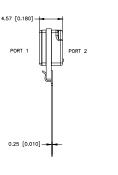
10.0[0.39] -

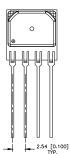
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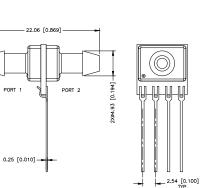
10.0[0.39]

5.2 [0.60]

E



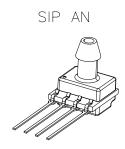


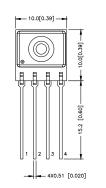


2 3 4 4 4X0.51 [0.020]

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

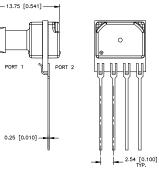




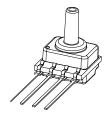
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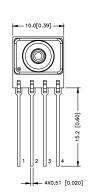
- 27.2 [1.071] -

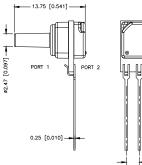
PORT

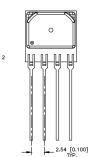


SIP LN

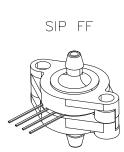


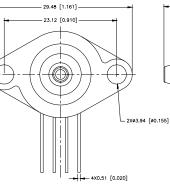


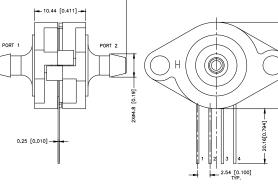




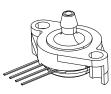
7.78 [0.700]

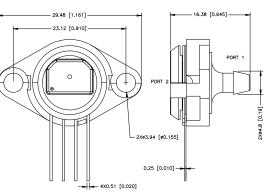


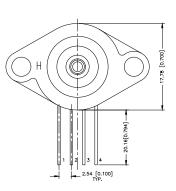








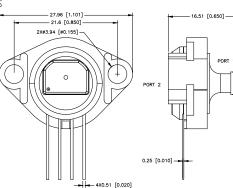


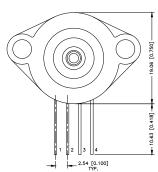


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

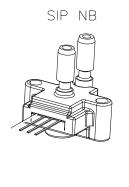
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

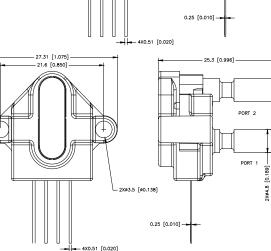


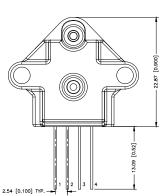




\$4.8 [0.19]

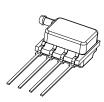


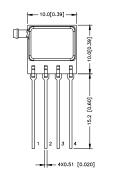


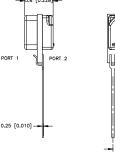


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

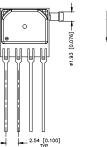
SIP RN







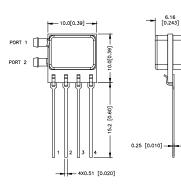
PORT 1

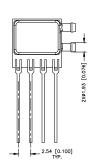


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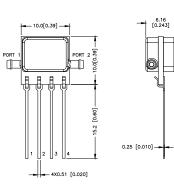


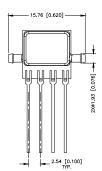


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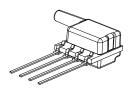
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

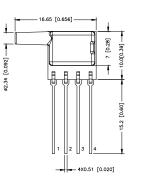


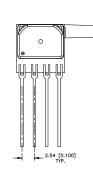




SIP JN





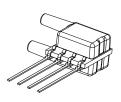


6.51 [0.243]

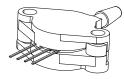
0.25 [0.010] -

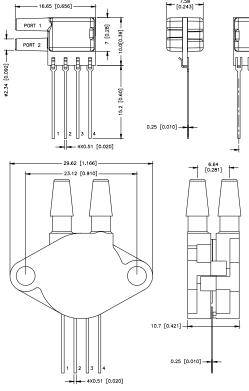
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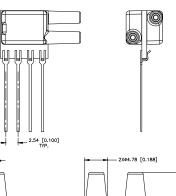
SIP JJ

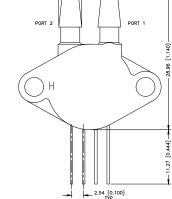


SIP HH







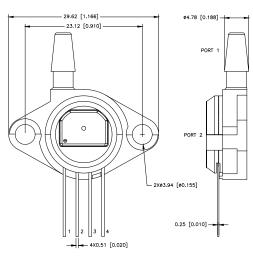


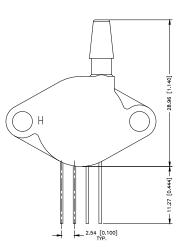
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SIP HN





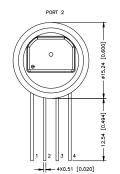


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

SIP MN



SIP SN



PORT 2

2.57 [0.495]

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[0.516]

13.11

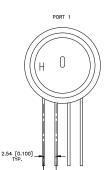
5.2 [0.598

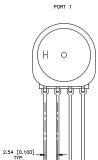


5.08

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0.25 [0.010]





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2 || 3 || <u>4</u> --- 4X0.51 [0.020]

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

PINOUTS FOR DIP AND SMT PACKAGE

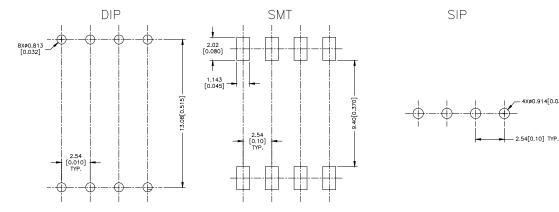
OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4	PIN5	PIN6	PIN7	PIN8
12C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	SS	MOSI	EOC	VOUTA
SPI	GND	Vsupply	MISO	SCLK	SS	MOSI	EOC	VOUTA
ANALOG	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL	SS	MOSI	EOC	VOUTA

PINOUTS FOR SIP

OUTPUT	PIN1	PIN2	PIN3	PIN4
I2C	GND	Vsupply	SDA	SCL
ANALOG	NC	Vsupply	Vout	GND

PINOUTS, PCB PAD LAYOUT

RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS

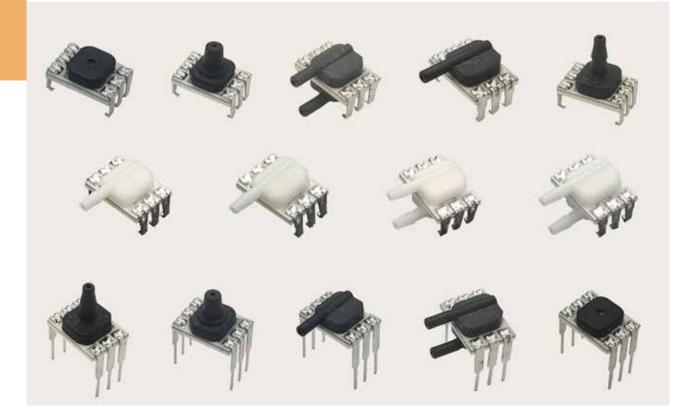


4[0.036]

PRESSURE MODEL SAABPH

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

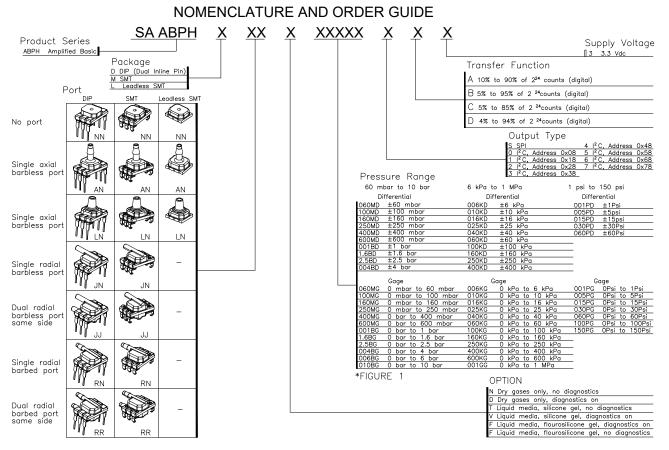


DESCRIPTION

SAABPH High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SAABPH Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SAABPH Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SAABPH Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

ORDERING INFORMATION



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

			DIGITA	L		
CH	IARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
Supply current	I2C/sleep/Standby Mode	3.0	33.8	211	uA	
	SPI/sleep/Standby Mode	13	43.8	211	uA	
Operating temperatu	re range	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output of	option	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power u	Startup time (power up to data ready)		-	3	mS	
Response time		2	7	10	mS	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	D, SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1000 hr, 25°C)		-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		-	-	-	%FSS	
		12	-	-	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are 3.3 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

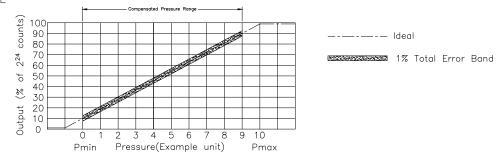
minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

Model SAABBPH SERIES

PRESSURE FUNCTION TYPE A EXAMPLE



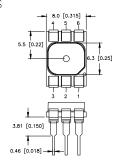
Output (% of 2^{24} counts) = $\frac{M*16777215}{Pmax-Pmin} * (Papplied-Pmin)+N*16777215$

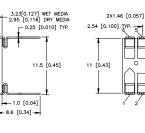
 $\label{eq:temperature} \text{Temperature Output (Decimal Counts)} = \ \frac{(\text{Output } ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}}) * \ 16777215}{(85^{\circ}\text{C}_{\text{Tmax}} - (-40^{\circ}\text{C})_{\text{Tm}})}$

TRANSFER FUNCTION								
Variable A B C D								
М	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9				
Ν	N 0.1 0.05 0.05 0.04							

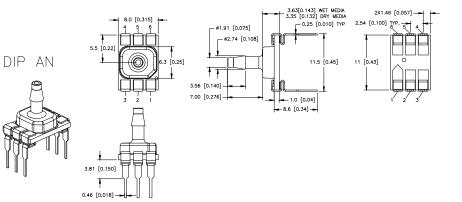
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS





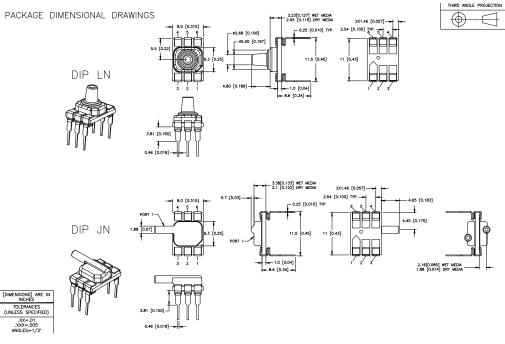




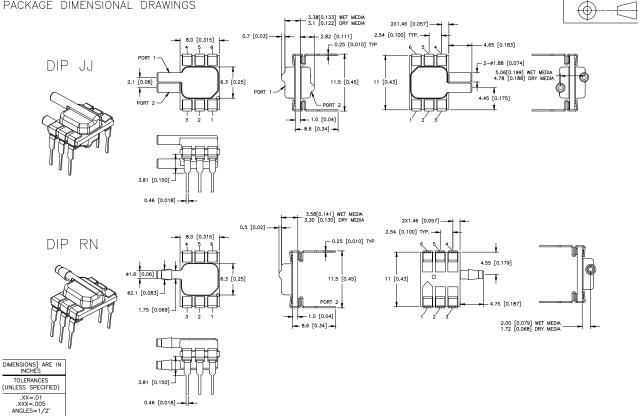




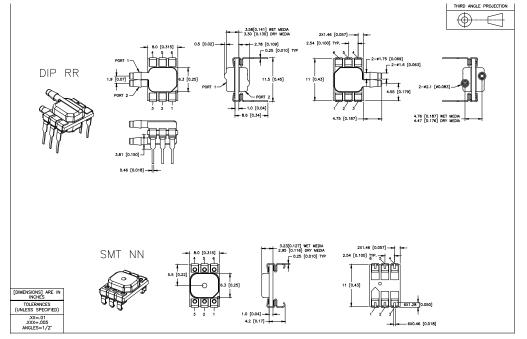
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

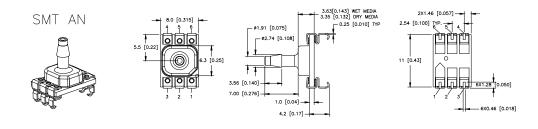


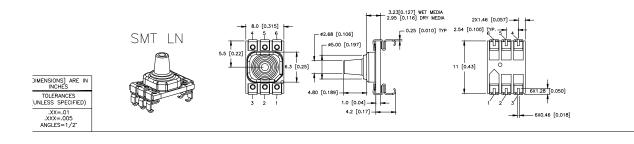
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS



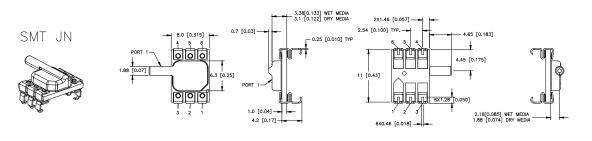
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

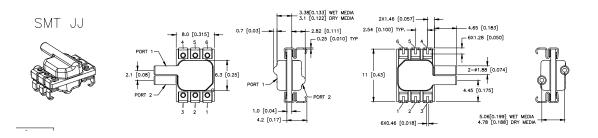


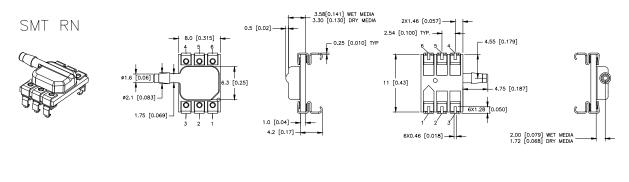


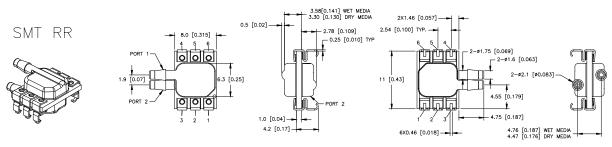


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

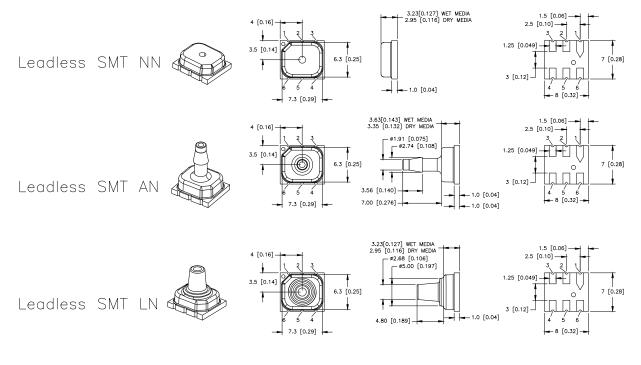








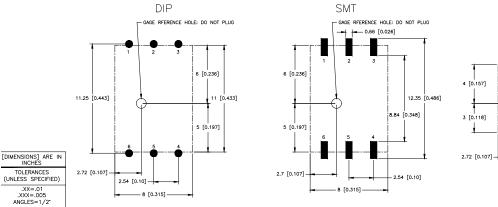
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

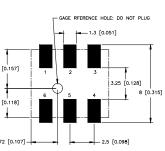


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PINOUTS							
OUTPUT	PAD 1	PAD 2	PAD 3	PAD 4	PAD 5	PAD 6	
12C	GND	Vsupply	NC	NC	SDA	SCL	
SPI	GND	Vsupply	SS	MISO	MOSI	SCLK	

RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUTS





Leadless SMT

PRESSURE MODEL SAABPC

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure

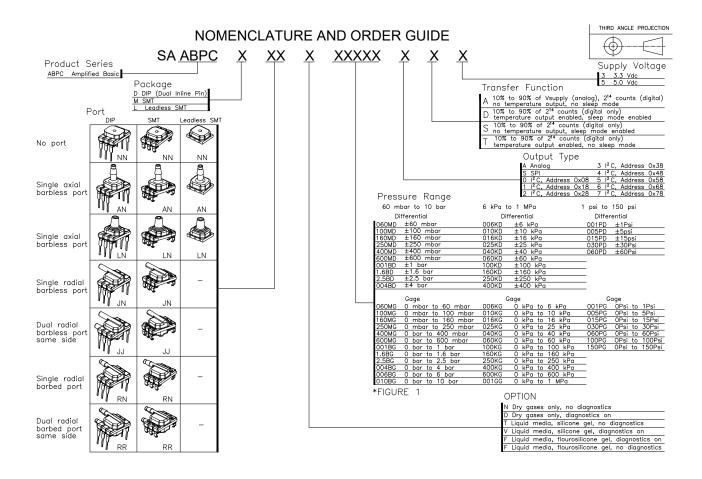
- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection



DESCRIPTION

SAABPC High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SAABPC Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at appro ximately 1 kHz.

SAABPC Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SAABPC Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.



PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

			ANALOG	3	C	IGITAL			
CHARACTER	RISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	ΤΥΡ	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25		
Supply current	3.3Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
	sleep mode option	-	-	-	-	1	10	uA	
Operating tempe	rature range	-40	-	+85	-	-	85	°C	4
Compensated ter	mperature range	-	-	50	-	-	50	°C	5
Temperature out	out option	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time(pow	er up to data ready)	-	-	5	-	-	3	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	0.46	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsuppily	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-		
I ² C/SPI voltage	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsuppily	
level	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/M	IOSO,SCL/SCLK,SS	-	-	-	-	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stabilit	ty (1000 hr,25°⊂)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution	L	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
		-	-	-	11	-	14	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of 0°C to 50°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis

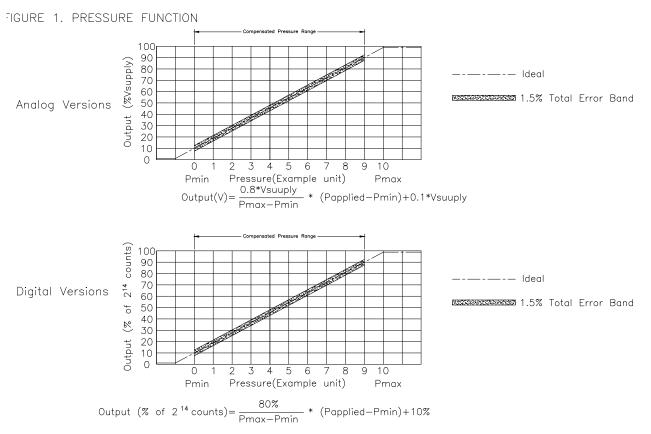
8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range. (See Figure 1.)

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

Model SAABBPH SERIES

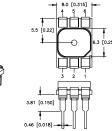


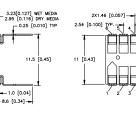
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

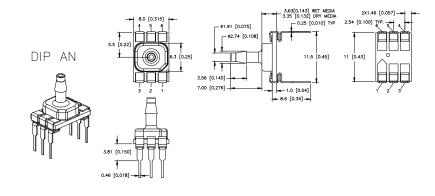
[DIMENSIONS] ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED) .XX=.01 .XXX=.005



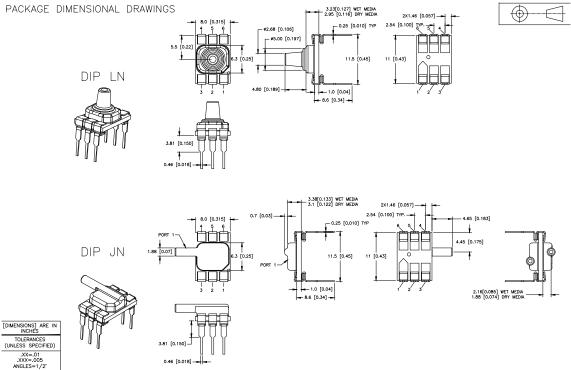








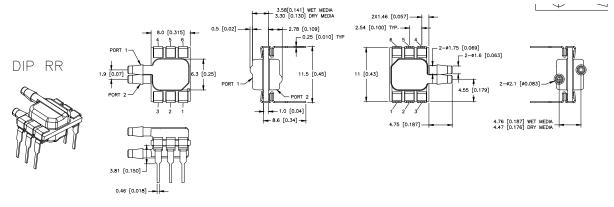
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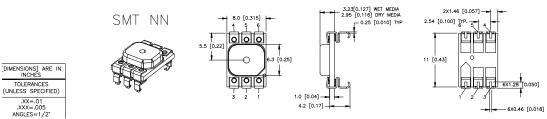


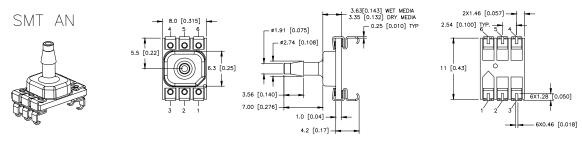
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

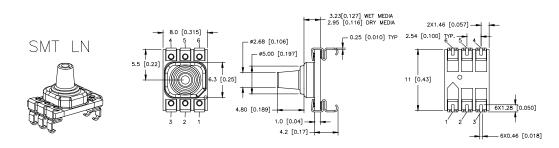
PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS \bigoplus \in 3.38[0.133] WET MEDIA 3.1 [0.122] DRY MEDIA 2X1.46 [0.057] 2.82 [0.111] 2. 2.54 [0.100] TYP.-0.7 [0.03] 4.65 [0.183] 2-ø1.88 [0.074] DIP JJ 5.06[0.199] WET 4.78 [0.188] DR 2.1 [0.08] 11 [0.43] 11.5 45] 4.45 [0.175] PORT = 1.0 [0.04] = 8.6 [0.34] = 3.81 [0.150] 0.46 [0.018] 3.58[0.141] WET MEDIA 3.30 [0.130] DRY MEDIA 2X1.46 [0.057] 0.5 [0.02] 2.54 [0.100] TYP.-8.0 [0.315] 4 5 6 DIP RN - 0.25 [0.010] TYP ł 4.55 [0.179] ø1.6 0.06 4 11.5 [0.45] 11 [0.43] ø2.1 [0.083] PORT 2 5 [0.187] 1.75 [0.069] 1.0 [0.04] 8.6 [0.34] 2.00 [0.079] WET MEDIA 1.72 [0.068] DRY MEDIA [DIMENSIONS] ARE IN INCHES Π TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED) 3.81 [0.150] .XX=.01 .XXX=.005 ANGLES=1/2* 0.46 [0.018] -

PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

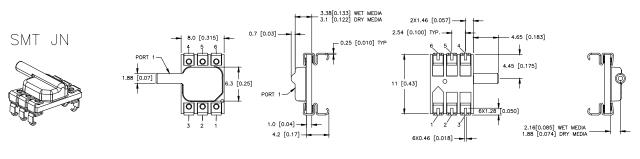


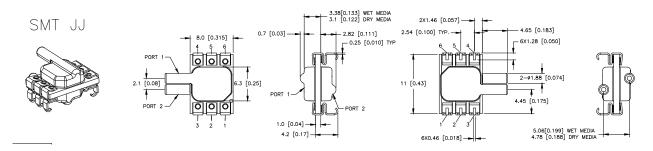


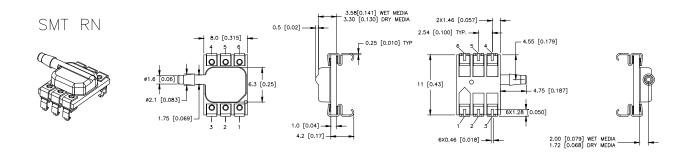


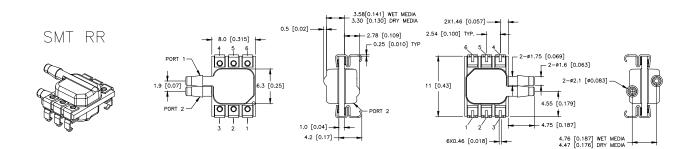


PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

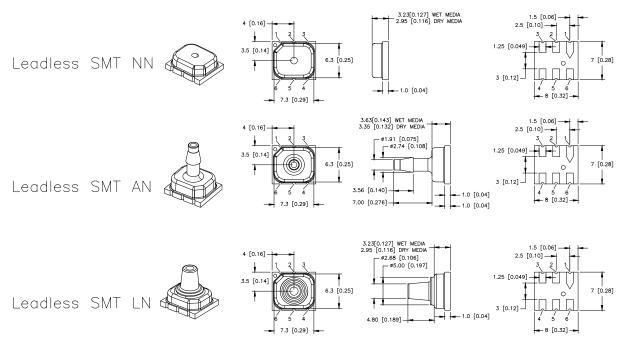








PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS



PACKAGE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

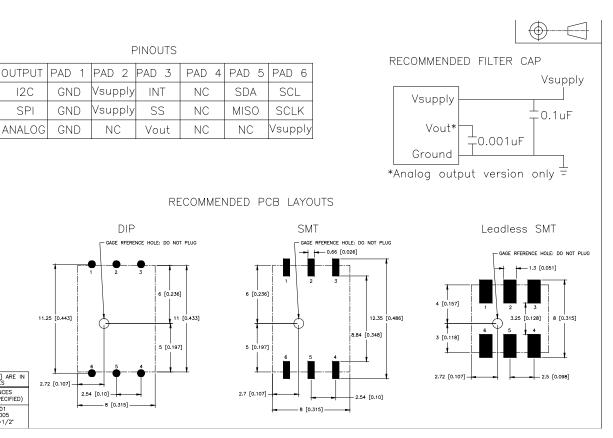
12C

SPI

[DIMENSIONS] ARE IN INCHES

TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)

.XX=.01 .XXX=.005 ANGLES=1/2



PRESSURE MODEL SA55

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



Variable Air Volume control

- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

DESCRIPTION

SA55 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is apiezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offerin g an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA55 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperatue effects, and non-linearity using an onboard Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 1 kHz.

SA55 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA55 Series sensors are intended for use with noncorrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

FEATURES

• Leak proof package:SA55 series pressure sensor is designed with leak proof package with side port and DIP. Basis substrate is optional with ceramic or FR4 PCB. Pressure port is optional with either ceramic or PPS material.

- Small size:10.3mm*10.3mm compact package.
- Energy efficient: Extremely low power consumption: Supply voltage is 3.3 or 5Volts
- RoHS compliant.
- Absolute, Differential and Gage pressure type.

• Wide variety of pressure ranges: Low pressure from ±1 mbar to±75 mbar, medium pressure from 1psi to 30psi, provide support for many unique applications.

- The 1/8" barbed pressure ports mate securely with 3/32" ID tubing.
- Customer orientation: Accuracy, Total error band and compensated temperature can be customized.
- Provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -10 °C to 60 °C.

• Industry-leading long-term stability: Even after long-term use and thermal extremes, these sensors perform substantially better relative to stability than any other pressure sensor available in the industry today.

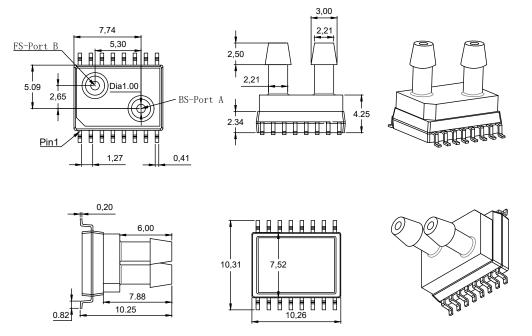
- Industry-leading accuracy: Extremely tight accuracy of ±0.25 %FSS BFSL (Full Scale Span Best Fit Straight Line)
- Industry-leading Total Error Band (TEB): Sensorall International specifies TEB—the most comprehensive, clear, and meaningful measurement—that provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -10 °C to 60 °C.

• I2C- or SPI-compatible 14-bit digital output (min. 12-bit sensor resolution) accelerates performance through reduced conversion requirements and the convenience of direct interface to microprocessors or microcontrollers;

• Digital output types can offer 10%~90% output or 5%~95% output for optional.

PRESSURE MODEL SA55

DIMENSIONS



CONNECTION DIAGRAM									
Output type	Pin1-5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8-9	Pin10	Pin11	Pin12	Pin13	Pin14-16
Analog	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank	GND	Sig	V+	Blank
Digital	Blank	GND	V+	Blank	SDA	SCL	Blank	Blank	Blank

Notes

1.Maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.

2. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

3. The compensated temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits.

4. The operating temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified performance limits.

5.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25 °C Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

6.Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9.Life may vary depending on specific application in which sensor is utilized.

10.Contact Sensorall International Sales and Service for detailed material information.

11. Total Error Band After Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

12.Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, min.

13.Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range. Tested to 10,000 cycles, minimum.

14.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

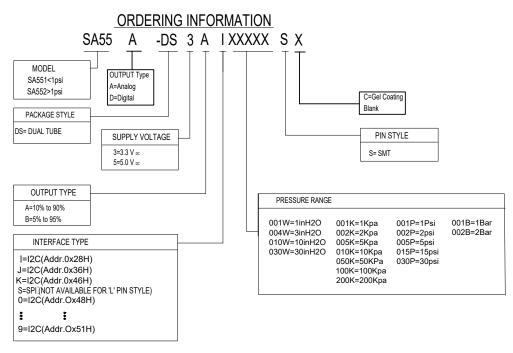
15.Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.Customized design please contact Sensorall International sales.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

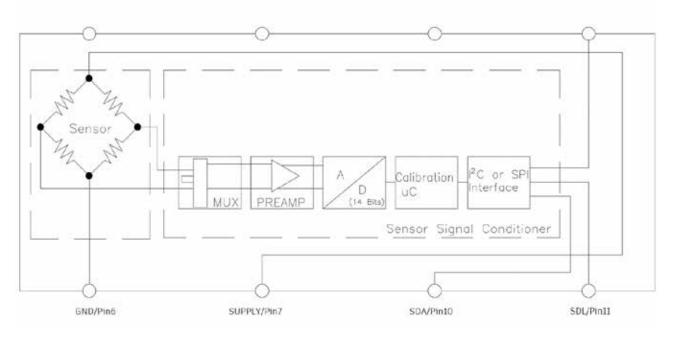
Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage (Vsupply) 3.3 5.0 Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on listing selected	3.0 4.75	3.3 ² 5.0 ²	3.6 5.25	Vdc Vdc
Supply current 3.3 Vdc supply 5.0 Vdc supply	2.1 3			mA mA
Compensated temperature range3	-10	-	60	°C
Operating temperature range 4	-40	-	125	°C
Startup time(power up to data ready)	-	2.8	7.3	ms
Response time	-	0.46	-	ms
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	-	-	0.2	Vsupply
I 2C/SPI voltage level low	0.8	-	-	Vsupply
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	Kohm
Accuracy 5	-	-	±0.25	%FSS ⁷
Orientation Sensitivity6	-	-	±0.15	%FSS ⁸
Total Error Band (TEB)7	-1%	-	1%	%FSS
Over Pressure		>3		Times
Burst Pressure		>5		Times
OUTPUT RESOLUTION	11	-	14	Bits

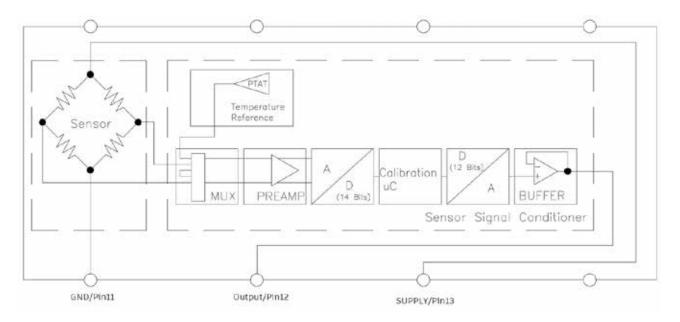
Ordering Information



Block Diagram



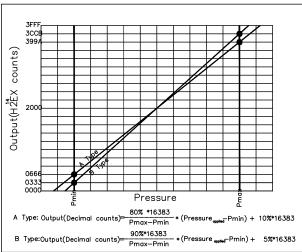
SA55 Digital output

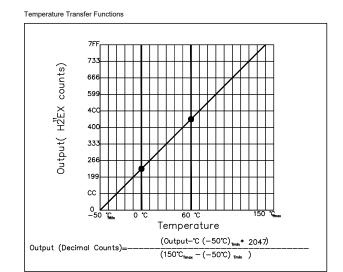


SA55 Analog output

Pressure and Temperature transfer

Pressure Transfer Functions





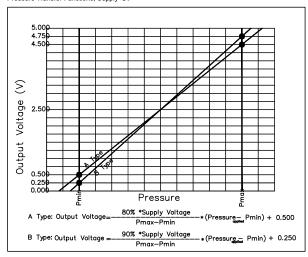
Sensor Output at Significant Percentages

% of Counts	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0	0 X 0000
5		Pmin	819	0 X 0333
10	Pmin		1638	0 X 0666
50			8192	0 X 2000
90	Pmax		14746	0 X 399A
95		Pmax	15563	0 X 3CCB
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*1/8	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	16383	0 X 3FFF

Temperature Output vs Counts

Output °C	Digital Counts (decimal)	Digital Counts (hex)
-50	0	0 X 0000
0	511	0 X 01FF
10	614	0 X 0266
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1023	0 X 03FF
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF



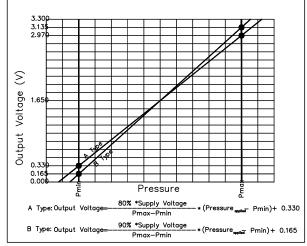


Sensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=5.000V)

% Output	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Voltage(V)
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000
5		Pmin	0.250
10	Pmin		0.500
50			2.500
90	Pmax		4.500
95		Pmax	4.750
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	5.000

Digital Output





Sensor Output at Significant Percentages (Supply=3.300V)

	5 5	(11))		
% Output	Output Type A (inH20)	Output Type B (inH20)	Voltage(V)	
0	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmin-(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	0.000	
5		Pmin	0.165	
10	Pmin		0.330	
50			1.650	
90	Pmax		2.970	
95		Pmax	3.135	
100	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*10/80	Pmax+(Pmax-Pmin)*5/90	3.300	

Analog Output

PRESSURE MODEL SA54

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



- Variable Air Volume control
- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

DESCRIPTION

SA54 High Accuracy leadframe sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor, offering an 24bits digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA54 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50 Hz. SA54 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of 0 °C to 50 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply from 1.68 to 3.6 Vdc.

These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA54 Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

FEATURES

• Energy efficient: Extremely low power consumption: Supply voltage is from 1.68 to 3.6 Volts

- · RoHS compliant.
- Absolute, Differential and Gage pressure type.
- Wide variety of pressure ranges: Low pressure from ±1 mbar to±75 mbar, medium pressure from 1psi to 30psi, provide support for many unique applications.
- The 1/8" barbed pressure ports mate securely with 3/32" ID tubing.
- Customer orientation: Accuracy, Total error band and compensated temperature can be customized.
- Provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of 0 °C to 50 °C.

• Industry-leading long-term stability: Even after long-term use and thermal extremes, these sensors perform substantially better relative to stability than any other pressure sensor available in the industry today.

• Industry-leading accuracy: Extremely tight accuracy of ±0.25 %FSS BFSL (Full Scale Span Best Fit Straight Line)

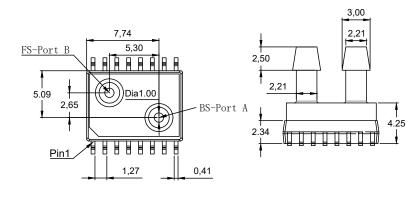
• Industry-leading Total Error Band (TEB): Sensorall International specifies TEB—the most comprehensive, clear, and meaningful measurement—that provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of 0 °C to 50 °C.

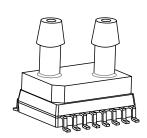
• I2C compatible 24-bit digital output (min. 18-bit sensor resolution) accelerates performance through reduced conversion requirements and the convenience of direct interface to microprocessors or microcontrollers;

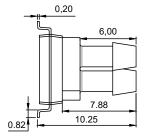
• Digital output types can offer 10%~90% output or 5%~95% output for optional.

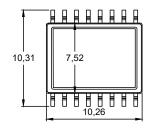
PRESSURE MODEL SA54

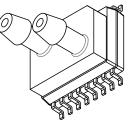
DIMENSIONS











CONNECTION DIAGRAM											
Pin	Pin1-3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin8-9	Pin10	Pin11	Pin12	Pin13-16		
I2C Output	Blank	SDA	SCL	Blank	Blank	VSS	VDD	Blank	Blank		

Notes

1.Maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.

2. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

3. The compensated temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits. 4. The operating temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified performance limits.

5.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25 °C Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

6.Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9.Life may vary depending on specific application in which sensor is utilized.

10.Contact Sensorall International Sales and Service for detailed material information.

11.Total Error Band After Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span

12.Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, min.

13.Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range. Tested to 10,000 cycles, minimum.

14.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

15.Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

16.Customized design please contact Sensorall International sales.

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA54

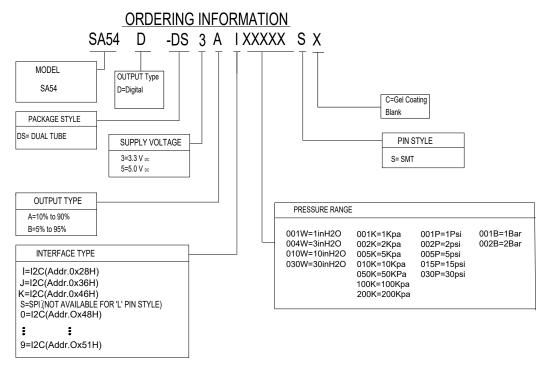
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Supply Current: 1.5mA

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

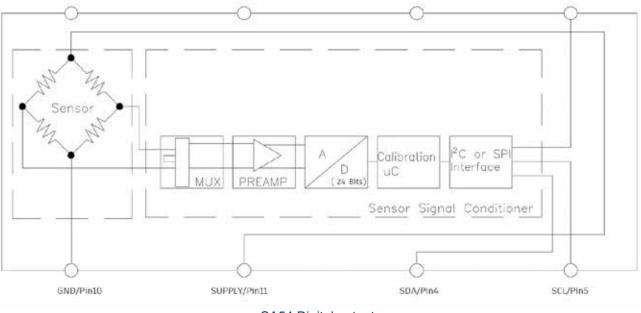
Parameter	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage (Vsupply) 3.3	1.68	3.3 ²	3.6	Vdc
Supply current 3.3 Vdc	3			mA
Compensated temperature range3	0	-	60	°C
Operating temperature range 4	-40	-	125	°C
Startup time(power up to data ready)	-	7	10	ms
Response time	-	1	-	ms
I ² C/SPI voltage level low	-	-	0.2	Vsupply
I ² C/SPI voltage level low	0.8	-	-	Vsupply
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCLK, SS	1	-	-	Kohm
Accuracy 5	-	-	±0.25	%FSS
Orientation Sensitivity6	-	-	±0.15	%FSS ⁸
Total Error Band (TEB)7	-1%	-	1%	%FSS
Over Pressure		>3		Times
Burst Pressure		>5		Times
OUTPUT RESOLUTION	12	-	24	Bits

Ordering Information



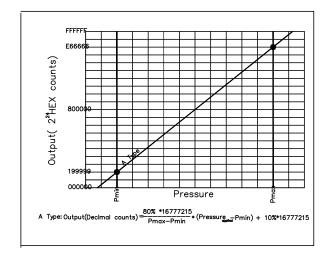
PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor MODEL SA54

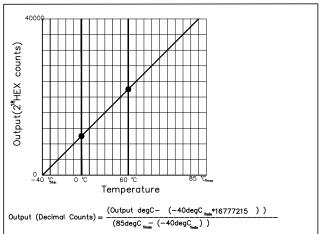
Block Diagram



SA54 Digital output

Pressure and Temperature transfer





PRESSURE Model SA57

Anesthesia machines Spirometers Nebulizers Hospital room air pressure



Variable Air Volume control

- Static duct pressure
- HVAC transmitters
- Clogged HVAC filter detection

DESCRIPTION

SA57 High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor:offering an analog and digital output for reading pressure over the specified full-scale pressure span and temperature range. SA57 Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 2 kHz.

SA57 Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc. These sensors measure differential and gage pressures. Differential versions allow application of pressure to either side of the sensing diaphragm. Gage versions are referenced to atmospheric pressure and provide an output proportional to pressure variations from atmosphere. SA57 Series sensors are intended for use with noncorrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

FEATURES

• Leak proof package:SA57 series pressure sensor is designed with lead frame package with SO16 pin.

- Small size:10.3mm*10.3mm compact package.
- Energy efficient: Extremely low power consumption: Supply voltage is 3.3 or 5Volts
- RoHS compliant.
- Absolute, Differential and Gage pressure type.

• Wide variety of pressure ranges: Low pressure from ±1 mbar to±75 mbar, medium pressure from 1psi to 30psi, provide support for many unique applications.

- The 1/8" barbed pressure ports mate securely with 3/32" ID tubing.
- Customer orientation: Accuracy, Total error band and compensated temperature can be customized.
- Provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -20 °C to 85 °C.

• Industry-leading long-term stability: Even after long-term use and thermal extremes, these sensors perform substantially better relative to stability than any other pressure sensor available in the industry today.

• Industry-leading accuracy: Extremely tight accuracy of ±0.25 %FSS BFSL (Full Scale Span Best Fit Straight Line)

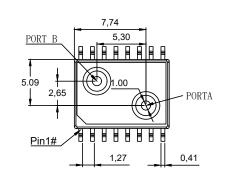
• Industry-leading Total Error Band (TEB): Sensorall International specifies TEB—the most comprehensive, clear, and meaningful measurement—that provides the sensor's true accuracy over a compensated range of -10 °C to 60 °C.

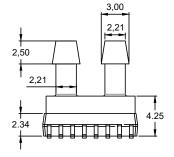
• I2C- or SPI-compatible 16-bit digital output (min. 12-bit sensor resolution) accelerates performance through reduced conversion requirements and the convenience of direct interface to microprocessors or microcontrollers;

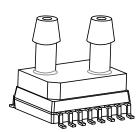
• Digital output types can offer 10%~90% output or 5%~95% output for optional.

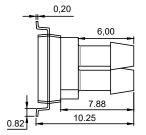
PRESSURE Model SA57

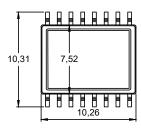
DIMENSIONS

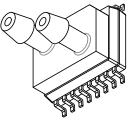












CONNECTION DIAGRAM

CONNEO									
Pin	Pin1-3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin8-9	Pin10	Pin11	Pin12	Pin13-16
Analog	Blank	Vss	Vdd	Sig	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank	Blank
Digital(SPI)	Blank	Vss	Vdd	Blank	MOSI	MISO	SCLK	SS	Blank
Digital(I2C)	Blank	Vss	Vdd	Blank	Blank	SDA	SCL	Blank	Blank

Notes

1.Maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.

2.The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

3.The compensated temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits.

4. The operating temperature range is the temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified performance limits.

5.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25 °C Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

6.Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

8.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9.Life may vary depending on specific application in which sensor is utilized.

10.Contact Sensorall International Sales and Service for detailed material information.

11.Total Error Band After Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range at a constant temperature and supply voltage for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

12.Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, min.

13.Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range. Tested to 10,000 cycles, minimum.

14.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

15.Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance.

16.Customized design please contact Sensorall International sales.

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor Model SA57

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Ambient Temperature: 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

	ANALOG DIGITAL								
CHARAC ⁻	TERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		NOTES
Supply voltage	3.3 Vdc	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
	5.0 Vdc	4.75	5.0	5.25	4.75	5.0	5.25	_	
Supply current	3.3 Vdc	-	2.1	2.8	-	3.1	3.9	mA	
	5.0 Vdc	-	2.7	3.8	-	3.7	4.6	mA	
Operating temperatu	re range	-40	-	+85	-40	-	85	°C	4
Compensated tempe	rature range	-10	-	60	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output o	ption	-	-	-	-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power ι	up to data ready)	-	-	5	-	-	5	mS	
Response time		-	1	-	-	2	-	mS	
Clipping limit	upper	-	-	97.5	-	-	-	%Vsupply	
	lower	2.5	-	-	-	-	-		
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	-	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	-	-	-	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISC	, SCL/SCLK, SS	-	-	-	1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1	000 hr, 25°C)	-	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		0.3	-	-	-	-	-	%FSS	
		-	-	-	12	-	16	bits	

Notes

1. Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.

3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of 0°C to 50°C.

Operation in Sleep Mode may affect temperature output error depending on duty cycle.

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

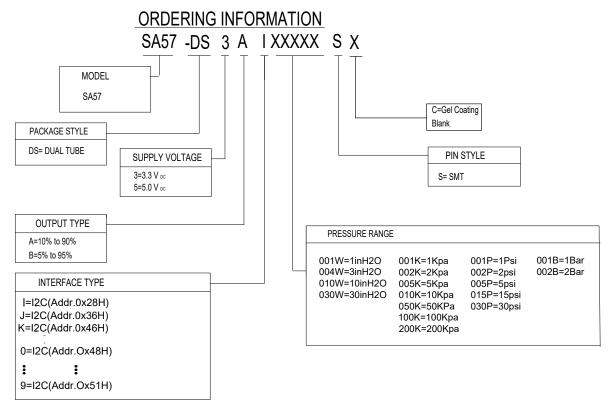
8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

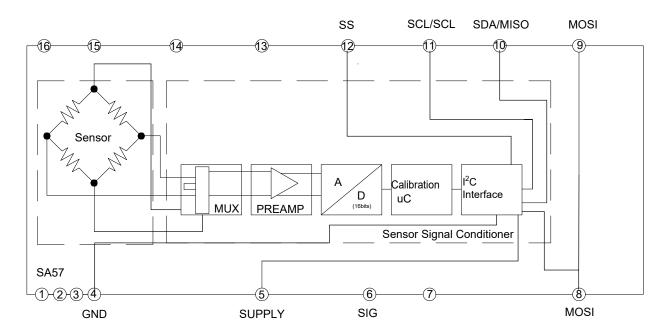
pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor Model SA57

Ordering Information



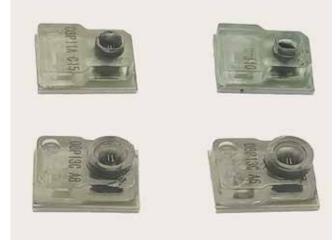
Block Diagram



Disposable Medical Sensor

MODEL SA1620

- Disposble Blood Pressure Sensor AAMI Specification Low Cost Multiple Configurations
- Disposable Blood Pressure
- Kidney Dialysis Machines
- Medical Instrumentation



FEATURES

- Low Cost Disposable Design
- Solid State Piezoresistive Sensor
- Top Side Pressure Entry
- Compatible with Automated
- **Assembly Equipment**
- Integral Dielectric Gel Barrier
- Fully Tested and Compensated

DESCRIPTION

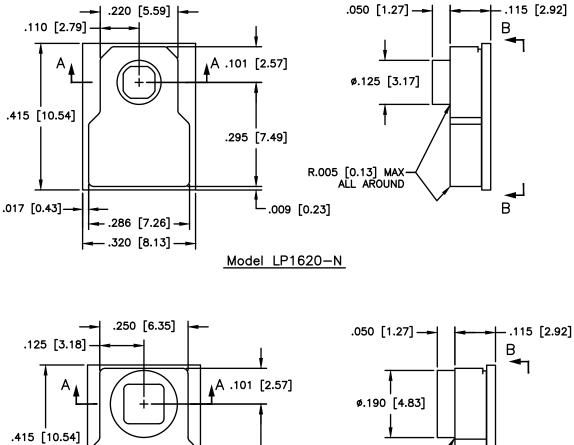
The Model SA1620 is a fully piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor for use in invasive blood pressure monitoring. The sensor is designed to be used with automated assembly equipment and can be dropped directly into a customer's disposable blood pressure housing. The sensor is designed to meet the requirements as described in the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) specification for Blood Pressure Transducers.

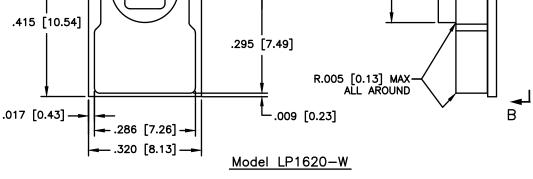
The pressure sensor consists of a pressure sensing element mounted on a ceramic substrate. Thick-film resistors on the ceramic substrate are laser-trimmed for compensation and calibration.

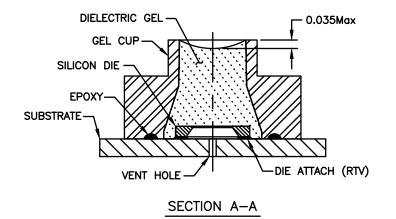
A plastic cap is attached to the ceramic substrate to provide an easy method of attachment to the customers assembly and protection for the sensing element. A dielectric gel is placed over the sensor to provide electrical and fluid isolation.

The Model SA1620 pressure sensors are batch manufactured in a 10 x 5 element array on a ceramic substrate (50 units per substrate). The products are shipped in anti-static shipping containers. Performance characteristics and packaging can be easily tailored on a special order basis to meet the requirements of specific customers.

DIMENSIONS









PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply (Vsupplly)	1	6	10	Vdc
Operating Pressure Range Custom Pressure Range selectable	-50 1	-	300 100	mmHg PSI
Overpressure	125	-	-	PSI
Dielectric Breakdown	-	10000		Vdc
Risk Current	-	-	2	uA
Standard Input Impedance Custom Input Impedance	1200 2000	-	3300 6000	Ohm
Standard Output impedance Custom Output Impedance	285 2000	-	315 6000	Ohm
Operating Temperature	10	-	40	°C
Storage Temperature	-25	-	70	°C
Humidity (External)	10	-	90	%RH
Light Sensitivity	-	-	1	mmHg
Operating Product Life	-	168		Hour
Shelf Life	-	5	-	Year
Weight		2		Gram
Volume Displacement			0.02	Mm ³
Offset	-20	-	20	mmHg
Standard Sensitivity Custom Sensitivity	4.95 39.6	5 40	5.05 40.4	uV/V/mmHg
Output Symmetry	-5		5	%
Linearity (-50-100mmHg)	-	-	1	mmHg
Linearity (100-200mmHg)	-	-	1	%Output
Linearity (200-300mmHg)	-	-	1.5	%Output
Thermal Offset Shift	-0.3	-	+0.3	mmHg/°C
Thermal Span Shift	-0.1		0.1	%/°C
Frequency Response	1200			Hz
Phase Shift	-	-	5	°C
Offset Stability			1	mmHg/8hrs
Media Interface	Dielectric Ge	el		
Gel Cup	PSU			

Notes

1. Output of sensor with no pressure applied and a $150 k\Omega$ resistor shorted across +VIN to +OUT.

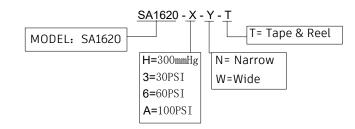
For input impedance of 350 Ohms ± 5% select pad configuration 1.
 Over an 8 hour time period and after warm-up.
 Over operating temperature range (+10°C to +40°C).

5. One discharge per minute performed by customer.

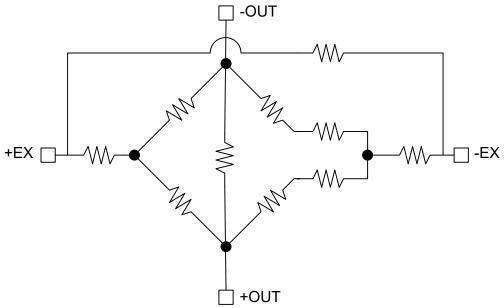
6. Sterilization performed by customer.7. Defined as common mode symmetry between signal output and either

excitation terminal. 8. Best fit straight line.

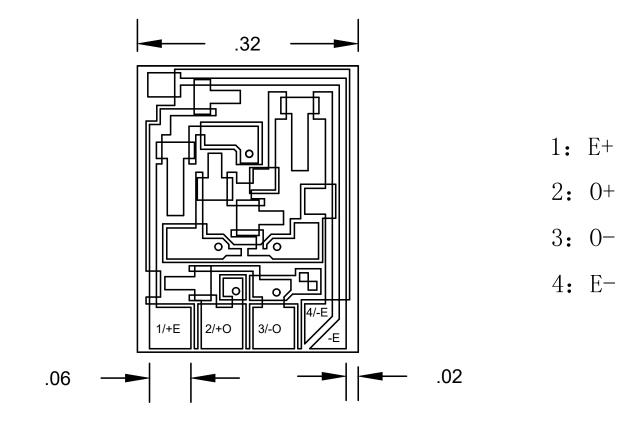
Ordering Information



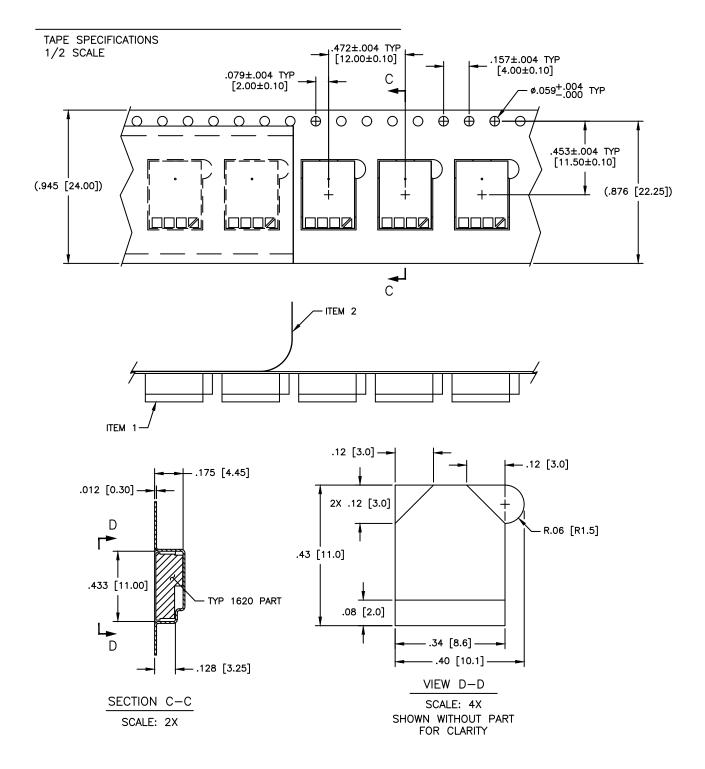
Equivalent Circuits



PAD DEFINITION

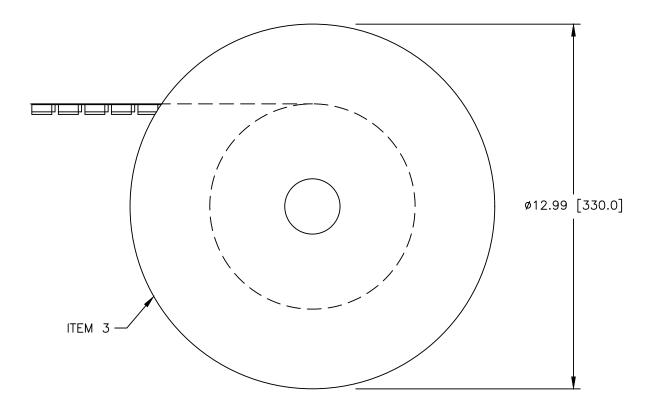


PACKAGING



PACKAGING

REEL SPECIFICATIONS 1/8 SCALE



TAPE AND REEL INFO

A) MATERIAL:

ITEM 1, CARRIER TAPE: POLYCARBONATE

ITEM 2, COVER TAPE: POLYCARBONATE, HEAT PRESSURE SEAL

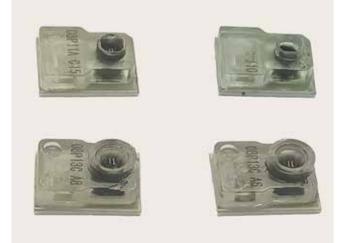
ITEM 3, PACKAGING TRAY: PLASTIC

- B). TOTAL PEEL STRENGTH SHOULD BE 10 TO 130 GRAMS.
- C). REFERENCE DOC: ANSI/EIA-481-C: 8mm THROUGH 200mm EMBOSSED CARRIER TAPING, 8mm AND 12mm PUNCHED CARRIER TAPING OF SURFACE MOUNT COMPONENTS FOR AUTOMATIC HANDLING.

MODEL SA1620HD

Disposble Blood Pressure Sensor AAMI Specification Low Cost Multiple Configurations

- Disposable Blood Pressure
- Kidney Dialysis Machines
- Medical Instrumentation



FEATURES

- Low Cost Disposable Design
- Solid State Piezoresistive Sensor
- Top Side Pressure Entry
- Compatible with Automated
- Assembly Equipment
- Integral Dielectric Gel Barrier
- Fully Tested and Compensated

DESCRIPTION

The Model SA1620HD is a fully piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor for use in invasive blood pressure monitoring. The sensor is designed to be used with automated assembly equipment and can be dropped directly into a customer's disposable blood pressure housing. The sensor is designed to meet the requirements as described in the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) specification for Blood Pressure Transducers.

SA1620HD High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA1620HD Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SA1620HD Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc . SA1620HD Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

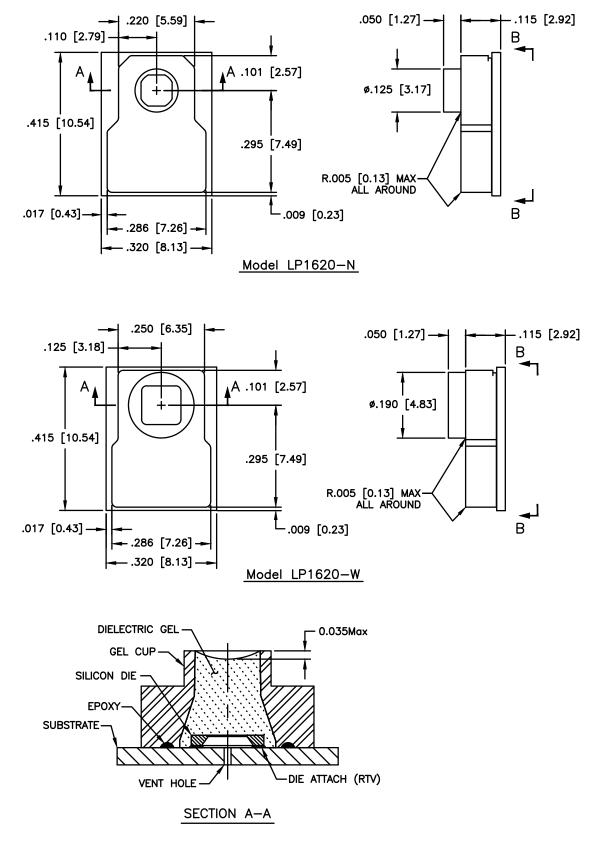
A plastic cap is attached to the ceramic substrate to provide an easy method of attachment to the customers assembly and protection for the sensing element. A dielectric gel is placed over the sensor to provide electrical and fluid isolation.

The Model SA1620HD pressure sensors are batch manufactured in a 10 x 5 element array on a ceramic substrate (50 units per substrate). The products are shipped in anti-static shipping containers. Performance characteristics and packaging can be easily tailored on a special order basis to meet the requirements of specific customers.

Disposable Medical Sensor

MODEL 1620HD

DIMENSIONS





MODEL SA1620HD

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETERS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Power Supply (Vsupplly)		3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1,2,3
Operating Pressure Range Custom Pressure Range selectable		-50 1	-	300 100	mmHg PSI	
Supply current	I2C/sleep/Standby Mode	3.0	33.8	211	uA	
	SPI/sleep/Standby Mode	13	43.8	211	uA	
Overpressure		125	-	-	PSI	
Compensated temperature range	·	-10	-	50	°C	4
Temperature output option		-	±4	-	°C	6
Startup time (power up to data ready)		-	-	3	mS	
Response time		2	7	10	mS	
I ² C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	20	%Vsupply	
	high	80	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCLK, SS		1	-	-	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	±1	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1000 hr, 25°C)		-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		-	-	-	%FSS	
		12	-	-	bits	
Dielectric Breakdown		-	10000		Vdc	
Risk Current		-	-	2	uA	
Operating Temperature		10	-	40	°C	
Storage Temperature		-25	-	70	°C	
Humidity (External)		10	-	90	%RH	
Light Sensitivity		-	-	1	mmHg	
Operating Product Life		-	168		Hour	
Shelf Life		-	5	-	Year	
Weight			2		Gram	
Volume Displacement				0.02	Mm ³	
Offset		-20	-	20	mmHg	
Thermal Offset Shift		-0.3	-	+0.3	mmHg/°C	
Thermal Span Shift		-0.1	-	0.1	%/°C	
Frequency Response		1200			Hz	
Phase Shift		-	-	5	°C	
Offset Stability				1	mmHg/8hrs	
Media Interface		Dielectric	Gel			
Gel Cup		PSU				

MODEL SA1620HD

Notes

- 1. Sensors are 3.3 Vdc based on the specification listing selected.
- 2. Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified rating voltage.
- 3. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.
- 4. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.
- 5. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.

Disposable Medical Sensor

- 6. Temperature output option: Typical temperature output error over the compensated temperature range of -10°C to 60°C.
- 7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all errors due to offset,
- full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.
- 8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

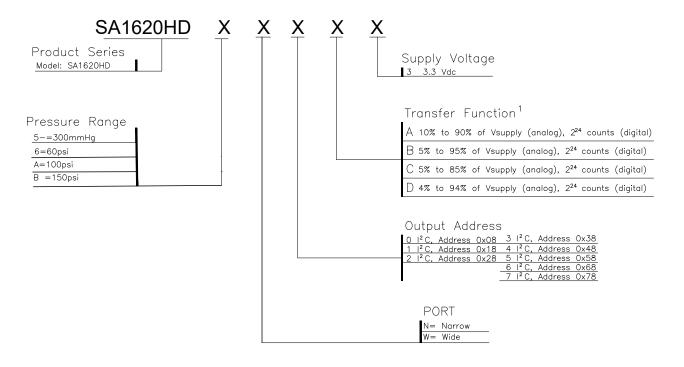
minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

ORDERING INFORMATION

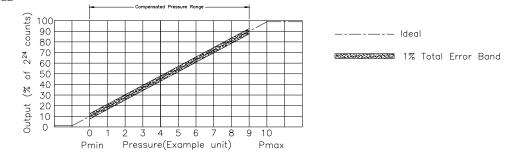
NOMENCLATURE AND ORDER GUIDE



MODEL 1620HD

PRESSURE FUNCTION

PRESSURE FUNCTION TYPE A EXAMPLE

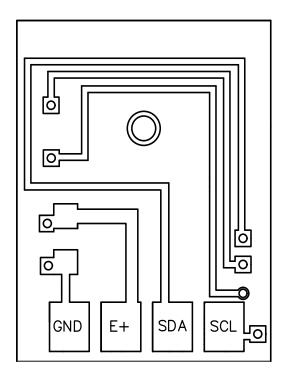


Output (% of 2²⁴ counts)= $\frac{M*16777215}{Pmax-Pmin}$ * (Papplied-Pmin)+N*16777215

 $\label{eq:temperature} \mbox{Temperature Output (Decimal Counts)} = \ \frac{(\mbox{Output } ^{*}\mbox{C} - (\ -40^{*}\mbox{C})_{\mbox{Tm}}) * \ 16777215}{(85^{*}\mbox{C}_{\mbox{Tmax}} - (-40^{*}\mbox{C})_{\mbox{Tm}})}$

TRANSFER FUNCTION						
Variable	А	В	С	D		
М	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9		
N	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.04		

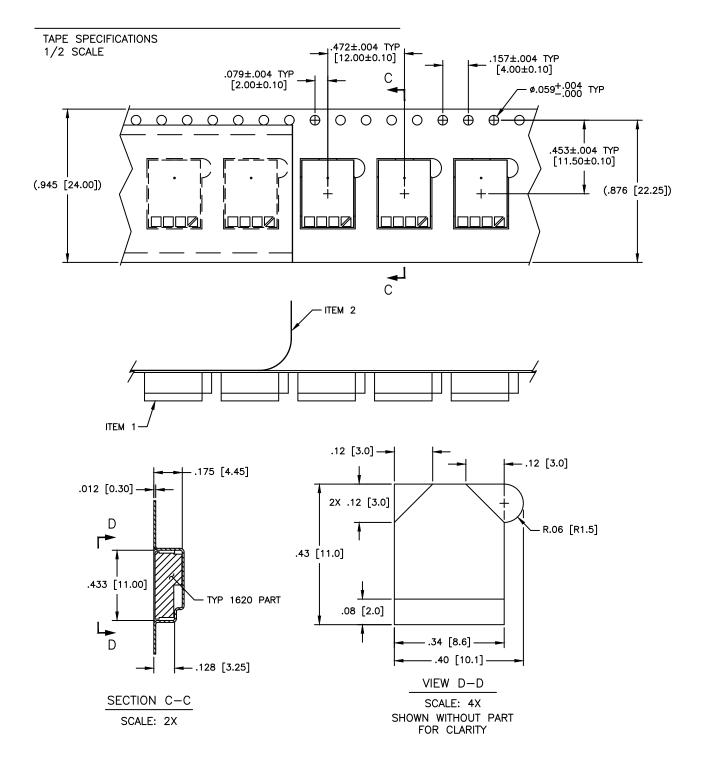
PAD DEFINITION



- 1: GND
- 2: E+
- 3: SDA
- 4: SCL

MODEL SA1620HD

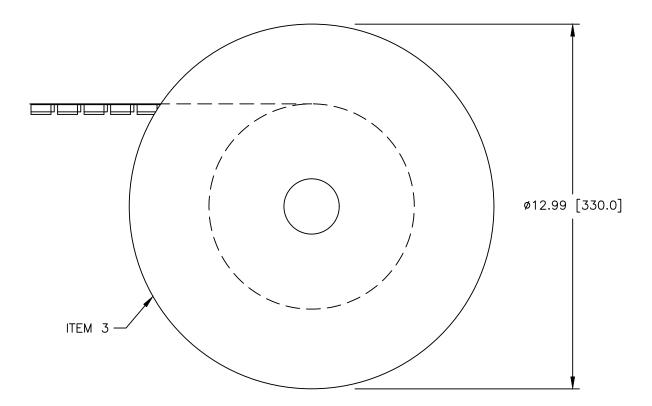
PACKAGING



MODEL 1620HD

PACKAGING

REEL SPECIFICATIONS 1/8 SCALE



TAPE AND REEL INFO

A) MATERIAL:

ITEM 1, CARRIER TAPE: POLYCARBONATE

- ITEM 2, COVER TAPE: POLYCARBONATE, HEAT PRESSURE SEAL
- ITEM 3, PACKAGING TRAY: PLASTIC
- B). TOTAL PEEL STRENGTH SHOULD BE 10 TO 130 GRAMS.
- C). REFERENCE DOC: ANSI/EIA-481-C: 8mm THROUGH 200mm EMBOSSED CARRIER TAPING, 8mm AND 12mm PUNCHED CARRIER TAPING OF SURFACE MOUNT COMPONENTS FOR AUTOMATIC HANDLING.

PRESSURE

MODEL SA5660HD

Disposible Pressure Sensor I2C/SPI 24bits Output Gage and Absolute Temperature Compensated

- Invasive Blood Pressure
- Hemodialysis
- Biochemical Analyzer
- Urodynamics
- Intrauterine Pressure
- Intracranial Pressure

FEATURES

- · I2C or SPI selectable
- ±0.1% Pressure Non-linearity
- -10°C To +60°C Compensated
- Temperature Range
- 0.5% Interchangeable
- Solid State Reliability
- Low Power

DESCRIPTION

The Model SA5660HD is a fully piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor with polysulfone plastic housing for use in invasive blood pressure or other disposable pressure monitoring. The sensor is designed to meet the requirements as described in the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) specification for Blood Pressure Transducers.

SA5660HD High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an analog/digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA5660HD Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SA5660HD Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 3.3 Vdc . SA5660HD Series sensors are intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

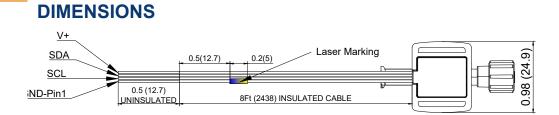
A dielectric gel is placed over the sensor to provide electrical and fluid isolation.

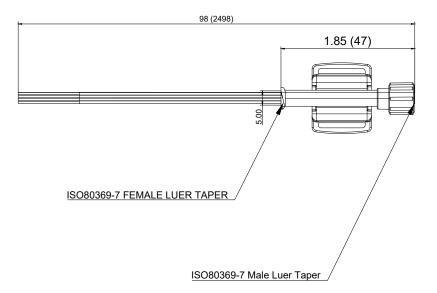
The products are shipped in anti-static shipping containers. Performance characteristics and packaging can be easily tailored on a special order basis to meet the requirements of specific customers.



Disposable Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA5660HD





STANDARD RANGES

Range	psig	psia
0to5	•	•
0to15	•	•
0to30	•	•
0to50	•	•
0to100	•	•
0to300	•	•

MODEL SA5660HD

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

All parameter measured at 1.5 mA and at 25 C, after 10 second warm up, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
Operating Pressure Range	0	-	300	PSI		
Overpressure	-	-	500	PSI		
Offset:0 PSI Digital Output	170A3D	19999A	1C28F6	COUNT HEX		
Full scale: 110PSI Digital Output	E3D70A	E66666	E8F5C3	COUNT HEX		
Span	CA3D71	CCCCCD	CF5C29	COUNT HEX		
Sensitivity	1D7CC	1DCA0	1E164	COUNT HEX PER PSI		
Total Error Band	-1	-	1	SPAN%		
Input Voltage Range	-0.3	3.3	3.6	VDC		
Supply Current	0.2	-	1.3	mA		
Burst Pressure	-	3X	-	PSI		
Long Term Stability	-	+/-0.5	-	SPAN%		
Compensated Temperature	-10	-	60	°C		
Operating Temperature	0	-	50	°C		
Storage Temperature	-25	-	70	°C		
Accuracy	-	-	0.5	SAPN%		
Weight	-	10	-	GRAm		
Light Sensitivity(3000 Foot Candle)	-	0.3	-	PSI		
DefibriLLator Withstand(400Joules)	-	-	5	DISCHARGES		
Sterilization(ETO)	-	-	3	CYCLES		
Humidity(External)	10-90%(NON-	CONDENSING)			
Operating Product Life	3 Hours Liquid	Media Pressue	er Over 100PSI			
Shelf Life	24 Hours Liquid Media Pressuer Over 30PSI					
	96 Hours Liquid Media Pressuer Less 30PSI					
	3Years Clean	Dry Gas Media				
Dielectric Breakdown	8,000VDC					
Mediainterface	Dielectric GEL	-				

Notes

1. Contact Factory for other tolerance total pressure error band in cludes all accuracy errors, thermal errors over the com pensated tempera ture range and span and offset calibration tolerances.

2.Exceed rated voltagemay cause sensor damage.

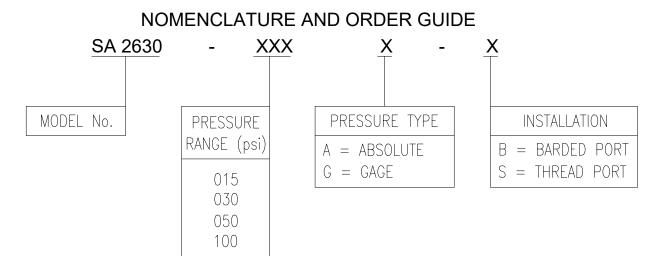
3.Offset and span within a year.

4. The maximum deviation from a best fit straight line(bfst)fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25C.

5.One discharge per minute performed by cusatomer. 6.Sterilization shall be performed by customer.Tested with ETO,material are compatiblewith ETO,gamma,or E-BEAM sterilization,did not verity gamma or E-BEAM sterilization.

7. Output t 12C output,address 0X28,contact factory for different address setting 8. Fluid psth msterial used:Houaing and sensor gel cup,polysulphone udel 1700,dielectric gel,KE1052AB,epoxy between gel cup and housing,Loctite 4860. 9. Contact factory for communica tion protocol and code example.

ORDERING INFORMATION



OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS: 10VDC&25° (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

			0-30PS		0-50PSI		0-100PS			
PARAMETERS	ТҮР	MAX	ТҮР	MAX	ТҮР	MAX	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN		100±3		100±3		100±3		100±3	mV	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT		±2.5		±2.5		±2.5		±2.5	mV	
PRESSURE NONLINEARITY	±0.1	±0.2	±0.1	±0.2	±0.1	±0.2	±0.1	±0.2	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ERROR-SPAN	±0.6	±1	±0.6	±1	±0.6	±1	±0.6	±1	mV	
TEMPERATURE ERROR-ZERO	±0.6	±1.5	±0.6	±1.5	±0.6	±1.5	±0.6	±1.5	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY PRESSURE & HYSTERESIS	-0.50	±0.10	-0.50	±0.10	-0.50	±0.10	-0.50	±0.10	%SPAN	
PROOF PRESSURE		45		90		150		300	Psi	

OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

TABLE 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP	MAC	UNITS
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	2.5	10	15	Vdc
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	4.4K	6.0K	Ω
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	-	4.2K	-	Ω
RESPONSE TIME (10% TO 90%)		2		mS

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40°C ~ 125°C
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0°C ~ 50°C
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50°C ~ 125°C
VIBRATION	MIL-STD-202F,METHOD 214,CONDITION F
SHOCK	MIL-STD-202F,METHOD 213B,CONDITION F
LIFE	1 MILLION PRESSURE CYCLES MINIMUM
SOLDER	315°C MAX 10 SEC.

TABLE 3. *WETTED MATERIALS

COMPONENT	MATERIALS
PORTS AND COVERS	HIGH TEMPERATURE PPS
SUBSTRATE	ALUMINA CERAMIC
ADESIVES	EPOXY, SILICONE GEL
ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS	SILICON,GLASS,SOLDER,GOLD,ALUMINA

*CONTACT SQMEAS CUSTOMER SERVICE FOR DETAILED MATERAIL INFORMATION.

Notes

1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ARE THE EXTREMEM LIMITS THE SENSOR WILL WITHSTAND WITHOUT DAMAGE.

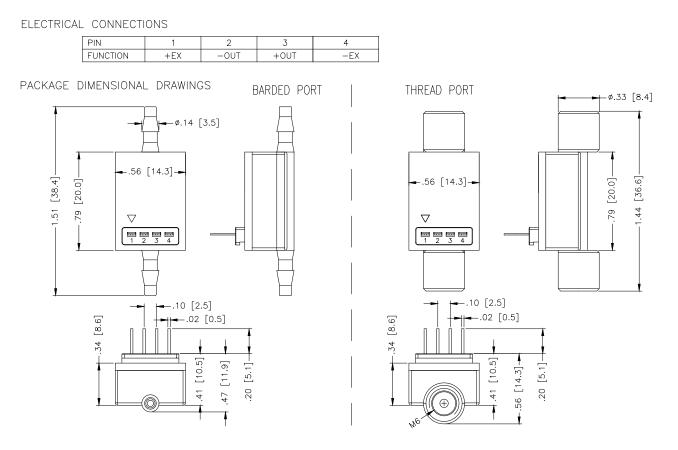
2. THE SENSOR IS NOT REVERSE POLARITY PROTECTED. INCORRECT APPLICATION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE OR GROUND TO THE WRONG PIN MAY CAUSE ELECTRICAL FAILURE.

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE: THE TEMPERATURE RANGE OVER WHICH THE SENSOR WILL PRODUCE AN OUTPUT PROPORATIONALL TO PRESSURE.

4. COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE: THE TEMPERATURE RANGE OVER WHICH THE SENSOR WILL PRODUCE

AN OUTPUT PROPORATIONALL TO PRESSURE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED PERFORMANCE LIMITS.

DIMENSIONS



PRESSURE

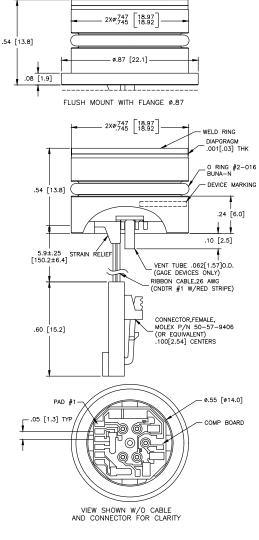
MODEL SA154C

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, 19 mm 0-100 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Current



- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS



PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	+OUT
2	-EX
3	+EX
4	-OUT
5	GAIN
6	



DESCRIPTION

The Model SA154C is a 19 mm small profile, media compatible piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a 316L stainless steel housing. The Model SA154C is designed for O-ring mounting. The sensing package utilizes silicon oil to transfer pressure from the 316L stainless steel diaphragm to the sensing element.

MODEL SA154C

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

	005 PSI		≥015PSI					
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	50	100	150	75	100	150	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	1PSI:±0.30;	5PSI: ±0.20		-0.20	±0.1	+0.20	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10	±0.05	+0.10	-0.08	±0.04	+0.08	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.05	-	-	±0.05	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.0K	3.5K	6.5K	2.0K	3.5K	4.5K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	-0.75	-	+0.75	%SPAN	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	1PSI:±1.5; 5PSI: ±1.0		15PSI:±1; >15PSI: ±0.8			%SPAN	4	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	5
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	6
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	7
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	µV р-р	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	1PSI:10X M	AX; 5PSI: 3M	AX	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	1PSI:12X M	AX; 5PSI: 4M	AX	-	-	4X	RATED	8
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	1PSI: 0 TO 50; 5PSI: 0 TO 70		-10	-	+75	°C		
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	9
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	9
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AN	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL & O RING BU						

Notes

1. For amplified output circuits, 3.012V ±1% interchangeability with gain set resistor. See application schematic.

2. Measured at vacuum for absolute (A), ambient for gage (G).

3. Best fit straight line.

4. Over the compensated temperature range with respect to $25^\circ\text{C}.$

Guarantees output/input ratiometricity.
 Load resistance to reduce measurement errors due to output loading.

7. Between case and sensing element.

8. The maximum pressure that can be applied to a transducer without rupture of either the sensing element or transducer.

9. Maximum temperature range for product with standard cable and connector is -20°C to +105°C.

10. Standard gage units are not recommended for vacuum applications. For vacuum applications below 1/2 atmosphere, consult factory.

11. Device Marking: Each part shall be identified with Model Number, Pressure Range, Type, Lot Number, Serial Number and Date Code.

12. Shipping/Packaging requirements:

The stainless steel diaphragm is protected by a plastic CAP. Each unit will be packaged individually in a plastic vial with anti-static foam.

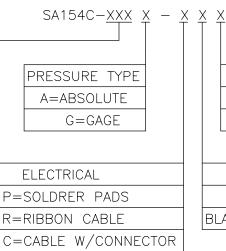
13. Direct mechanical Contact with diaphragm is prohibited. Diaphragm surface must remain free of defects (scratches, punctures, dents, fingerprints, etc) for device to operate properly. Caution is advised when handling parts with exposed diaphragms. Use protective cap whenever devices are not in use.

MODEL SA154C

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

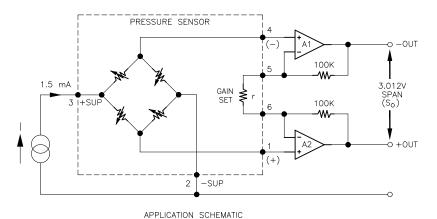
PRESSURE RANGE(PSI)
001
(GAGE ONLY)
005
015
030
050
100
300
500

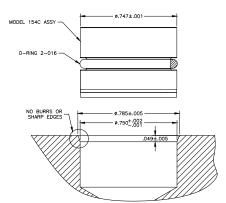


FLANGE
F=FLANGE
BLANK=NO FLANGE

VENT	
T=TUB	E
BLANK=NO	TUBE

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC





RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

PRESSURE

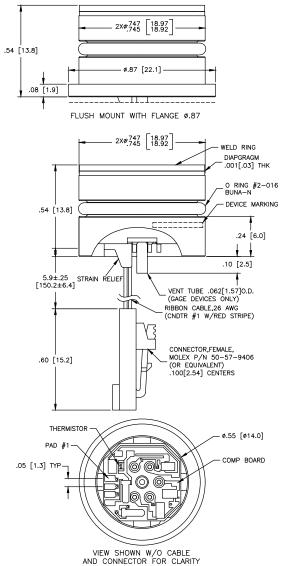
MODEL SA154CV

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, 19 mm 0-100 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Voltage



- Process Control
- Fresh & Waste Water Measurement
- Partial Vacuum Gas Measurement
- Pressure Transmitters
- Tank Level Systems (RV, Marine & Industrial)

DIMENSIONS



PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	-OUT
2	+OUT
3	-EX
4	+OUT



DESCRIPTION

The Model SA154CV is a 19 mm small profile, media compatible,piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a 316L stainless steel housing. The Model SA154CV is designed for O-ring mounting. The sensing package utilizes silicon oil to transfer pressure from the 316L stainless steel diaphragm to the sensing element.

MODEL SA154CV

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10 VDC AND AT 25°C AFTER 10 SEC WARM UP

	005 PSI		≥015PSI					
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	98	100	102	99	100	101	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.5	0	+1.5	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.20		+0.20	-0.2	±0.1	+0.20	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10	±0.02	+0.10	-0.05	±0.02	+0.05	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	5.5K	3.5K	12.5K	5.5K	9.0K	12.5K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.5	-	+1.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-2.5	-	+2.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	10	14	-	10	2.0	VDC	4
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	5
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	6
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	µV p-p	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	-	-	4X	RATED	7
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	-10	-	+75	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	8
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	IA, PRESSURE PORT LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL & O RING BUNA-N							

Notes

1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).

2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.

4. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY.

5. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.

6. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

7. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER

8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

9. STANDARD GAGE UNITS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS.

FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS BELOW 1/2 ATMOSPHERE, CONSULT FACTORY.

SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS. 10. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

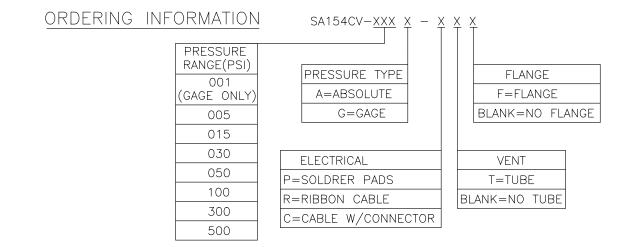
11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

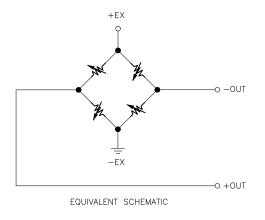
12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

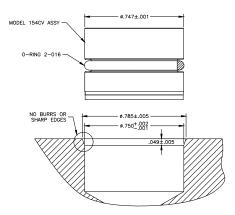
MODEL SA154CV

ORDERING INFORMATION



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC





RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

PRESSURE

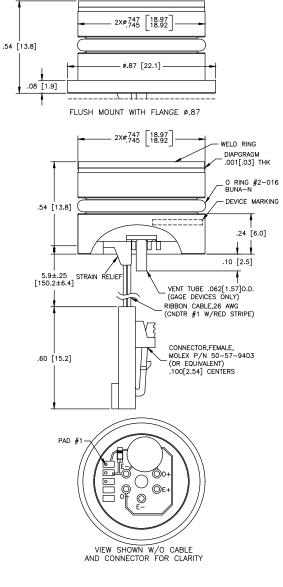
MODEL SA154A

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, 19 mm 0.5-4.5Vdc Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure

Medical Instruments

- Process Control
- Fresh & Waste Water Measurement
- Partial Vacuum Gas Measurement
- Pressure Transmitters
- Tank Level Systems (RV, Marine & Industrial)

DIMENSIONS



PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	+Vin
2	GND
3	+Vout



DESCRIPTION

The Model SA154A is a 19 mm small profile, media compatible,piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a 316Lstainless steel housing. The Model SA154A is designed for O-ring mounting. The sensing package utilizes silicon oil to transfer pressure from the 316L stainless steel diaphragm to the sensing element.

MODEL SA154A

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 5.0VDC AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	4.5		V		
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	0.5			V	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-1.0	±0.3	+1.0	%SPAN	1
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10		+0.10	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN (O° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±2.0; >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±1			%SPAN	2
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO(0° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±2.0; >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±1			%SPAN	2
ACCURACY (COMBINED LINAEARITY, HYSTERESIS & REPEATABILITY)	±0.25			%SPAN	1
TOTAL ERROR BAND (INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS & TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±7.0; 5PSI OR .35BAR: ±5 >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±5			%SPAN	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	3
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	4
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	3X			RATED	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+125	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL				

Notes

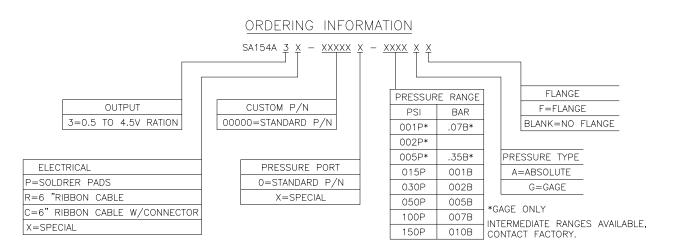
1. BEST FIT STRAIBHT LINE.

2. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPETATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.

3. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIONMETRICITY.

4. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT. 5. THE MAXMIUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

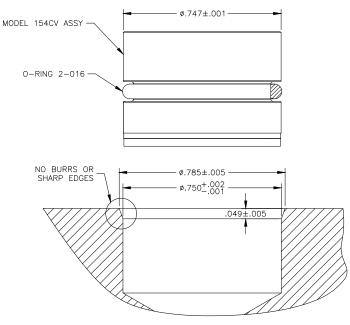
ORDERING INFORMATION



Stainless Steel Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA154A

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

Notes

- 1. BEST FIT STRAIBHT LINE.
- 2. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPETATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.
- 3. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIONMETRICITY.
- 4. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT. 5. THE MAXMIUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.
- 6. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

7. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

8. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS,FINGERPRINTS,ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

PRESSURE

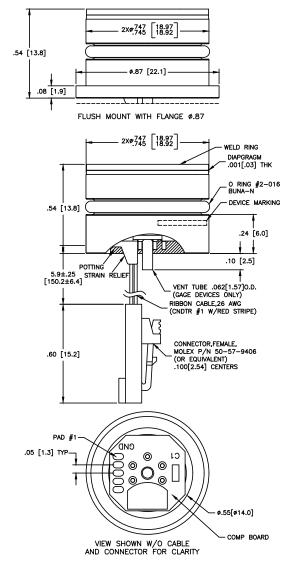
MODEL SA154BSD

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, 19 mm 14bits I2C/SPI Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure

Medical Instruments

- Process Control
- Fresh & Waste Water Measurement
- Partial Vacuum Gas Measurement
- Pressure Transmitters
- Tank Level Systems (RV, Marine & Industrial)

DIMENSIONS



PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	GND
2	+EX
3	SDA/MISO
4	SCL/SCLK
5	INT/SS



DESCRIPTION

The Model SA154BSD is a 19 mm small profile, media compatible, piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor packaged in a 316L stainless steel housing. The Model SA154BSD is designed for O-ring mounting. The sensing package utilizes silicon oil to transfer pressure from the 316L stainless steel diaphragm to the sensing element.

MODEL SA154BSD

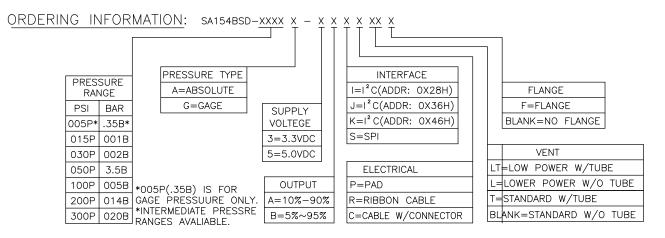
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES		
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	666	-	COUNT HEX	1		
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	333	-	COUNT HEX	1		
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	399A	-	COUNT HEX	1		
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	3CCB	-	COUNT HEX	1		
PRESSURE ACCURACY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2		
TOTAL ERROR BAND	-1	-	+1	%SPAN	3		
PRESSURE RESOLUTION	0.008	-	-	%SPAN			
TEMPERATURE ACCURACY	-1.5	-	+1.5	°C	4		
TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	-	0.1	-	°C			
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	2.7	3.3	5.5	V	1		
SUPPLY CURRENT	-	3	-	mA			
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	5		
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	2X	RATED	6		
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	7		
LOAD RESISTANCE	10K	-	-	Ω			
LONG TERM STABILITY, (OFFSET&SPAN)	-	±0.5	-	%SPAN/YR			
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (<5PSI)	0	-	+50	°C			
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (>15PSI)	-20	-	+85	°C			
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8		
OUTPUT PRESSURE RESOLUTION	-	-	14	BIT			
OUTPUT TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	8	-	11	BIT			
START TIME TO DATA READY	-	-	8.4	mS	9		
OUTPUT TYPE	10% to 90%	OR 5% to 95%	<u>ó</u>				
INTERFACE TYPE	I C (ADDRESS: 0X28H;0X36H;0X46H); SPI						
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L SS STL & O RING BUNA-N						

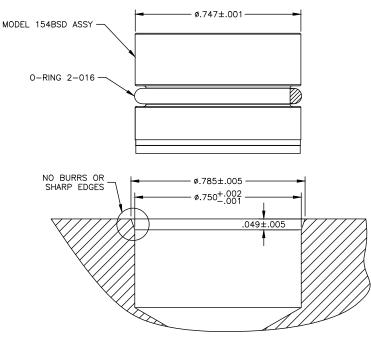
ORDERING INFORMATION



Stainless Steel Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA154BSD

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

Notes

1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).OUTPUT IS NOT RATIONMETRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE.

2. ACCURACY : COMBINED LINEARITY, HYSTERESIS AND REPEATILITY.

3. TOTAL BAND: INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS AND TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE. SEE FIG 2 OF SHEET 8.

4. THE DEVIATION FROM A BEST FIT FIT STRAIGHT LINE(BFSL) FITTED TO THE OUTPUT MEASURED OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERAURE RAGE. FOR ERRORS BEYOND THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE, SEE FIG 1 OF SHEET 8.

5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

6. 2X OR 400PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S

PERFORMANCE OF ACCURACY. 7. 3X OR 600PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER

THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

9. START TIME TO DATA RADY IS THE TIME TO GET VALID DATA AFTER POR (POWER ON RESET). THE TIME TO GET SUBSEQUENT VALID DATA IS THEN SPECIFIED BY THE RESPONSE TIME SPECIFICATION.

10. DEVICE MARKING: EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

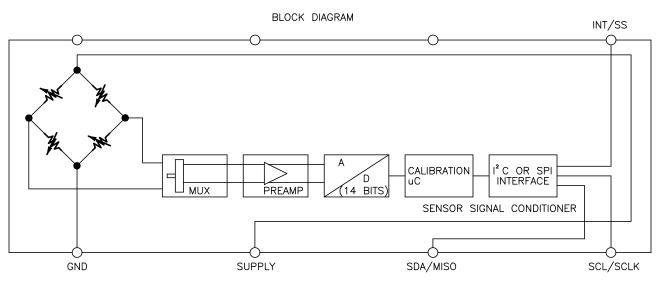
11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED. DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA154BSD

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



I C INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	100		400	KHz
START CONDITION HOLD TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDSTA	0.1			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
START CONDITION SETUP TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUSTA	0.1			μS
DATA HOLD TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDDAT	0			μS
DATA SETUP TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUDA	0.1			μS
STOP CONDITION SETUP TIME ON SCL	tSUSTO	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN STOP AND START CONDITION	tBUS	2			μS

SPI INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	50		800	KHz
SS DROP TO FIRST CLOCK EDGE	tHDSS	2.5			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
CLOCK EDGE TO DATA TRANSITION	tCLKD	0		0.1	μS
RISE OF SS RELATIVE TO LAST CLOCK EDGE	tSUSS	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN RISE AND FALL OF SS	tBUS	2			μS

@1 COMBINED LOW AND HIGH WIDTHS MUST EQUAL OR EXCCED MINIMUM SCL PERIOD.

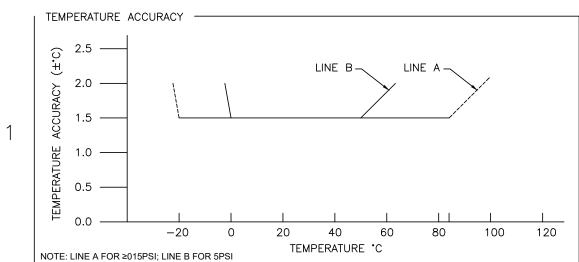
Stainless Steel Pressure Sensor

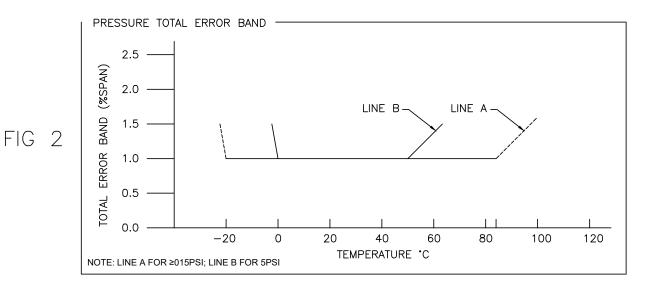
MODEL SA154BSD

CONNECTIONS

FIG

TEMPERATURE ACCURACY AND TOTAL ERROR BAND

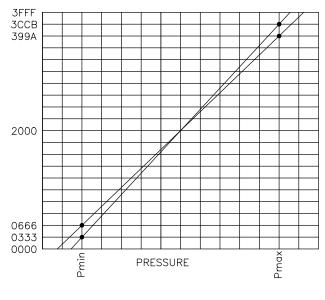




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MODEL SA154BSD

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION



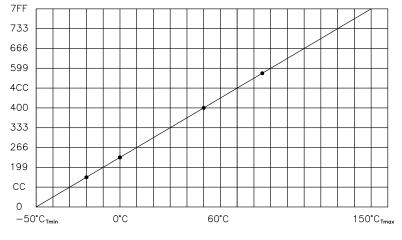
SENSOR OUPUT AT SIGNIFIANT PERCENTAGES

%OUTPUT	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
0	0	0 X 0000
5	819	0 X 0333
10	1638	0 X 0666
50	8192	0 X 2000
90	14746	0 X 399A
95	15563	О Х ЗССВ
100	16383	O X 3FFF

A TYPE: OUT (DECIMAL COUNTS) = $\frac{80\%*16388}{Pmax-Pmin}$ * B TYPE: OUT (DECIMAL COUNTS) = $\frac{90\%*16388}{Pmax-Pmin}$

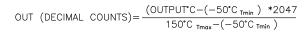
- 80%*16388 Pmax-Pmin * (Papplied-Pmin)+10%*16383
- 90%*16388 * (Papplied-Pmin)+5%*16383

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION



DIGITAL TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

OUTPUT°C	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
-50	0	0 X 0000
-20	317	0 X 0133
0	512	0 X 0200
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1024	0 X 0400
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF



MODEL SA85U

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile Millivolts Output, uncompensated Absolute and Gage Low Pressure



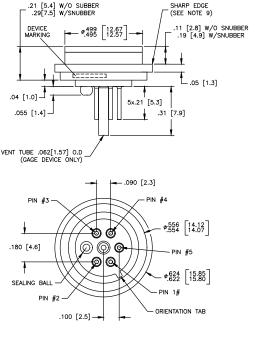
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

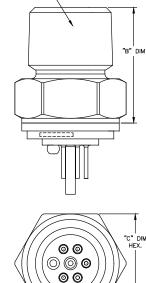
DESCRIPTION

SA85U is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.



DIMENSIONS





PROCESS FITTING OPTIONS

″**∆***

CONNECTIONS

	PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION
C" DIM	1	+OUT
)	2	-EX
	3	+EX
	4	-OUT
-	5	CAIN
	6	GAIN

MODEL SA85U

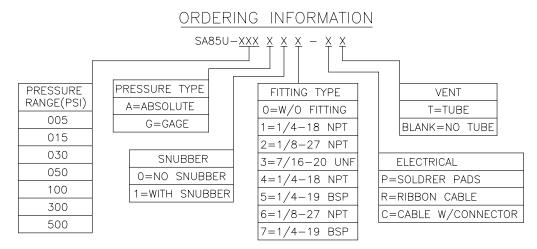
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

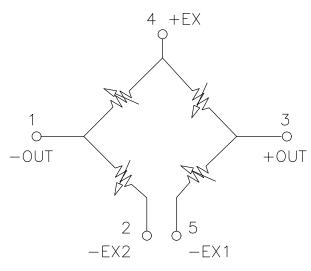
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SENSITIVITY	12	-	27	mV/V@SPAN	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-6.0	-	+8.0	mV/V	1
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.30	-	+0.30	% SPAN	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	% SPAN	3
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	% SPAN	
BRIDGE RESISTANCE	3.8K	-	6.0K	Ω	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR-SPAN	-0.35	±0.10	+0.35	% SPAN	5
TEMPERATURE ERROR-OFFSET	-0.35	±0.10	+0.35	% SPAN	5
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	1.3K	1.51K	1.75K	PPM/°C	5
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, SPAN	-1.45K	-1.25K	-1.0K	PPM/°C	5,6
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, OFFSET	-30	-	+30	µV/V/°C	5
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	% SPAN	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	% SPAN	
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-0.2	±0.10	+0.2	% SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-0.3	±0.10	+0.3	% SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	5	12	V	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	7
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz TO 1KHz)	-	1.0	-	μV P-P	
RESPONSE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE			4X	RATED	8
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND G	ASES COMPA	TIBLE WITH 3	16/316L ST STL	
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL				

ORDERING INFORMATION



MODEL SA85U

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



CONNECTIONS

Notes

1.MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A) AND AT AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE. NON LINEARITY IS ±0.35% MAX FOR 5PSIG DEVICES.

3.PRESSURE HYSTERESIS IS MIN -0.1 TO MAX 0.3 FOR 5PSI ABSOLUTE. 4.BRIDGE RESISTANCE IS MEASURED WITH BOTH -E PINS SHORTED TOGETHER.

5.TC VALUES ARE FIRST ORDER COEFFICIENTS TO A QUADRATIC FIT OVER A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF -20 TO +85°C (0 TO +50°C FOR 5PSI).

6.5PSIA IS -1.7K ~ -1.0K PPM/°C

7.BETWEEN CASE AND SENDING ELEMENT.

8.THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER

9.SHARP EDGE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FOR WELDING APPLICATION. OPTIUM WELD PARAMETERS WILL REDUCE THE EFFECT OF WELD HEAT ON SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS.

10. STANDARD GAGE UNITS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS.FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS BELOW 1/2 ATMOSPHERE, CONSULT FACTORY.

11. DEVICE MARKING: EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

12. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS: THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

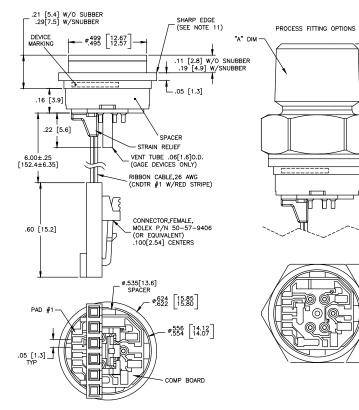
13 DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA85C

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-150 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Current



DIMENSIONS



- Medical Instruments
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

"в" ом

C" DIM

DESCRIPTION

SA85C is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thick film ceramic compensation board with laser-trimmed resistors, and an additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION
1	+OUT
2	-EX
3	+EX
4	-OUT
5	CAIN
6	GAIN

MODEL SA85C

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

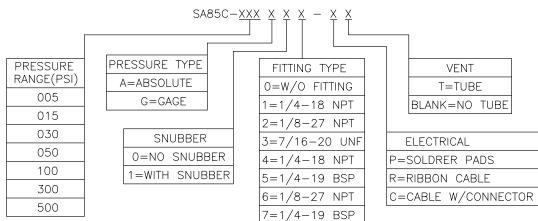
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

		005 PSI	SI ≥015PSI					
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	50	100	150	75	100	150	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.30	-	+0.30	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.30	±0.05	+0.30	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.5K	5.0K	6.5K	2.0K	3.5K	5.8K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.5	-	+1.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-2.5	-	+2.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4,5
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.35	±0.10	+0.25	-0.30	±0.10	+0.30	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.35	±0.10	+0.25	-0.30	±0.10	+0.30	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.20	-	-	±0.15	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.35	-	-	±0.30	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	6
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	7
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	8
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	μV p-p	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	-	-	4X	RATED	9
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	-20	-	+70	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	10
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	10
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS A	ND GASES	COMPATI	BLE WITH	316/316L S	ST STL		
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL							

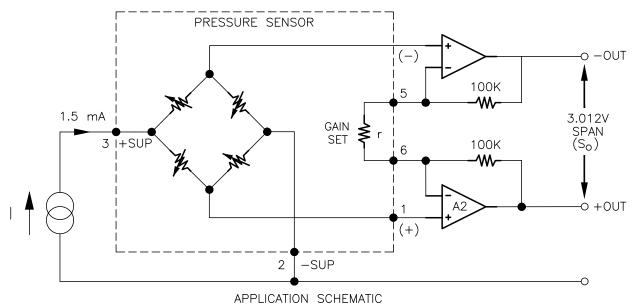
ORDERING INFORMATION





MODEL SA85C

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

- 1. FOR AMPLIFIED OUTPUT CIRCUITS, 3.012V ±1% INTERCHANGEABILITY WITH GAIN SET RESISTOR. SEE APPLICATION SCHEMATIC.
- 2. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).
- 3. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.
- 4. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.
- 5. 15 PSI RANGES SENSORS HAVE A TEMPERATURE ERROR- OFFSET AS \pm 1.5% (MAX). 6. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY.
- 7. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 8. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

9. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER

10. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

11. SHARP EDGE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FOR WELDING APPLICATION. OPTIUM WELD PARAMETERS WILL REDUCE THE EFFECT OF WELD HEAT ON

SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS

12. STANDARD GAGE UNITS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS.

FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS BELOW 1/2 ATMOSPHERE, CONSULT FACTORY.

13 DEVICE MARKING

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

- LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE. 14. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

(SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED

DIAPHRAGM.

USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

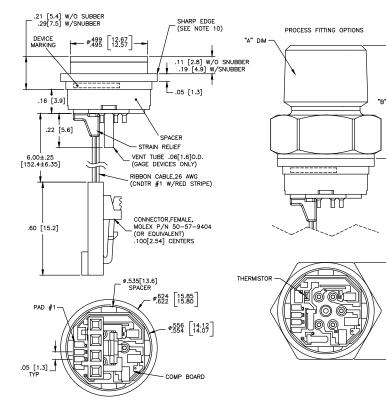
THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM. 15. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS

MODEL SA85CV

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-100 mV Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure



DIMENSIONS



- Medical Instruments
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

"C" DIM HEX.

DESCRIPTION

SA85CV is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thick film ceramic compensation board with laser-trimmed resistors, and an additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION
1	-OUT
2	+OUT
3	-EX
4	+EX

MODEL SA85CV

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

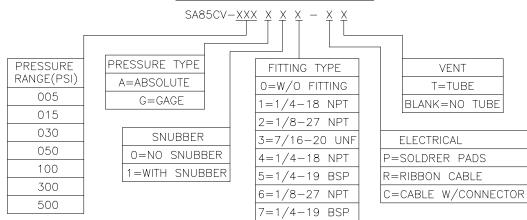
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10 VDC AND AT 25°C AFTER 10 SEC WARM UP

		005 PSI		≥015PSI				
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	98	100	102	99	100	101	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.30	-	+0.30	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.30	±0.05	+0.30	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	5.5K	9.0K	12.5K	5.5K	9.0K	12.5K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.5	-	+1.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-2.5	-	+2.5	-1.25	-	+1.25	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.35	±0.10	+0.35	-0.30	±0.05	+0.30	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.35	±0.10	+0.35	-0.30	±0.05	+0.30	%SPAN	3
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.20	-	-	±0.15	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.35	-	-	±0.30	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	10	14	-	10	14	mA	4
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	5
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	6
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	µV р-р	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	-	-	4X	RATED	7
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	-20	-	+70	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	8
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS A	AND GASES	COMPATI	BLE WITH	316/316L S	ST STL		
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT								

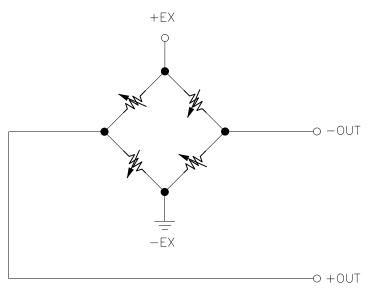
ORDERING INFORMATION





MODEL SA85CV

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC

Notes

1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).

2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.

GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY.
 LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.

6. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

7. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER

8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

9. STANDARD GAGE UNITS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS. FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS BELOW 1/2 ATMOSPHERE, CONSULT FACTORY.

10. SHARP EDGE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FOR WELDING APPLICATION. OPTIUM WELD PARAMETERS WILL REDUCE THE EFFECT OF WELD HEAT ON

SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS.

11. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE. 12. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

13. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES

DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM

USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA85A

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0.5-4.5Vdc Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure



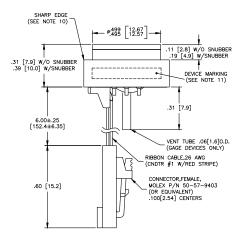
Medical Instruments

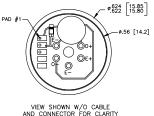
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

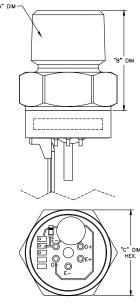
DESCRIPTION

SA85A is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

DIMENSIONS







PROCESS FITTING OPTIONS

CONNECTIONS PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION 1 +Vin

2	GND
3	+Vout

MODEL SA85A

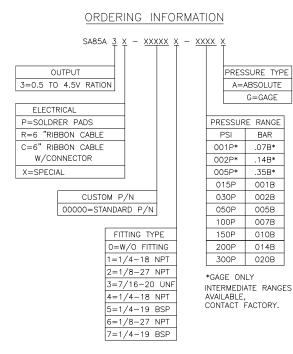
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10 VDC AND AT 25°C AFTER 10 SEC WARM UP

PARAMETERS	MIN	ΤΥΡ	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	4.5		V		
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	0.5			V	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-1.0	±0.3	+1.0	%SPAN	1
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10		+0.10	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN (O° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND >.35BAR: ±1	0.07BAR: ±2.	%SPAN	2	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO(0° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND >.35BAR: ±1	0.07BAR: ±2.	%SPAN	2	
ACCURACY (COMBINED LINAEARITY, HYSTERESIS & REPEATABILITY)	±0.25		%SPAN	1	
TOTAL ERROR BAND (INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS & TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE)	1.2PSI AND 0 5PSI OR .35E >5PSI OR >.3	3AR: ±5	%SPAN		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	3
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	4
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	3X			RATED	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+125	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND	GASES COM	IPATIBLE WI	TH 316/316L ST	STL

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notor	
notes	5

1. BEST FIT STRAIBHT LINE.

2. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPETATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO $25^\circ \text{C}.$

3. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIONMETRICITY.

4. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

5. THE MAXMIUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER. 6. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

7. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

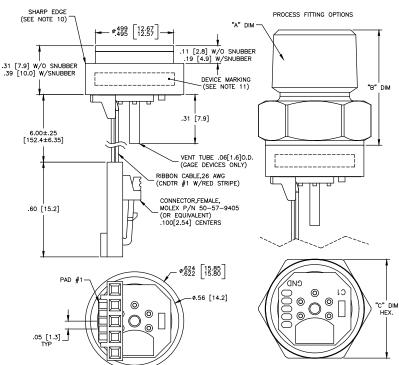
8. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA85BSD

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 14bits I2C/SPI Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure



DIMENSIONS



- Medical Instruments
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DESCRIPTION

SA85BSD is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

CONNECTIONS PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

I ABIOND IN	I ONO HON
1	GND
2	+EX
3	SDA/MISO
4	SCL/SCLK
5	INT/SS

MODEL SA85BSD

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

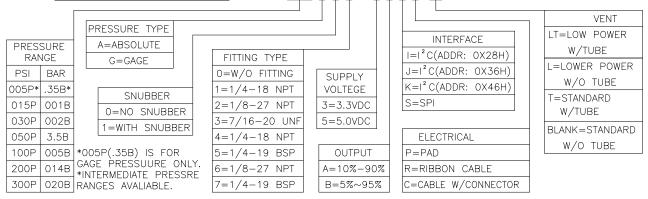
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	666	-	COUNT HEX	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	333	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	399A	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	ЗССВ	-	COUNT HEX	1
PRESSURE ACCURACY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2
TOTAL ERROR BAND	-1	-	+1	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE RESOLUTION	0.008	-	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ACCURACY	-1.5	-	+1.5	°C	4
TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	-	0.1	-	°C	
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	2.7	3.3	5.5	V	1
SUPPLY CURRENT	-	3	-	mA	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	5
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	2X	RATED	6
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	7
LOAD RESISTANCE	10K	-	-	Ω	
LONG TERM STABILITY, (OFFSET&SPAN)	-	±0.5	-	%SPAN/YR	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (≤5PSI)	0	-	+50	°C	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (≥15PSI)	-20	-	+85	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
OUTPUT PRESSURE RESOLUTION	-	-	14	BIT	
OUTPUT TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	8	-	11	BIT	
START TIME TO DATA READY	-	-	8.4	mS	9
OUTPUT TYPE	10% to 90% OF	R 5% to 95%		,	
INTERFACE TYPE	I C (ADDRESS	0X28H;0X36H	;0X46H); SPI		
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND	GASES COMPA	TIBLE WITH 31	6/316L ST STL	
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL				

MODEL SA85BSD

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION: SA85BSD-XXXX X X X - X X X (XX)



Notes

1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).OUTPUT IS NOT RATIONMETRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE.

2. ACCURACY : COMBINED LINEARITY, HYSTERESIS AND REPEATILITY.

3. TOTAL BAND: INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS AND TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE. SEE FIG 2 OF SHEET 10

4. THE DEVIATION FROM A BEST FIT FIT STRAIGHT LINE(BFSL) FITTED TO THE OUTPUT MEASURED OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERAURE RAGE.

FOR ERRORS BEYOND THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE, SEE FIG 1 OF SHEET 10.

5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

6. 2X OR 400PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S PERFORMANCE OF ACCURACY.

7. 3X OR 600PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER

THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

9. START TIME TO DATA RADY IS THE TIME TO GET VALID DATA AFTER POR (POWER ON RESET). THE TIME TO GET SUBSEQUENT VALID DATA IS THEN SPECIFIED BY THE RESPONSE TIME SPECIFICATION.

10. SHARP EDGE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FOR WELDING APPLICATION. OPTIUM WELD PARAMETERS WILL REDUCE THE EFFECT OF WELD HEAT ON SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS. 11. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

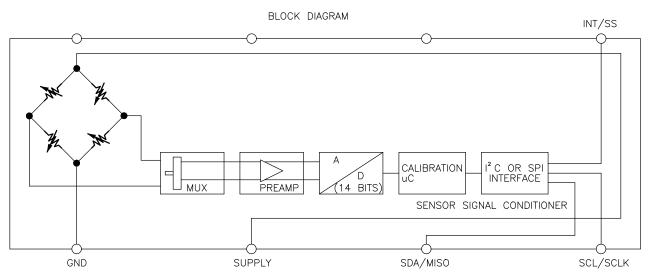
12. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

13. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA85BSD

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



I C INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	100		400	KHz
START CONDITION HOLD TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDSTA	0.1			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
START CONDITION SETUP TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUSTA	0.1			μS
DATA HOLD TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDDAT	0			μS
DATA SETUP TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUDA	0.1			μS
STOP CONDITION SETUP TIME ON SCL	tSUSTO	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN STOP AND START CONDITION	tBUS	2			μS

SPI INTERFACE PARAMETERS

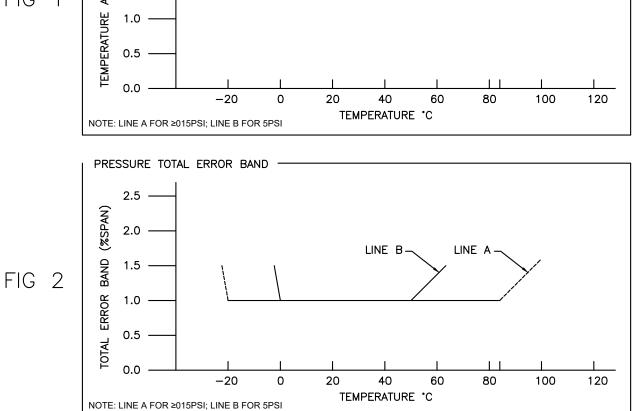
PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	50		800	KHz
SS DROP TO FIRST CLOCK EDGE	tHDSS	2.5			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
CLOCK EDGE TO DATA TRANSITION	tCLKD	0		0.1	μS
RISE OF SS RELATIVE TO LAST CLOCK EDGE	tSUSS	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN RISE AND FALL OF SS	tBUS	2			μS

@1 COMBINED LOW AND HIGH WIDTHS MUST EQUAL OR EXCCED MINIMUM SCL PERIOD.

MODEL SA85BSD

TEMPERATURE ACCURACY AND TOTAL ERROR BAND TEMPERATURE ACCURACY 2.5 -TEMPERATURE ACCURACY (±°C) LINE B-LINE A -2.0 1.5 -FIG 1 1.0 -0.5 0.0 60 80 100 -20 0 20 40 120 TEMPERATURE 'C NOTE: LINE A FOR ≥015PSI; LINE B FOR 5PSI

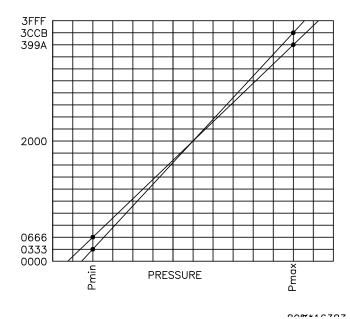




MODEL SA85BSD

PRESSURE FUNCTION

PRESSURE FUNCTION

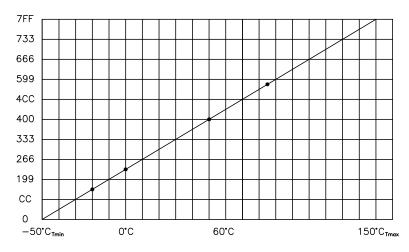


SENSOR OUPUT AT SIGNIFIANT PERCENTAGES

%OUTPUT	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
0	0	0 X 0000
5	819	0 X 0333
10	1638	0 X 0666
50	8192	0 X 2000
90	14746	0 X 399A
95	15563	0 X 3CCB
100	16383	0 X 3FFF

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION



DIGITAL TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

OUTPUT*C	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
-50	0	0 X 0000
-20	317	0 X 0133
0	512	0 X 0200
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1024	0 X 0400
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF

MODEL SA85RID

316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile RS485 or I2C Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure

- Medical Instruments
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems



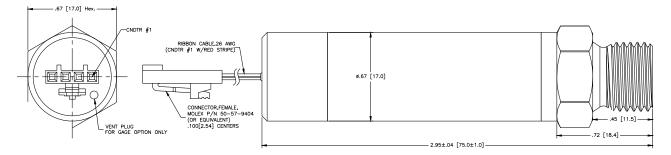
DESCRIPTION

SA85RID is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION	I ² C
1	E+	E+
2	E-	E-
3	R-/B-	SCL
4	R+/B+	SDA

DIMENSIONS



MODEL SA85RID

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SIGNAL	RS485; I² C	1			
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	5-30 (RS4850	; 2.2V-3.6 (l ²	C)		
OPERATING CURRENT	<5mA(RS485);<1.0mA(I C);<20 A(I C SLEEP CONDITION)			%SPAN	
ACCURACY	-0.10	-0.05	+0.10	%SPAN	1
SENSITIVITY	0.002%FS (PRESSURE); 0.1°C(TEMPERATURE)				
PROOF PRESSURE	3X	3X		RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	4X	4X F		RATED	
STABILITY(1YEAR)	-0.1		+0.1	%SPAN	
TOTAL ERROR BAND	-0.25	±0.1	+0.25	%SPAN	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+85	°C	2
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+105	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316L ST STL/EPOXY/SILICON		RATED		

ORDERING INFORMATION

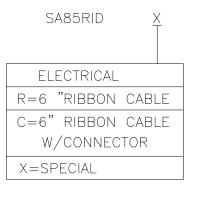
Notes

1. BEST FIT STRAIBHT LINE.

2. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPETATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.

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ORDERING INFORMATION



INTERFACE					
R=RS485					
I=I ² C(ADDR:	0X28H)				
J=I ² C(ADDR:					
$K=I^{2}C(ADDR:$	0X46H)				

PRESSUR	RE RANGE
PSI	BAR
002P	.14B
005P	.35B
015P	001B
030P	002B
050P	005B
100P	007B
150P	010B
200P	014B
300P	020B

XXXX

X

INTERMEDIATE RANGES AVAILABLE.

- <u>×</u>	
FITTING TYPE	
4 = 1/4 - 18 NPT	
5=1/4-19BSP	
8=1/8-27 NPT	
*9=G1/8 (SPECIAL	.)
* G1/8 WITH O RING GROOVE	
PRESSURE TYPE	
A=ABSOLUTE	

MODEL SA85ESBSD

316L SS Pressure Sensor Flush Mount 14bits I2C/SPI Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure

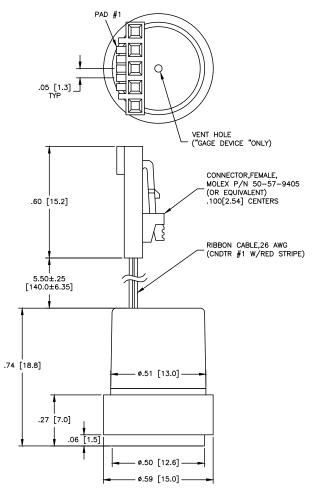
- Medical Instruments
- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS



DESCRIPTION

SA85ESBSD is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.



CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	GND
2	+EX
3	SDA/MISO
4	SCL/SCLK
5	INT/SS

MODEL SA85ESBSD

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED):

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	666	-	COUNT HEX	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	333	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	399A	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	3CCB	-	COUNT HEX	1
PRESSURE ACCURACY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2
TOTAL ERROR BAND	-1	-	+1	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE RESOLUTION	0.008	-	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ACCURACY	-1.5	-	+1.5	°C	4
TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	-	0.1	-	°C	
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	2.7	3.3	5.5	V	1
SUPPLY CURRENT	-	3	-	mA	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	5
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	2X	RATED	6
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	7
LOAD RESISTANCE	10K	-	-	Ω	
LONG TERM STABILITY, (OFFSET&SPAN)	-	±0.5	-	%SPAN/YR	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
OUTPUT PRESSURE RESOLUTION	-	-	14	BIT	
OUTPUT TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	8	-	11	BIT	
START TIME TO DATA READY	-	-	8.4	mS	9
OUTPUT TYPE	10% to 90% OF	5% to 95%			
INTERFACE TYPE	I² C (ADDRESS: 0X28H;0X36H;0X46H); SPI				
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL AND RUBBER FKM/EPDM/NBR/VMQ/HNBR				

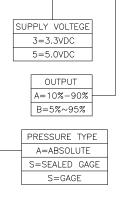
MODEL SA85ESBSD

ORDERING INFORMATION

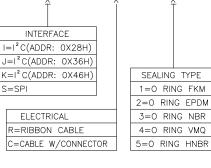
ORDERING INFORMATION SA85ESBSD -XXX

> INTERMEDIATE PRESSURE RANGES AVALIABLE.

PRESSUR	PRESSURE RANGE					
BA	R					
002B	2Bar					
005B	5Bar					
006B	6Bar					
007B	7Bar					
008B	8Bar					
009B	9Bar					
010B	10Bar					
012B	12Bar					
014B	14Bar					
018B	18Bar					
020B	20Bar					



S=SPI



Notes

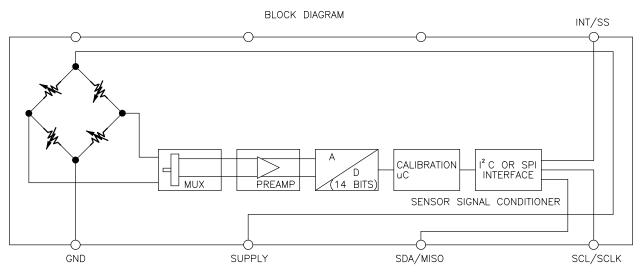
- 1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR SEALED GAGE (S) AND GAGE (G), OUTPUT IS NOT RATIONMETRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE.
- 2. ACCURACY : COMBINED LINEARITY, HYSTERESIS AND REPEATILITY.
- 3. TOTAL BAND: INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS AND TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE. SEE FIG 2 OF SHEET 17.
- 4. THE DEVIATION FROM A BEST FIT FIT STRAIGHT LINE(BFSL) FITTED TO THE OUTPUT MEASURED OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERAURE RAGE. FOR ERRORS BEYOND THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE. SEE FIG 1 OF SHEET 17.
- 5 BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING FLEMENT
- 6.2X OR 400PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S PERFORMANCE OF ACCURACY.
- 7. 3X OR 600PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

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- 8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.
- 9. START TIME TO DATA RADY IS THE TIME TO GET VALID DATA AFTER POR (POWER ON RESET). THE TIME TO GET SUBSEQUENT VALID DATA IS THEN SPECIFIED BY THE RESPONSE TIME SPECIFICATION.
- 10. DEVICE MARKING:
- EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (SEALED GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),
- LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.
- 11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:
- THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.
- 12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA85ESBSD

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



I ²C INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	100		400	KHz
START CONDITION HOLD TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDSTA	0.1			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
START CONDITION SETUP TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUSTA	0.1			μS
DATA HOLD TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDDAT	0			μS
DATA SETUP TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUDA	0.1			μS
STOP CONDITION SETUP TIME ON SCL	tSUSTO	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN STOP AND START CONDITION	tBUS	2			μS

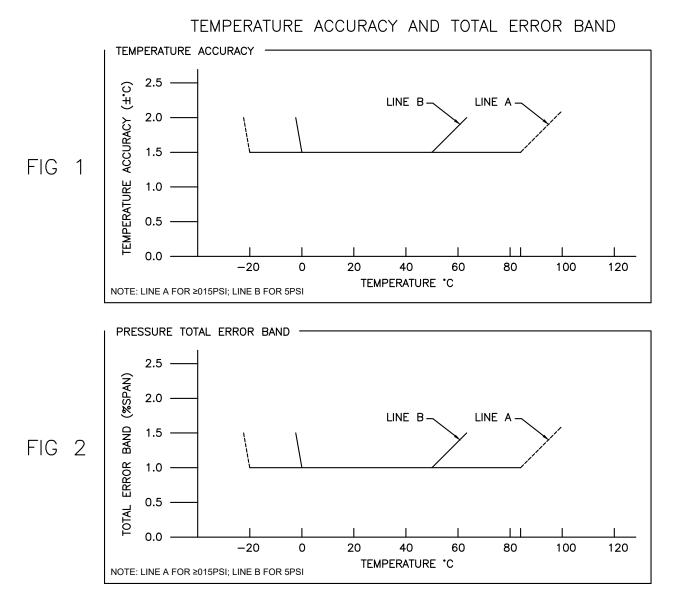
SPI INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	50		800	KHz
SS DROP TO FIRST CLOCK EDGE	tHDSS	2.5			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
CLOCK EDGE TO DATA TRANSITION	tCLKD	0		0.1	μS
RISE OF SS RELATIVE TO LAST CLOCK EDGE	tSUSS	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN RISE AND FALL OF SS	tBUS	2			μS

@1 COMBINED LOW AND HIGH WIDTHS MUST EQUAL OR EXCCED MINIMUM SCL PERIOD.

MODEL SA85ESBSD

TEMPERATURE ACCURACY AND TOTAL ERROR BAND

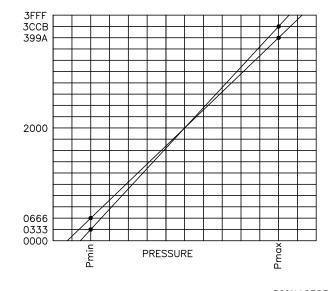


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MODEL SA85ESBSD

PRESSURE FUNCTION

PRESSURE FUNCTION



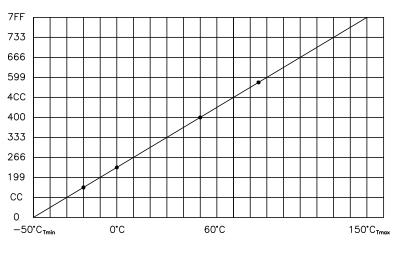
SENSOR OUPUT AT SIGNIFIANT PERCENTAGES

%OUTPUT	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
0	0	0 X 0000
5	819	0 X 0333
10	1638	0 X 0666
50	8192	0 X 2000
90	14746	0 X 399A
95	15563	0 X 3CCB
100	16383	O X 3FFF

A TYPE: OUT (DECIMAL COUNTS)=

Pmax-Pmin

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION



TEMPERATURE FUNCTION

DIGITAL TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

OUTPUTC	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
-50	0	0 X 0000
-20	317	0 X 0133
0	512	0 X 0200
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1024	0 X 0400
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF
85	1381	0 X 0565

 $\label{eq:out_count} \text{OUT} \ (\text{DECIMAL} \ \text{COUNTS}) = \frac{(\text{OUTPUT}^{*}\text{C} - (-50^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmin}}) \ *2047}{150^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmax}} - (-50^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmin}})}$

MODEL SA85F

316L SS Pressure Sensor Flush Mount 0-150 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Current



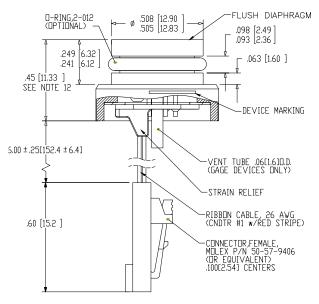
DESCRIPTION

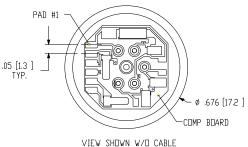
SA85F is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

Medical Instruments

- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS





VIEW SHOWN W/D CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS

6

GAIN

MODEL SA85F

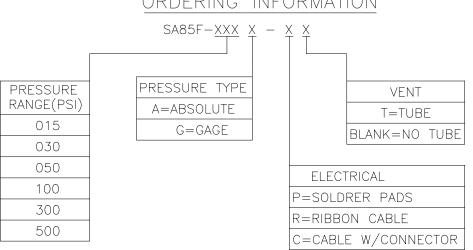
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED):

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	65	100	150	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.20	±0.1	+0.20	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.05	±0.02	+0.05	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.0K	3.5K	5.8K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-0.80	-	+0.80	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	5
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	Ω	6
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	7
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	µVр-р	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	8
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	RATED	9
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	70	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+125	℃	10
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	10
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL				
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL				

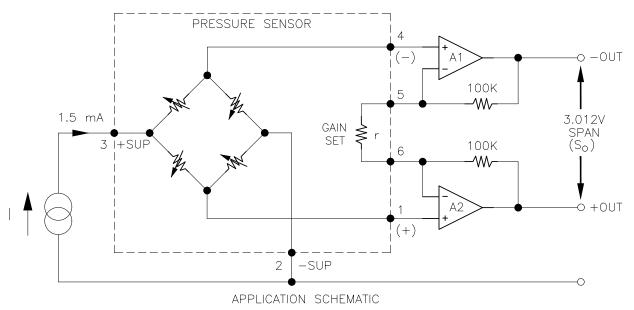
ORDERING INFORMATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL SA85F

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

- 1. FOR AMPLIFIED OUTPUT CIRCUITS, 3.012V ±1% INTERCHANGEABILITY WITH GAIN SET RESISTOR. SEE APPLICATION SCHEMATIC.
- 2. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).
- 3. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.
- 4. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.
- 5. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY. 6. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS
 7. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 8. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S PERFORMANCE OR ACCURACY.
- 9. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDOCER WITHOUT CITANGING THE TRANSDOCER'S FER ORMANCE OR ACCURACE.
- 10. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

11. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

- 12. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:
- THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.
- 13. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS,FINGERPRINTS,ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

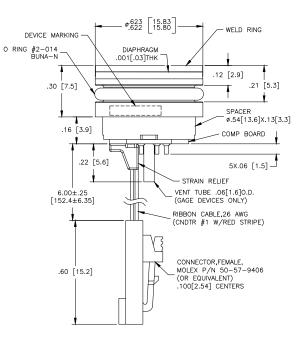
MODEL SA86C

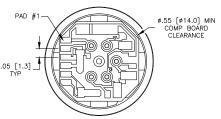
316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-150 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Current



- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS





VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	+OUT
2	-EX
3	+EX
4	-OUT
5	GAIN
6	GAIN



DESCRIPTION

SA86C is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filledilled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

MODEL SA86C

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

	005 PSI		≥015PSI					
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	50	100	150	75	100	150	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	1PSI:±0.30;	5PSI: ±0.20		-0.2	±0.1	+0.2	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10	±0.02	+0.10	-0.05	±0.02	+0.05	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.0K	3.5K	6.5K	2.0K	3.5K	5.8K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	1PSI:±1.5; 5	PSI: ±1.0		15PSI:±1.0	15PSI:±1.0; >15PSI: ±0.8			4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	5
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	6
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	7
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	µV р-р	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	1PSI:10X M	AX; 5PSI: 3M	AX	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	1PSI:12X M	AX; 5PSI: 4M	AX	-	-	4X	RATED	8
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	1PSI: 0 TO 5	50; 5PSI: 0 TC	0 70	-20	-	+85	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	9
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	9
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL & O RING BUNA-N							

Notes

1. For amplified output circuits, 3.012V ±1% interchangeability with gain set resistor.

See application schematic.

- 2. Measured at vacuum for absolute (A), ambient for gage (G) and compound (C).
- 3. Best fit straight line.

4. Over the compensated temperature range with respect to 25°C.

- 5. Guarantees output/input ratiometricity.
- 6. Load resistance to reduce measurement errors due to output loading.
- 7. Between case and sensing element.
- 8. The maximum pressure that can be applied to a transducer without rupture of either the sensing element or transducer.

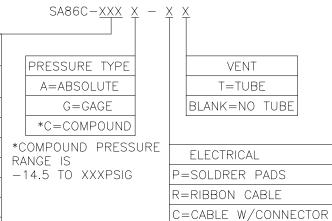
9. Maximum temperature range for product with standard cable and connector is -20°C to +105°C

- Standard gage units are not recommended for vacuum applications. For vacuum applications below 1/2 atmosphere, consult factory.
 Device Marking:
- Each part shall be identified with Model Number, Pressure Range, Type, Lot Number, Serial Number and Date Code. 12. Shipping/Packaging requirements:
- The stainless steel diaphragm is protected by a plastic CAP. Each unit will be packaged individually in a plastic vial with anti-static foam. 13. Direct mechanical Contact with diaphragm is prohibited. Diaphragm surface must remain free of defects (scratches, punctures, dents, fingerprints, etc) for device to operate properly. Caution is advised when handling parts with exposed diaphragms. Use protective cap whenever devices are not in use.

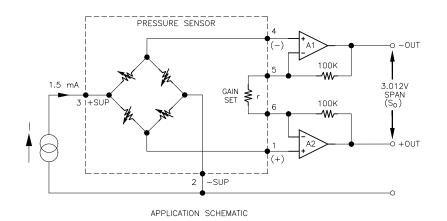
MODEL SA86C

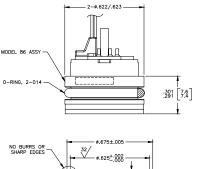
ORDERING INFORMATION

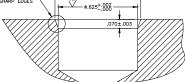
ORDERING INFORMATION



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC







RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

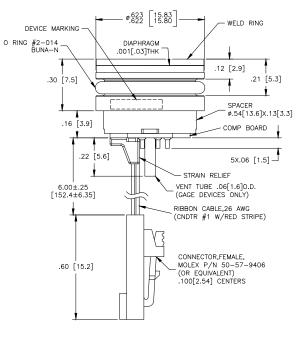
MODEL SA86CV

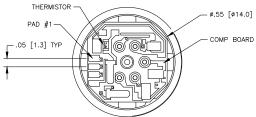
316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-100 mV Output Absolute and Gage Constant Voltage



- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS





VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	-OUT
2	+OUT
3	-EX
4	+EX



DESCRIPTION

SA86CV is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filledlled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thick film ceramic compensation board with lasertrimmed resistors, and an additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

MODEL SA86CV

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

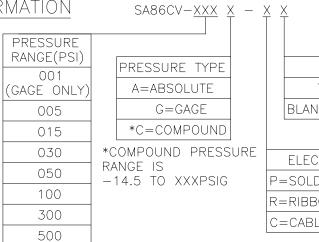
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10 VDC AND AT 25°C AFTER 10 SEC WARM UP

		005 PSI			≥015PSI			
PARAMETERS	MIN	YTP	MAX	MIN	YTP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	98	100	102	99	100	101	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	2
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.20	-	+0.20	-0.20	±0.1	+0.20	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10	±0.02	+0.10	-0.05	±0.02	+0.05	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	5.5K	9.0K	12.5K	5.5K	9.0K	12.5K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	7.0K	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.5	-	+1.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-2.5	-	+2.5	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.25	-	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	10	14	-	10	14	XDC	4
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	5M	-	-	Ω	5
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	50M	-	-	Ω	6
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	µV р-р	
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	mS	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	-	-	3X	RATED	
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	-	-	4X	RATED	7
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	-20	-	+85	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+70	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	-50	-	+125	°C	8
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS A	ND GASES	COMPATI	BLE WITH	316/316L S	SS STL & C	O RING BUN	IA-N

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

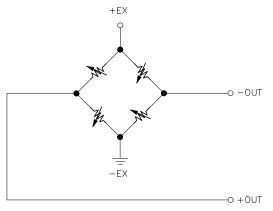


VENT	
T=TUBI	-
BLANK=NO	TUBE

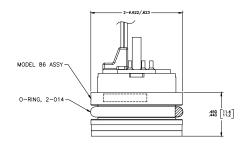
ELECTRICAL						
P=SOLDRER PADS						
R=RIBBON CABLE						
C=CABLE W/CONNECTOR						

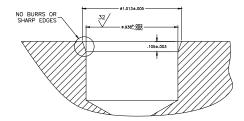
MODEL SA86CV

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC





RECOMMENDED MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

Notes

- 1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).
- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.
- 3. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.
- 4. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY. 5. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 6. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 7. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER
- 8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.
- 9. STANDARD GAGE UNITS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS. FOR VACUUM APPLICATIONS BELOW 1/2 ATMOSPHERE, CONSULT FACTORY.
- SENSOR PERFORMANCE. DEVICES WITH LOWER PRESSURE RANGES HAVE GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO HEAT GENERATED DURING THE WELD PROCESS. 10. DEVICE MARKING:
- EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.
- 11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:
- THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.
- 12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

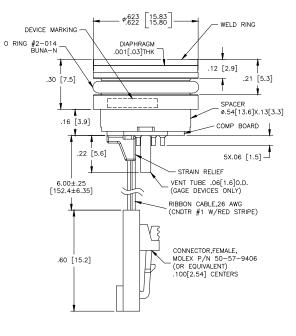
MODEL SA86BSD

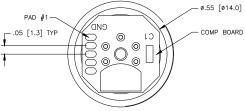
316L SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 14bits I2C/SPI Output Absolute and Gage Low Pressure



- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS





VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION

1	GND
2	+EX
3	SDA/MISO
4	SCL/SCLK
5	INT/SS



DESCRIPTION

SA86BSD is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filledlled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	666	-	COUNT HEX	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	333	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (10% ~ 90%)	-	399A	-	COUNT HEX	1
FULL SCALE PRESSURE OUTPUT (5% ~ 95%)	-	3CCB	-	COUNT HEX	1
PRESSURE ACCURACY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2
TOTAL ERROR BAND	-1	-	+1	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE RESOLUTION	0.008	-	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ACCURACY	-1.5	-	+1.5	°C	4
TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	-	0.1	-	°C	
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	2.7	3.3	5.5	V	1
SUPPLY CURRENT	-	3	-	mA	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	5
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	2X	RATED	6
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	7
LOAD RESISTANCE	10K	-	-	Ω	
LONG TERM STABILITY, (OFFSET&SPAN)	-	±0.5	-	%SPAN/YR	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (≤5PSI)	0	-	+50	°C	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE (≥15PSI)	-20	-	+85	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
OUTPUT PRESSURE RESOLUTION	-	-	14	BIT	
OUTPUT TEMPERATURE RESOLUTION	8	-	11	BIT	
START TIME TO DATA READY	-	-	8.4	mS	9
OUTPUT TYPE	10% to 90%	OR 5% to 95%		1	1
INTERFACE TYPE	I C (ADDRE	SS: 0X28H;0X3	6H;0X46H); SPI		
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AN	ND GASES COM	IPATIBLE WITH	316/316L ST STL	

Notes

1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G).OUTPUT IS NOT RATIONMETRIC TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE.

2. ACCURACY : COMBINED LINEARITY, HYSTERESIS AND REPEATILITY.

3. TOTAL BAND: INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS AND TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE. SEE FIG 2 OF SHEET 8.

4. THE DEVIATION FROM A BEST FIT FIT STRAIGHT LINE(BFSL) FITTED TO THE OUTPUT MEASURED OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERAURE RAGE.

FOR ERRORS BEYOND THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE, SEE FIG 1 OF SHEET 8.

5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

6. 2X OR 400PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S

PERFORMANCE OF ACCURACY.

7. 3X OR 600PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE MAX PRESSURE THAT CAB BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

9. START TIME TO DATA RADY IS THE TIME TO GET VALID DATA AFTER POR (POWER ON RESET). THE TIME TO GET SUBSEQUENT VALID DATA IS THEN SPECIFIED BY THE RESPONSE TIME SPECIFICATION.

10. DEVICE MARKING: EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

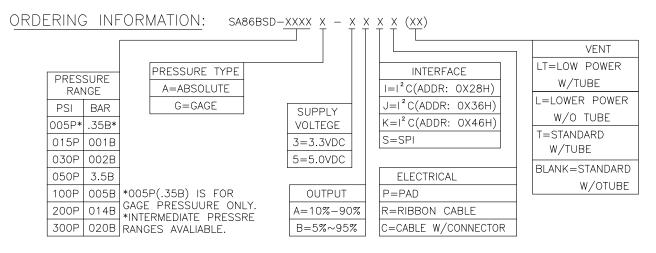
11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

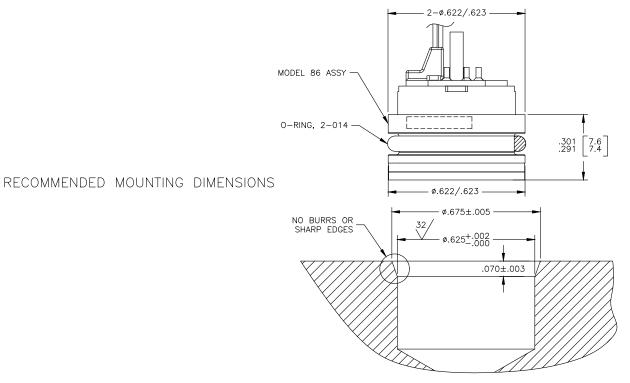
12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS,FINGERPRINTS,ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA86BSD

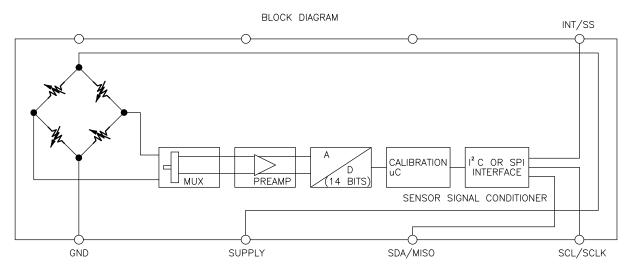
ORDERING INFORMATION



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



I ²C INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	100		400	KHz
START CONDITION HOLD TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDSTA	0.1			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
START CONDITION SETUP TIME RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUSTA	0.1			μS
DATA HOLD TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tHDDAT	0			μS
DATA SETUP TIME ON SDA RELATIVE TO SCL EDGE	tSUDA	0.1			μS
STOP CONDITION SETUP TIME ON SCL	tSUSTO	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN STOP AND START CONDITION	tBUS	2			μS

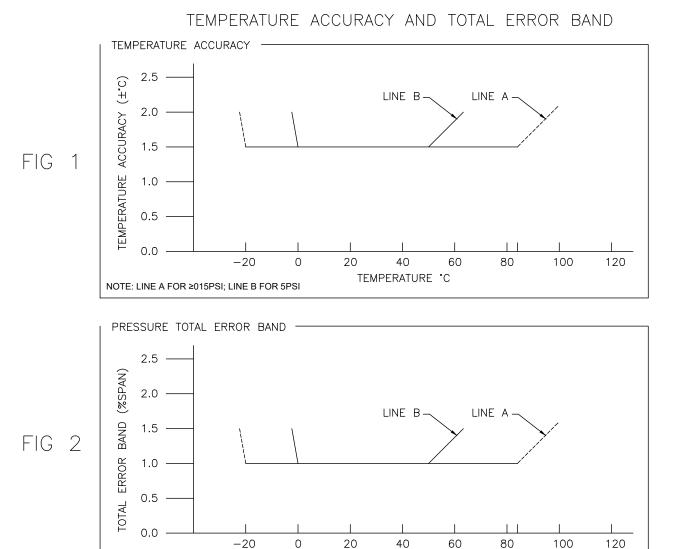
SPI INTERFACE PARAMETERS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNITS
SCLK CLOCK FREQUENCY	FSCL	50		800	KHz
SS DROP TO FIRST CLOCK EDGE	tHDSS	2.5			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK LOW WIDTH @1	tLOW	0.6			μS
MINIMUM SCL CLOACK HIGH WIDTH @1	tHIGH	0.6			μS
CLOCK EDGE TO DATA TRANSITION	tCLKD	0		0.1	μS
RISE OF SS RELATIVE TO LAST CLOCK EDGE	tSUSS	0.1			μS
BUS FREE TIME BETWEEN RISE AND FALL OF SS	tBUS	2			μS

@1 COMBINED LOW AND HIGH WIDTHS MUST EQUAL OR EXCCED MINIMUM SCL PERIOD.

NOTE: LINE A FOR ≥015PSI; LINE B FOR 5PSI

TEMPERATURE ACCURACY AND TOTAL ERROR BAND

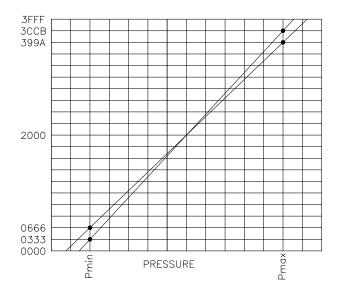


TEMPERATURE 'C

PC Board Mountable Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA86BSD

PRESSURE FUNCTION

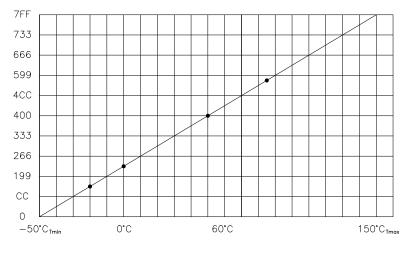


SENSOR OUPUT AT SIGNIFIANT PERCENTAGES

%OUTPUT	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
0	0	0 X 0000
5	819	0 X 0333
10	1638	0 X 0666
50	8192	0 X 2000
90	14746	0 X 399A
95	15563	О Х ЗССВ
100	16383	O X 3FFF

- A TYPE: OUT (DECIMAL COUNTS) = $\frac{80\%*16388}{Pmax-Pmin}$ B TYPE: OUT (DECIMAL COUNTS) = $\frac{90\%*16388}{Pmax-Pmin}$
- 80%*16388 ______* (Papplied-Pmin)+10%*16383
 - <u>90%*16388</u> Pmax-Pmin * (Papplied-Pmin)+5%*16383

TEMPERATURE FUNCTION



DIGITAL TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

OUTPUT°C	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)
-50	0	0 X 0000
-20	317	0 X 0133
0	512	0 X 0200
25	767	0 X 02FF
50	1024	0 X 0400
85	1381	0 X 0565
150	2047	0 X 07FF

$\label{eq:out_count} \text{OUT} \ (\text{DECIMAL} \ \text{COUNTS}) = \frac{(\text{OUTPUT}^{*}\text{C} - (-50^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmin}}) \ *2047}{150^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmax}} - (-50^{*}\text{C}_{\text{Tmin}})}$

MODEL SA87F

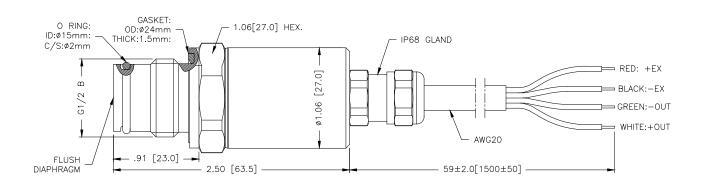
316 SS Pressure Sensor Flush Mount 0-200 mV Output **Temperature Compensated Absolute and Sealed Gage**



- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DESCRIPTION

SA87F is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.



DIMENSIONS

MODEL SA87F

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
SPAN	65	100	200	mV	1	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	mV	2	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.50	-	+0.50	%SPAN	3	
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.25	±0.02	+0.25	%SPAN		
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.25	-	%SPAN		
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.0K	3.5K	5.8K	Ω		
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω		
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4	
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR		
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR		
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	5	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	Ω	6	
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	7	
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	μVp-p		
RISE TIME (10% to 90%)	-	-	0.1	mS		
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	8	
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	RATED	9	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	50	°C		
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+80	°C		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+105	°C		
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND (GASES COMPA	TIBLE WITH 31	6/316L ST STL		
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL					

ORDERING INFORMATION

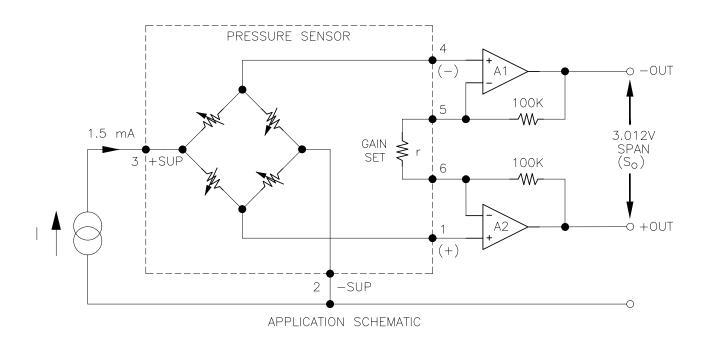


	6487F- <u>XX</u>	<u> </u>	Ϋ́́		
PRESSUR	e range				SEAL MATERIAL
PSI	BAR		PRESSURE TYPE		N=NBR
300P	020B		A=ABSOLUTE		F=FKM
500P	035B		G=GAGE		E=EPDM
01KP	070B		*C=COMPOUND		
1K5P	100B		*COMPOUND PRES		
03KP	200B		IS —14.7 TO XXX OR —1 TO XXXB(. 0.0	
05KP	350B				
10KP	700B				

*CUSTOMIZATION FOR SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS (NEW PRESSURE, ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS, SPECIALOUTPUTS, WIRING CODES, CALIBRATIONS, NEW MECHANICAL STRUCTURES).

MODEL SA87F

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

1. FOR AMPLIFIED OUTPUT CIRCUITS, 3.012V ±1% INTERCHANGEABILITY WITH GAIN SET RESISTOR. SEE APPLICATION SCHEMATIC. 2. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAGE (G), COMPOUND (C).

- 3. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.
- 4. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.
- 5. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY. 6. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 7. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

8. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S PERFORMANCE OR ACCURACY

9. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER. 10. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE ,ABSOLUTE, COMPUND),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE. 11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES,

DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

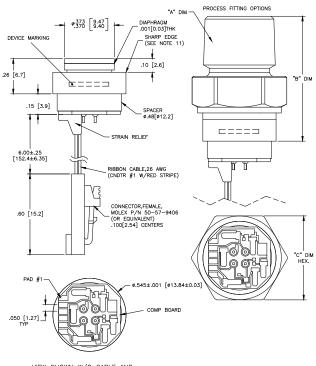
MODEL SA87N

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-200 mV Output Temperature Compensated Absolute and Sealed Gage

Hydraulic Controls

- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DIMENSIONS



VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS PAD/CNDTR FUNCTION 1 +OUT 2 -EX 3 +EX 4 -OUT 5

6

GAIN



DESCRIPTION

SA87N is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

MODEL SA87N

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

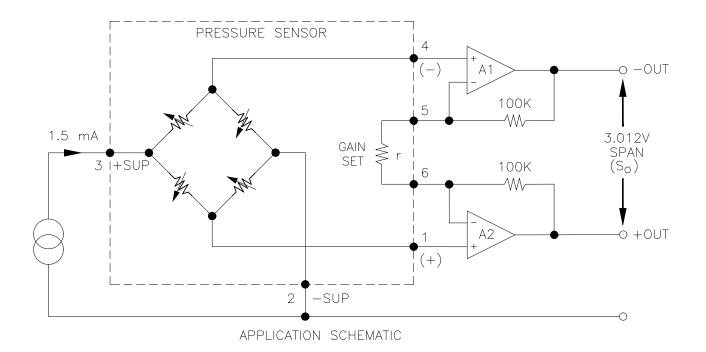
PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES		
SPAN	75	150	210	mV	1		
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	mV			
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2		
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-	±0.05	-	%SPAN			
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN			
INPUT RESISTANCE	3.0	4.0	5.0	ΚΩ			
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0	-	25.0	ΚΩ			
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3		
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3		
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3		
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	3		
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR			
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR			
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA			
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	4		
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	MΩ	5		
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	15000	PSI			
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	20000	PSI	6		
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+85	°C	7		
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	8		
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS ANI	O GASES COM	PATIBLE WITH	316/316L ST STL			
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT		LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL					

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION SA87N-XXXX X X Х FITTING TYPE PRESSURE 0=W/O FITTING RANGE(PSI) ELECTRICAL 1 = 1/4 - 18 NPT,7/8 HEX P=SOLDRER PADS 1000 2=1/8-27 NPT,7/8 HEX 3000 R=RIBBON CABLE 5000 3=7/16-20 UNF,7/8 HEX C=CABLE 4=1/4-18 NPT,5/8 HEX W/CONNECTOR PRESSURE TYPE 5=1/4-19 BSP,3/4 HEX A=ABSOLUTE 8=1/8-27 NPT,5/8 HEX G = GAGE9=1/4-19 BSP,7/8 HEX

MODEL SA87N

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

- 1. Measured at vacuum for absolute (A) and ambient for sealed gage (S).
- for amplified output circuits, 3.012v ±1% interchangeability with gain set resistor.
- 2. Best fit straight line
- Over temperature range -20°C to +85°C, with respect to +25°C.
- 4. Load resistance to reduce measurement errors due to output loading.
- Between case and sensing element.
 Pressure overload 3x or 15,000 psi, whichever is less.
- The maximum pressure that can be applied without changing the transducer's performance or accuracy.
- 7. Pressure burst 4x or 15,000 psi, whichever is less.
- The maximum pressure that can be applied to a transducer without rupture of either the sensing element or transducer. 8. Maximum temperature range for product with standard cable and connector is -20°C to +105°C.

9. Testing: All 3000 and 5000 psi parts are tested at 2500 psi and calculated to full scale pressure respective. 10. Marking:

Parts are marked with model number, pressure range, type ("A" for absolute or "S" for sealed gage), Lot number, serial number and date code.

 Sharp edge strongly recomended for welding application. Optium weld parameters will reduce the effect of weld heat on sensor performance.
 Direct mechanical contact with diaphragm is prohibited. Diaphragm surface must remain free of defects (scratches, punctures, fingerprints, etc.) for device to operate properly. Caution is advised when handling parts with exposed diaphragms. Use protective cap whenever devices are not in use.

MODEL SA87FK

316 SS Pressure SensorFlush Mount0-200 mV OutputTemperature CompensatedAbsolute and Sealed Gage



- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DESCRIPTION

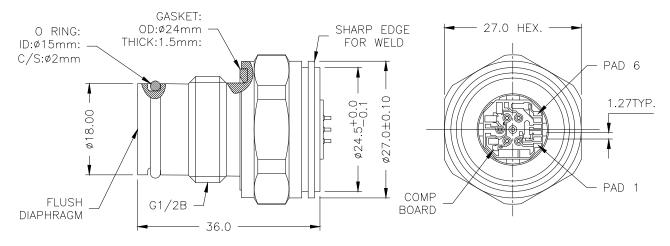
SA87FK is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip.The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil cooil filled to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.



CONNECTIONS

PAD	FUNCTION
1	+OUT
2	-EX
3	+EX
4	-OUT
5	CAIN
6	GAIN

DIMENSIONS



MODEL SA87FK

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

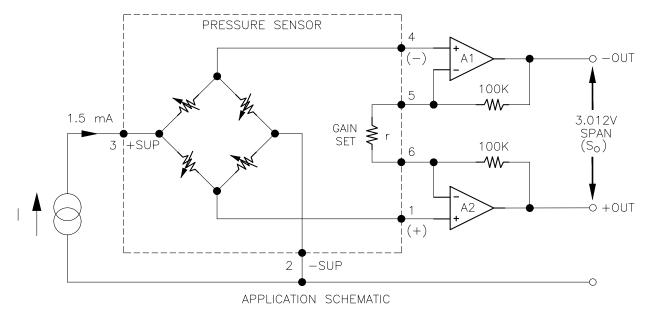
PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	65	100	200	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	mV	2
ACCURACY	-0.50	±0.25	+0.50	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.50	±0.25	+0.50	%SPAN	3
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.50	±0.25	+0.50	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-0.50	±0.25	+0.50	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.0K	3.5K	5.8K	Ω	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0K	-	6.0K	Ω	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	%SPAN	4
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	5
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5M	-	-	Ω	6
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	7
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz to 1kHz)	-	1.0	-	µVр-р	
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	8
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	RATED	9
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	50	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-25	-	+80	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND (GASES COMPA	TIBLE WITH 31	6/316L ST STL	
MEDIA, REFERENCE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH SILICONE, PYREX, GOLD, FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER AND 316/316L ST STL				

ORDERING INFORMATION

	ORDERING	INFORMATION	
	SA87FK->	× × ×	
PRE	SSURE TYPE*		SEAL MATERIAL
1	0~1 BAR	PRESSURE TYPE	N=NBR
2	0~2.5 BAR	A=ABSOLUTE	F=FKM
3	0~6 BAR	G=GAUGE	E=EPDM
4	0~16 BAR		
5	0~25 BAR		
6	0~100 BAR		
7	0~160 BAR		
8	0~250 BAR		
9	0~400 BAR		
А	0~600 BAR		
В	-1~0 BAR		
С	-1~1 BAR		
D	-1~2.5 BAR		
Ε	-1~6 BAR		
F	-1~10 BAR		
G	-1~16 BAR		
Н	-1~25 BAR		
'1∼A B∼H	: GAUGE : ABSOLUTE		

MODEL SA87FK

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

- 1. FOR AMPLIFIED OUTPUT CIRCUITS, 3.012V ±1% INTERCHANGEABILITY WITH GAIN SET RESISTOR. SEE APPLICATION SCHEMATIC.
- 2. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A), AMBIENT FOR GAUGE (G).

3. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

4. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO 25°C.

5. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIOMETRICITY.

6. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.

7. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

8. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCER'S PERFORMANCE OR ACCURACY.

9. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

10. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE ,ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

11. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS: THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL

WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM. 12. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS

(SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS, FINGERPRINTS, ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA89C

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-210 mV Output **Temperature Compensated Absolute and Sealed Gage**



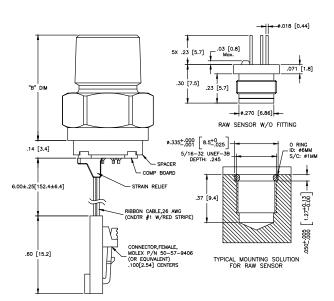
DESCRIPTION

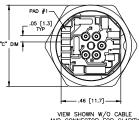
SA89C is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip.The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

Hydraulic Controls

- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DIMENSIONS





.46 [11.7]
VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

CONNECTIONS					
PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION				
1	+OUT				
2	-EX				
3	+EX				
4	-OUT				
5	CAIN				
6	GAIN				

MODEL SA89C

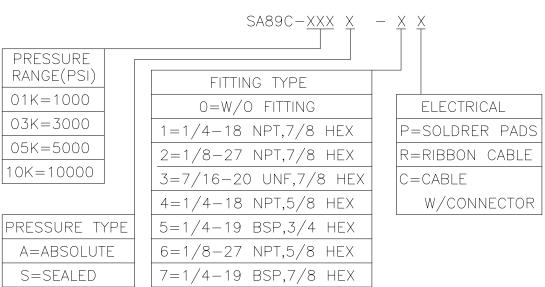
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	75	125	210	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-2.0	0	+2.0	mV	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.3	-	+0.3	%SPAN	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.1	-	+0.1	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	3.0	4.0	5.0	ΚΩ	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0	-	6.0	ΚΩ	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	MΩ	4
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	ΜΩ	5
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	6
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	RATED	7
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+85	°C	3
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	8
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL				

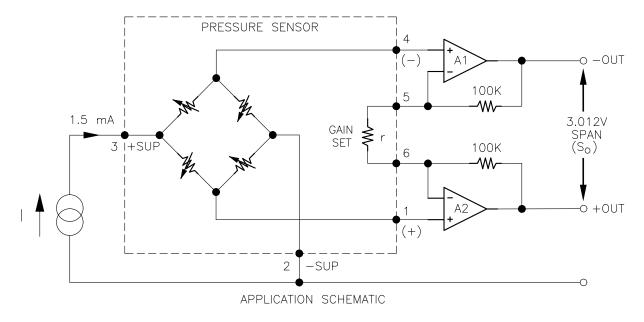
ORDERING INFORMATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL SA89C

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



Notes

- 1. CALCULATED AT FSP, 3000PSI AND 5000PSI PARTS ARE TESTED AT 2500PSI. 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE BETWEEN 0 AND FSP.
- 3. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO +25°C.
- 4. LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 6. 3X OR 20,000PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS. 7. 4X OR 30,000PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.
- 8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR THIS PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.

MODEL SA89CV

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 0-100mV Output Temperature Compensated Absolute and Sealed Gage Constant voltage



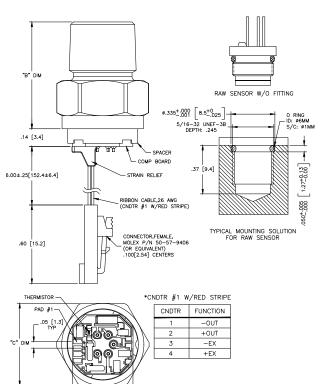
- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DIMENSIONS



DESCRIPTION

SA89CV is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip.The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.



VIEW SHOWN W/O CABLE AND CONNECTOR FOR CLARITY

MODEL SA89CV

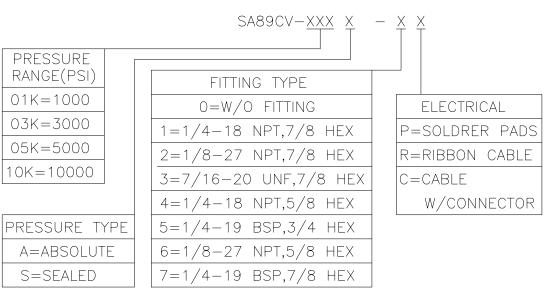
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10V AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	98	100	102	mV	1
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-1.0	0	+1.0	mV	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	2
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.1	-	+0.1	%SPAN	
INPUT RESISTANCE	5.5	9.0	125	ΚΩ	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	4.0	-	6.0	ΚΩ	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
TEMPERATURE ERROR, OFFSET	-1.0	-	+1.0	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	-	+0.25	%SPAN	3
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-	±0.10	-	%SPAN/YR	
SUPPLY CURRENT	-	10	14	V	
OUTPUT LOAD RESISTANCE	5	-	-	ΜΩ	4
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50	-	-	ΜΩ	5
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	6
BURST PRESSURE	-	-	4X	RATED	7
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+85	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C	8
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C	8
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL				

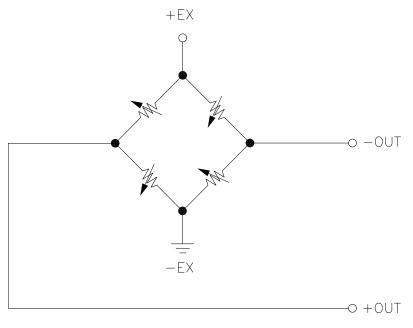
ORDERING INFORMATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL SA89CV

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC

Notes

- 1. MEASURED AT VACUUM FOR ABSOLUTE (A) AND AMBIENT FOR SEALED GAGE (S).
- 2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE
- OVER TEMPERATURE RANGE -20°C TO +85°C, WITH RESPECT TO +25°C.
 LOAD RESISTANCE TO REDUCE MEASUREMENT ERRORS DUE TO OUTPUT LOADING.
- 5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.
- 6. 3X OR 20,000 PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- 7. 4x OR 30,000 PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A
- TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.
- 8. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR PRODUCT WITH STANDARD CABLE AND CONNECTOR IS -20°C TO +105°C.
- 9. TESTING:

ALL 3,000, 5,000 & 10,000 PSI PARTS ARE TESTED AT 2500 PSI AND CALCULATED TO FULL SCAEL PRESSURE RESPECTIVE.

- 10. MARKING:
- PARTS ARE MARKED WITH MODEL NUMBER,
- PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE("A" FOR ABSOLUTE OR "S" FOR SEALED GAGE), LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.
- 11. SHIPPING:
- SHIPPED IN A PLASTIC CONTAINER WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

MODEL SA89U

316 SS Pressure Sensor **High Performance, Small Profile** mV Output Uncompensated **Absolute and Sealed Gage**

Hydraulic Controls

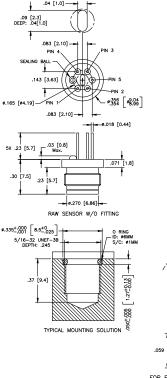
- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

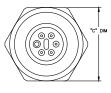
DIMENSIONS

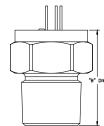


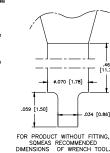
DESCRIPTION

SA89U is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The ISO pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. A thickfilm ceramic compensation board with laser trimmed resistors, and additional gain set resistor to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.









CONNECTIONS

PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION
1	-OUT
2	-EX1
2	

-	
3	+OUT
4	-Ex
5	-EX2

MODEL SA89U

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 1.5mA AND AT 25°C

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
SENSITIVITY	12	-	27	mV/V@SPAN	1	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	-6.0	-	+8.0	mV/V	1	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-0.25	-	+0.25	% SPAN	2	
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10	±0.05	+0.10	% SPAN		
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	% SPAN		
INPUT/OUTPUT RESISTANCE	3.8K	-	6.0K	Ω	1,3	
THERMAL HYSTYERESIS - SPAN	-0.25	±0.10	+0.25	% SPAN		
THERMAL HYSTYERESIS - OFFSET	-0.25	±0.10	+0.25	% SPAN		
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, RESISTANCE	1.30K	1.51K	1.75K	PPM/°C	4	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, SPAN	-1.45K	-1.25K	-1.0K	PPM/°C	4	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, OFFSET	-30	-	+30	µV/V/°C	4	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, SPAN	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	% SPAN	4	
THERMAL HYSTERESIS, OFFSET	-0.25	±0.05	+0.25	% SPAN	4	
LONG TERM STABILITY, SPAN	-0.10	-	+0.10	% SPAN/YR		
LONG TERM STABILITY, OFFSET	-0.10	-	+0.10	% SPAN/YR		
SUPPLY CURRENT	0.5	1.5	2.0	mA		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	5	12	V		
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	5	
OUTPUT NOISE (10Hz TO 1KHz)	-	1.0	-	μV Ρ-Ρ		
RESPONSE TIME (10% TO 90%)	-	-	0.1	mS		
PROOF PRESSURE	-	-	3X	RATED	6	
BURST PRESSURE			4X	RATED	7	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-40	-	+125	°C		
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-50	-	+125	°C		
TORQUE	154	-	180	In-lb	8	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	RESSURE PORT LIQUIDS AND GASES COMPATIBLE WITH 316/316L ST STL					

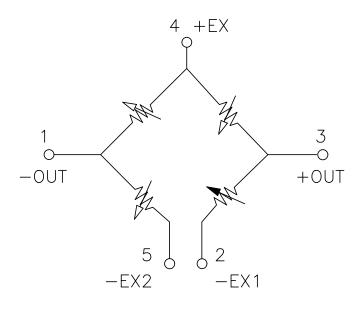
ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

SA89U- <u>X></u>	XX X	- >	<u><</u>
PRESSURE RANGE(PSI)			FITTING TYPE
. ,			0=W/O FITTING
01K=1000			1=1/4-18 NPT,7/8 HEX
03K=3000			
05K=5000			2=1/8-27 NPT,7/8 HEX
			3=7/16-20 UNF,7/8 HEX
10K=10000			4=1/4-18 NPT,5/8 HEX
[5=1/4-19 BSP,3/4 HEX
PRESSURE T	7PE		6=1/8-27 NPT,5/8 HEX
A=ABSOLUT	E		7=1/4-19 BSP,7/8 HEX
S=SEALED			/-//+ 13 D31,//0 HLA

MODEL SA89U

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



CONNECTIONS

Notes

1. MEASURED AT AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

2. BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3. MEASURED WITH BOTH -E PINS SHORTED TOGETHER. 4. OVER TEMPERATURE RANGE -20°C TO +70°C, WITH RESPECT TO +25°C.

5. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

3X OR 20,000PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED WITHOUT CHANGING THE TRANSDUCERS 6. PERFORMANCE OR

ACCURACY.

7. 4X OR 30,000PSI, WHICHEVER IS LESS. THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF FITHER THE

SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER.

 8. FOR DEVICES WITHOUT FITTINGS; TYPICAL RECEPTACLE 316 ST STL, TENSILE STRENGTH 75,000PSI MIN.
 9. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED. DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES

FINGERPRINTS, ETC) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGMS. USE PROTECTIVE

CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

10. TESTING: ALL 03K. 05K AND 10KPSI PARTS ARE TESTED AT 2500PSI AND CALCULATED TO FULL SCALE PRESSURE RESPECTIVELY. 11. MARKING: PARTS ARE MARKED WITH COMPANY NAME, MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER, AND DATE CODE.

12. SHIPPING: THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A STATIC DISSIPATIVE CAP. EACH UNIT IS PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC

CONTAINER WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

MODEL SA89BSD

316 SS Pressure Sensor High Performance, Small Profile 24bits I2C/SPI Output Temperature Compensated Absolute and Sealed Gage

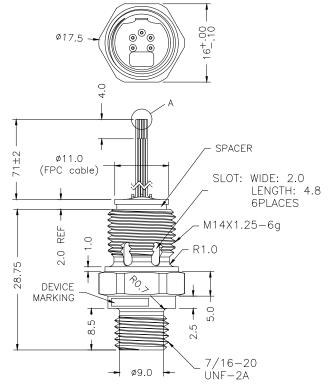
- Hydraulic Controls
- Process Control
- Robotics
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters

DIMENSIONS



DESCRIPTION

SA89BSD is a micro machined piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted in a 316 stainless steel package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresisteve sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASICcompensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

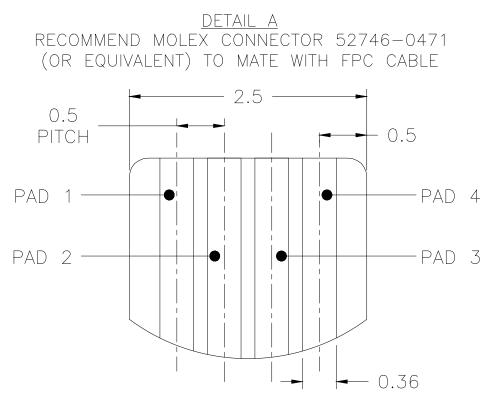


Fitting Type Table

Fitting Type	"A" DIM	"B" DIM	"C" DIM	"D" DIM
4	1/4-18 NPT	.82 [20.8]	5/8 [15.9] HEX	N/A
5	1/4-19 BSP	.82 [20.8]	3/4 [19] HEX	
8	1/8-27 NPT	.71 [18.0]	5/8 [15.9] HEX	
А	No Fitting, T	hreaded Capsule, 5/16-3	32 UNEF-3A	5/16-32 UNEF-3B↓.25
В	No			
NOTE:	Fitting Type '-4' assembly shown			

All dimensions are for reference only

DIMENSIONS



PINOUTS

OUTPUT TYPE	PAD 1	PAD 2	PAD 3	PAD 4
l ² C (Address 0x28)	Vsupply	GND	SDA	SCL

TABLE 1. *ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Supply voltage (Vsupply)	-0.3	3.6	Vdc
Voltage on any pad	-0.3	Vsupply+0.3	V
Digital interface clock frequency:	0.1	3.4	MHz
ESD susceptibility (human body model)	2	-	kV
Storage temperature	-40[-40]	85[185]	°C[°F]

*Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

TABLE 2. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETERS
Humidity (all external surfaces) :	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
*Life	1 million pressure cycles minimum

*Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is used.

TABLE 3. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS(ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 3.3VDC AND AT 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	1
Supply current		-	2.0	2.9	mA	
Working pressure range(absolut	e)	0	-	350	Bar	2
Over pressure range(absolute)		0	-	700	Bar	3
Burst pressure range(absolute)		0	-	1050	Bar	4
Operating temperature range		-40	-	85	°C	5
Compensated temperature range	e	-20	-	+85	C	6
Startup time (power up to data ready)		-	-	17	mS	
Response time		-	12	-	mS	
I C/SPI voltage level	low	-	-	0.2	Volts	
	high	0.8	-	-		
Pull up on SDA/MISO, SCL/SCL	К,	1	4.7	10	kOhm	
Total Error Band		-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7,8
Accuracy		-	-	±0.25	%FSS BFSL	9
Long term stability (1000 hr, 25°C)		-	-	±0.25	%FSS	
Output resolution		12	-	24	bits	
Media, pressure port			(UNS S20910), l 6L Stainless Ste			

Notes

1. The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

2. Working pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range

limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles minimum.

3. Over pressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure

to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

4. Burst pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after

exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

5. Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

6. Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pessure within the specified performance limits.7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes all

7. Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pessure range. Includes al errors due to offset,

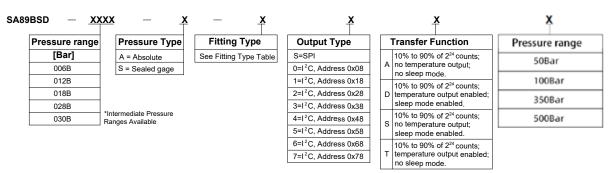
full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability,thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis. 8. Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and

minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range. (See Figure 1.)

9. Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the

pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

ORDERING INFORMATION

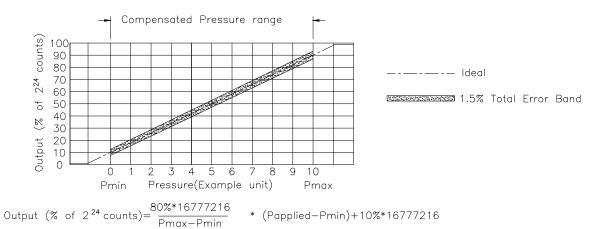


ORDERING INFORMATION

TABLE 4. SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES

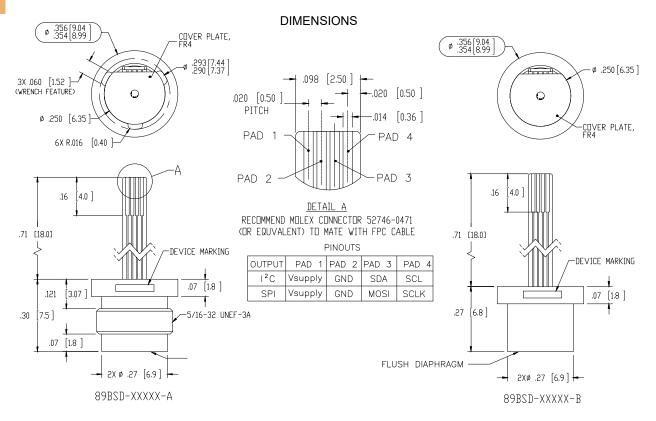
	DIGITAL COUNTS		
CHARACTERISTIC	DECIMAL	HEX	
0	0	0X199999	
10	1677722	0X0666	
50	8388608	0×80000	
90	15099494	0XE66666	
100	16777216	0X100000	

FIGURE 1. PRESSURE FUNCTION

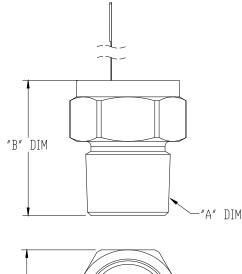


316L SS Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA89BSD

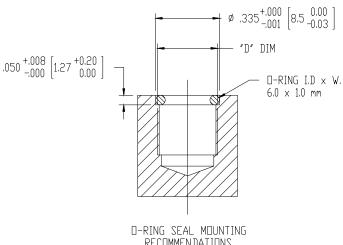


DIMENSIONS





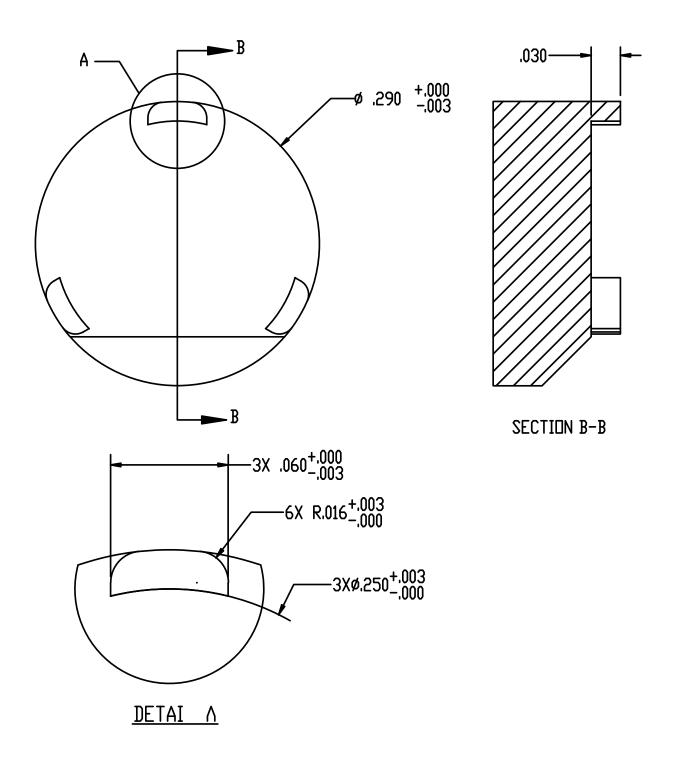
89BSD-XXXX-4, -5, -8



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FITTING TYPES A & B

RECOMMENDED WRENCH DIMENSIONS

RECOMMENDED WRENCH DIMENSIONS



MODEL SA89A

316L SS Pressure Sensor **High Performance, Small Profile** 0.5-4.5Vdc Output **Absolute and Gage** Low Pressure



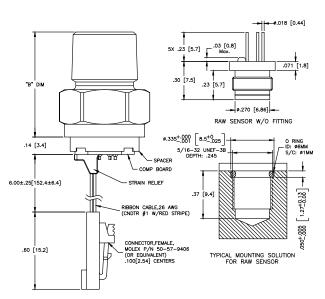
DESCRIPTION

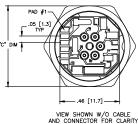
SA89A is a micromachined piezoresistive silicon pressu sensor. It is designed for OEM applications where compatibility with corrosive media must be maintained. The sensor chip is mounted on a TO style header, which is resistance welded to a 316 stainless steel package. A 316 stainless steel convoluted isolation diaphragm is welded to the package, sealing a small volume of silicon oil between the diaphragm and the sensor chip. The oil filled pressure housing utilizes the oil column to couple the piezoresistive sensor to the isolation diaphragm. An ASIC compensation board to normalize pressure sensitivity are an integral part of the sensor package. A variety of threaded process fittings are available. Fittings include standards like 1/4 and 1/8 NPT, 1/4 BSP as well as custom process fittings. Electrical options include cable and connector.

Medical Instruments

- Process Control
- Oceanography
- Refrigeration/Compressors
- Pressure Transmitters
- Level Systems

DIMENSIONS





CONNECTIONS				
PAD/CNDTR	FUNCTION			
1	+Vin			
2	GND			
3	+Vout			

285

MODEL SA89A

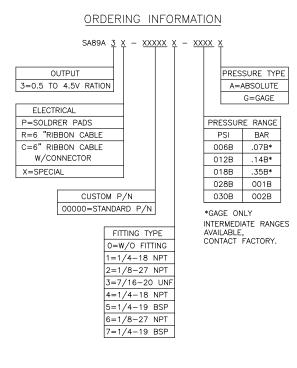
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 10 VDC AND AT 25°C AFTER 10 SEC WARM UP

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
SPAN	4.5			V	
ZERO PRESSURE OUTPUT	0.5			V	
PRESSURE NON-LINEARITY	-1.0	±0.3	+1.0	%SPAN	1
PRESSURE HYSTERESIS	-0.10		+0.10	%SPAN	
REPEATABILITY	-	±0.02	-	%SPAN	
TEMPERATURE ERROR, SPAN (O° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±2.0; >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±1			%SPAN	2
TEMPERATURE ERROR, ZERO(0° TO 50°C)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±2.0; >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±1			%SPAN	2
ACCURACY (COMBINED LINAEARITY, HYSTERESIS & REPEATABILITY)	±0.25			%SPAN	1
TOTAL ERROR BAND (INCLUDES CALIBRATION ERRORS & TEMPERATURE EFFECTS OVER THE COMPENSATED RANGE)	1.2PSI AND 0.07BAR: ±7.0; 5PSI OR .35BAR: ±5 >5PSI OR >.35BAR: ±5		%SPAN		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	3
INSULATION RESISTANCE (50 VDC)	50M	-	-	Ω	4
PRESSURE OVERLOAD	3X			RATED	
COMPENSATED TEMPERATURE	0	-	+50	°C	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20	-	+125	°C	
MEDIA, PRESSURE PORT	LIQUIDS AND	GASES COM	/IPATIBLE WI	TH 316/316L ST	STL

ORDERING INFORMATION



Notes

1. BEST FIT STRAIBHT LINE.

2. OVER THE COMPENSATED TEMPETATURE RANGE WITH RESPECT TO $25^\circ \text{C}.$

3. GUARANTEES OUTPUT/INPUT RATIONMETRICITY.

4. BETWEEN CASE AND SENSING ELEMENT.

5. THE MAXMIUM PRESSURE THAT CAN BE APPLIED TO A TRANSDUCER WITHOUT RUPTURE OF EITHER THE SENSING ELEMENT OR TRANSDUCER. 6. DEVICE MARKING:

EACH PART SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH MODEL NUMBER, PRESSURE RANGE, TYPE (GAGE OR ABSOLUTE),

LOT NUMBER, SERIAL NUMBER AND DATE CODE.

7. SHIPPING/PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS:

THE STAINLESS STEEL DIAPHRAGM IS PROTECTED BY A PLASTIC CAP. EACH UNIT WILL BE PACKAGED INDIVIDUALLY IN A PLASTIC VIAL WITH ANTI-STATIC FOAM.

8. DIRECT MECHANICAL CONTACT WITH DIAPHRAGM IS PROHIBITED, DIAPHRAGM SURFACE MUST REMAIN FREE OF DEFECTS (SCRATCHES, PUNCTURES, DENTS,FINGERPRINTS,ECT) FOR DEVICE TO OPERATE PROPERLY. CAUTION IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING PARTS WITH EXPOSED DIAPHRAGM. USE PROTECTIVE CAP WHENEVER DEVICES ARE NOT IN USE.

MODEL SA89VI

Disposible Pressure Sensor 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA Output Gage and Absolute Temperature Compensated



- Invasive Blood Pressure
- Hemodialysis
- Biochemical Analyzer
- Urodynamics
- Intrauterine Pressure
- Intracranial Pressure

FEATURES

- 0-10V or 4-20mA selectable
- ±0.1% Pressure Non-linearity
- -10°C To +60°C Compensated

Temperature Range

- 0.5% Interchangeable
- · Solid State Reliability
- Low Power

DESCRIPTION

The Model SA89VI is a fully piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor with an ASIC compensation board to normonize the outoput for either 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA output.

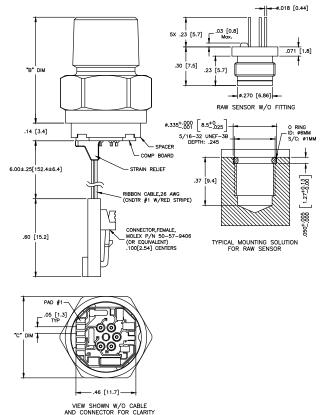
SA89VI High Accuracy Silicon Ceramic sensor is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor,offering an 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. SA89VI Series is fully calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using an on-board Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). Calibrated output values for pressure are updated at approximately 50Hz.

SA89VI Series is calibrated over the temperature range of -10 °C to 60 °C. The sensor is characterized for operation from a single power supply of 16-32Vdc . SA89VI Series sensors are intended for use with corrosive, ionic working fluids. They are designed and manufactured according to standards in ISO 9001.

The products are shipped in anti-static shipping containers. Performance characteristics and packaging can be easily tailored on a special order basis to meet the requirements of specific customers.

MODEL SA89VI

DIMENSIONS



STANDARD RANGES

Range	psig	psia
0to500	•	•
0to1000	•	•
0to3000	•	•
0to5000	•	•
0to10000	•	•
0to15000	•	•

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

		<u>SA89V</u> I- <u>XXX</u> X	$- \begin{array}{c} \times \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array}$
PRESSURE TYPE	PRESSURE		
SA89VIA=0-10V	RANGE(PSI)	FITTING TYPE	
SA89VIB=4-20mA	01K=1000	0=W/O FITTING	ELECTRICAL
	03K=3000	1=1/4-18 NPT,7/8 HEX	P=SOLDRER PADS
	05K=5000	2=1/8-27 NPT,7/8 HEX	R=RIBBON CABLE
	10K=10000	3=7/16-20 UNF,7/8 HEX	C=CABLE
		4=1/4-18 NPT,5/8 HEX	W/CONNECTOR
	PRESSURE TYPE	5=1/4-19 BSP,3/4 HEX	
	A=ABSOLUTE	6=1/8-27 NPT,5/8 HEX	
	S=SEALED	7=1/4-19 BSP,7/8 HEX	

MODEL SA89VI

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

All parameter measured at 1.5 mA and at 25∞C, after 10 second warm up, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Performance Characteristics						
Supply voltage		12	24	36	Vdc	
Zero Pressure Offset (0-10V)		-0.05	±0.02	0.05	Vdc	
Zero Pressure Offset (4-20mA)		-0.15	±0.1	+0.15	mA	
Pressure Non Linearity			±0.1	+0.2	%FSS	2
Hysteresis & Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	+0.3	%FSS	
Full Scale Span (0-10V)	FSS		10		VDC	3
Full Scale Span (4-20mA)	FSS		16		mA	
Temperature Hysteresis, Offset & Span		-0.20		+0.20	%FSS	4
Thermal Error of Span		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	
Thermal Error of Offset		-0.5		+0.5	%FSS	
Response Time			100		μS	
Insulation Resistance		50			MΩ	
Long Term Stability, Offset & Span			±0.4		%FSS	5
Weight			2.5		grams	
Compensated Temperature		0 TO 50			°C	
Absolute Maximum Conditions						6
Storage Temperature		-50		150	°C	
Overage Pressure			3X		Range	
Burst, Differential Pressure				5X	Range	
Burst, Gauge & Absolute Pressure				10X	Range	
Media Compatibility		Non Ionic, Non	Corrosive Gase	es		
Wetted Materials		Polysulphone, S	Polysulphone, Silicone Gel, UV epoxy			

Notes

1.RATIOMETRIC TO SUPPLY CURRENT

2.BEST FIT STRAIGHT LINE.

3.MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ERROR BETWEEN 0C AND 50C WITH RESPECT TO 25C.

4.SHORT TERM STABILITY OVER 7 DAYS WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

5.LONG TERM STABILITY OVER A ONE YEAR PERIOD WITH CONSTANT CURRENT AND TEMPERATURE.

6.FOR A ZERO-TO-FULL SCALE PRESSURE STEP CHANGE.

7.2X MAXIMUM FOR 15000PSI DEVICE.

PRESSURE

MODEL SA69

Flexible Electrical Outputs ASIC Compensation Wide Temperature Range Hash Media Compatible



- High Accuracy
- Low Overall Errors, 1%TEB
- All Welded Design
- Custom Outputs and Ranges Available

DESCRIPTION

Sensorall SA69 Series incorporates the latest mixed signal ASIC (Application Specific Integrated Circuit) with a bonded silicon gage to provide the standard for Industrial Transducers & Transmitters. The SA69 Series offers current, regulated and ratiometric outputs types along with a wide range of process fittings. The rugged design is compatible with a wide range of harsh media including refrigerants, compressed air, and hydraulic fluids. The designs superior performance provides 1% Total Error across a wide temperature range of -20 to 85°C and overall error of less than 2.5% over -40 to 125C. The flexible design incorporates many connector types making it the ideal choice for OEM customers.

DIMENSIONS

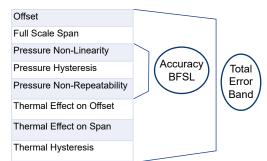
SA69PX2	х	XX		XXXX		Х	ХХ
Series	Electrical Connector Type	Pressure Port Type		Pressure Range	•	Pressure Reference	Output Transfer Funct
			bar	Pa	psi		
Heavy Duty SA69PX2 Pressure	Metri-Pack 150, Standard (UL 94 HB) ²	7/16-20 UNF 1/4 in 45° Flare F1 Female Schrader	001B 1 bar	100K 100 kPa	015P 15 psi	A Absolute	AA Ratiometric 5.0 V: 10 %Vs to
Transducer1	A (For UL 94 V-0 version,	(SAE J512)	1.6B 1.6 bar	160K 160 kPa	030P 30 psi	S Sealed gage ⁵	AB Ratiometric 5.0 V: 5 %Vs to 9
	see order code J below.)	F2 45° Flare Male (SAE J513)	002B 2 bar	250K 250 kPa	050P 50 psi	G Vented gage ⁶	AC Ratiometric 3.3 V: 10 %Vs to
Electrical	B Micro M12 (IEC 61076-2)		2.5B 2.5 bar	400K 400 kPa	100P 100 psi		AD Ratiometric 3.3 V: 5 %Vs to 9
Connector Type	B (IEC 61076-2)	7/16-20 UNF 37* Flare Male (SAE J514)	004B 4 bar	600K 600 kPa	150P 150 psi		BC Regulated: 1 Vdc to 6 Vdc
· · · · ·		G1 G1/4 G1 (ISO 1179-3)	006B 6 bar	001G1 MPa	200P 200 psi		BD Regulated: 0.25 Vdc to 10.25
Sensor	C (EN 175301-803C)	(ISO 1179-3)	008B 8 bar	1.6G 1.6 MPa	250P 250 psi		BE Regulated: 0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc
Body		G2 G1/8 (ISO 1179-3)	010B 10 bar	2.5G 2.5 MPa	300P 300 psi		BG Regulated: 1 Vdc to 5 Vdc
			016B 16 bar	004G 4 MPa	500P 500 psi		CH Current: 4 mA to 20 mA
Pressure Port Type	D Deutsch (DTM04-3P)	M1 M12 x 1.5 (ISO 6149-3)	025B 25 bar	4.6G 4.6 MPa	600P 600 psi		
		N1 1/4-18 NPT	040B 40 bar	006G 6 MPa	667P 667 psi		
	E Cable harness, 1 meter cable length ³		046B 46 bar	007G7 MPa	750P 750 psi		
		N2 1/8-27 NPT	060B 60 bar		01KP1000 psi		
	F 2 meter cable length ³		070B 70 bar				
	Y Y	S1 9/16-18 UNF (SAE J1926-3)					
	G 3 meter cable length ^{3,4}						
	Cable harness,	S2 7/16-20 UNF (SAE J1926-3)					
	H 5 meter cable length ^{3,4} (three (two -wire) -wire)						

316L SS Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA69

TABLE 1.

CHARACTERISTIC	PARAMETER
Operating temperature range ²	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Storage temperature range ³	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Compensated temperature range⁴	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Overpressure minimum rating⁵	(See Table 3)
Burst pressure minimum rating ⁶	(See Table 3)
Long term stability	±0.5 %FSS
Accuracy ⁷	±0.25 %FSS ⁹ (See Figure 1)
Offset error [®]	±1 %FSS °
Total Error Band ¹⁰	±2 %FSS ^e (-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]) (See Figure 1.)
Response time ¹¹	<2 ms
Turn on time ¹²	<7 ms
Life ¹³	minimum of 10 million cycles to operating pressure



1.All specifications apply at 25°C and under operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

2.Operating Temperature Range: The temperature range over which the product will produce an output proportional to pressure but may not remain within the specified

performance limits.

3.Storage Temperature Range: The temperature range over which the product may safely be exposed without excitation or pressure applied. Under these conditions the

product will remain in specification after excursion to any temperatures within this range. Exposure to temperatures outside this range may cause permanent damage to the product.

4.Compensated Temperature Range: The temperature range (or ranges) over which the product will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits.

5. Overpressure: The absolute maximum rating for pressure which may be safely applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating

pressure range. Exposure to higher pressure may cause permanent damage to the product.

6.Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to the product without causing escape of the pressure media. The product should not be expected to function

after exposure to any pressure beyond the rated burst pressure. This rating is also the case burst rating of the product. 7.Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25°C. Includes all errors due to

pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

8.Offset Error: the maximum deviation in the output signal obtained when the reference pressure is applied at 25°C relative to the ideal transfer function.

9.Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range.

10.Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset,

full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

11.Response Time: The response time of the transducer is the maximum amount of time that the transducer will take for the transducer to output a change from 10% to 90% of

full scale in response to a 0% to 100% full scale step input pressure range.

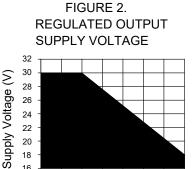
12. Turn On Time: Duration from power applied until first valid output.

13.Life may vary depending on the application in which transducer is used.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TABLE 2.

CHARACTERISTIC		RATIOMETRIC OUTPUT				CURRENT OUTPUT	REGULATED OUTPUT				
			OUTPUT TRANSFER FUNCTION ORDER CODE								
		AA	AB	AC	AD	СН	BC	BD	BE	BG	
	null output value	10% of Vs	5% of Vs	10% of Vs	5% of Vs	4 mA	1 V	0.25V	0.5V	1V	
	full scale output value	90% of Vs	95% of Vs	90% of Vs	95% of Vs	4 mA	6 V	10.25V	4.5V	5V	
Output transfer	full scale span (FSS)	80% of Vs	90% of Vs	80% of Vs	90% of Vs	16 mA	5 V	10V	4V	4V	
function ¹	operating supply voltage, min.(Vs) ²	4.75 V	4.5 V	3.135 V	3.135 V	8 V	9 V	13V	8V	8V	
	operating supply voltage, typ.(Vs) ²	5 V	5 V	3.3 V	3.3 V	-	-	-	-	-	
	operating supply voltage, max.(Vs) ²	5.25 V	5.5 V	3.465 V	3.465 V	30 V⁴	30 V ³	30 V ³	30 V ³	30 V ³	
Supply curr	Supply current (typ.)		5mA 4mA			-	5.5mA				
Output load	minimum	2kOhm			-	2kOhm					
(pull up or down)	maximum	-			(Vs - 8) x50 Ohm	-					
	minimum⁵	-16V			-16V	-16V					
Absolute	maximum⁵	16V			30V	30V					
voltage ratings⁵	maximum applied to output pin (short circuit protection) ⁷	Vs			-	12V					
	electrostatic discharge	±4 kV conta	ct, ±8 kV ai	r per IEC 61	000-4-2	1					
	radiated immunity	10 V/m (80	MHz to 100	0 MHz) per	IEC 61000-	4-3					
EMC	fast transient burst		±1 kV per IEC61000-4-4								
rating [®]	-		3 V per IEC61000-4-6								
	radiated emissions	40 dB 30 M	Hz to 230 N	IHz; 47 dB 2	230 MHz to	1000 MHz per C	ISPR 11				
	ISO 11452-2 radiated immunity	100 V/m 20	0 MHz to 2	GHz			20 V/m 2	00 MHz to	2 GHz		



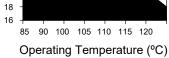
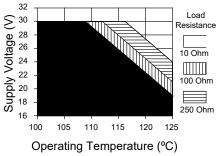


FIGURE 3. CURRENT OUTPUT SUPPLY VOLTAGE



1. Output transfer function options are shown in the Nomenclature and Order Guide.

2. Transducer will not produce valid output when supply voltage is outside of operating range.

3.Applies at 25°C. See Figure 2 for Regulated Output Supply Voltage.

4.Applies at 25°C. See Figure 3 for Current Output Supply Voltage.

5. Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device can withstand without damage to the product. Voltages above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. 6. Absolute voltage applies to potential across power and ground terminals.

7. Short circuit protection between output pin and ground, and output pin and supply pin.

8.All EMC ratings verified with the Metri-Pack 150 electrical connector type.

PRESSURE RATINGS

TABLE3.

	bar			kPa			MPa			psi	
Operating Pressure	Over- pressure	Burst Pressure									
1	5	8	100	500	800	1	3.1	5.1	15	70	115
1.6	5	8	160	1000	1700	1.6	5.2	8.6	30	150	250
2	10	17	250	1000	1700	2.5	6.9	10.3	50	250	400
2.5	10	17	400	1700	2700	4	6.9	10.3	100	450	750
4	17	27	600	3100	5100	4.6	6.9	10.3	150	450	750
6	31	51	-	-	-	6	13.8	20.6	200	750	1250
8	31	51	-	-	-	7	13.8	20.6	250	750	1250
10	31	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	1000	1500
16	52	86	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	1000	1500
25	69	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	600	1000	1500
34	69	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	667	1000	1500
40	69	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	1500	2250
46	69	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	800	1500	2250
60	138	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	850	2000	3000
70	138	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	2000	3000

TABLE3.

PRESSURE REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in fixed reference to vacuum (zero pressure), where the minimum operating pressure is set to absolute zero pressure (perfect vacuum)
Sealed gage ¹	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in fixed reference to 1 atmA, where the minimum operating pressure is set to 14.7 psiA (1 atmA)
Vented gage ²	Sensor measures pressure relative to ambient pressure. Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure, where the minimum operating pressure is set to atmospheric pressure

1.Sealed gage option only available in pressure ranges at or above 100 psi.

2. Vented gage option only available in pressure ranges between 100 psi and 667 psi.

PRESSURE RATINGS

TABLE5.

CHARACTERISTIC			PARAMETER			
Mechanical sh	nock		100 G per MIL-STD-202F, Method 213B, Cond. F (at 25°C [77°F])			
Vibration			20 G sweep, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz (at 25°C [77°F])			
Enclosure rati	ng		per electrical connector type selection (See Table 6)			
	port		304 stainless steel			
Wetted materials:	substrate		alumina ceramic			
	adhesives		ероху			
	electronics		glass, silicon			
	housing		304 stainless steel			
External materials:	connector	UL 94 HB (standard)	PBT 30 % GF, black			
		UL 94 V-0 (optional)	PBT 30 % GF, natural (beige)			
cable jacket			TPE			
Installation torque			per pressure port type (See Table 7)			

CAUTION PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO MECHANICAL ISSUES

• Ensure torque specifications are determined for the specific application. Values provided are for reference only. (Mating materials and thread sealants can result in significantly different torque values from one application to the next.)

• When using mating parts made of stainless steel, use a thread sealant with anti-seize properties to prevent thread galling. Ensure the sealant is rated for the application.

• Use appropriate tools (such as an open ended wrench or deep well socket) to install transducers.

· Always hand-start transducers into the hole to prevent cross threading and damage.

• Ensure that torgue is not applied to the electrical connector.

• Ensure that the proper mating electrical connector with a seal is used to connect the transducer. Improper or damaged seals can compromise ingress protection, leading to short circuits.

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

CAUTION PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO PARTICULATES

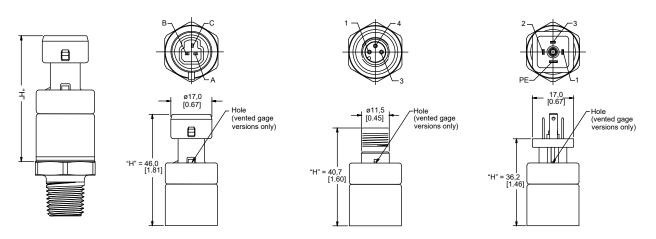
Ensure that a filter is used upstream of the transducer to keep media flow free of larger particulates and increased humidity. All PX2 Series transducers are dead-ended devices; particulate accumulation and condensing moisture may affect sensor output.
It is recommend that the transducer be positioned with the port facing downwards; any particulates in the system are less likely to enter and settle within the pressure transducer if it is in this position.

• Ensure that the media does not create a residue when dried. Build-up inside the transducer may affect transducer output; rinsing of a dead-ended transducer is potentially difficult and has limited effectiveness in removing residue. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TYPE DIMENSIONS (FOR REFERENCE ONLY)

TABLE6.

Connector Type	A&J			В			С		
Connector Mating Connector IP Rating	Mating Con	DELPHI 12078 nector: DELPH IP65 (all versio	LPHI 12110192 Mating Connector: 4 POS TYPE D Mating Connector: EN 175301-8030			Mating Connector: 4 POS TYPE D IP Rating1: IP65/IP67 (absolute, sealed			301-803C
	Pin	Voltage Output	Current Output	Pin	Voltage Output	Current Output	Pin	Voltage Output	Current Output
Funcation	A	GND	RTN	1	V+	supply	1	GND	RTN
Fundation	В	V+	supply	3	GND	RTN	2	V+	supply
	0					NC	3	Vout	NV
	С	Vout	NC	4	Vout		PE	NC	NC



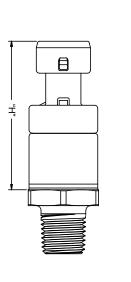
ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TYPE DIMENSIONS (FOR REFERENCE ONLY)

TABLE6.

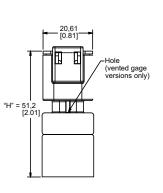
Connector Type	D			M&F&G&H(1/2/3/5 METER)			
Connector Mating Connector IP Rating				Connector: 24 AWG with TPE Jacket Mating Connector: Flying leads IP Rating1: IP65, IP67, IP69K (absolute, sealed gage versions)			
	Pin	Voltage Output	Current Output	Wire Color	Voltage Output	Wire Color	Current Output
Funcation	A	GND	RTN	Red	V+	Red	Supply
	В	Vout	NC	Black	GND	Black	RTN
		V+	supply	White	Vout	Diack	

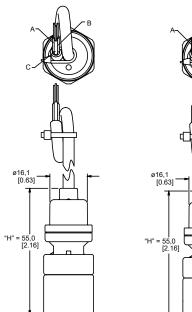
316L SS Pressure Sensor

MODEL SA69





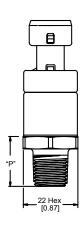




PRESSURE PORT TYPE DIMENSIONS (FOR REFERENCE ONLY)

TABLE7.

TARIE 7



F1 7/16-20 UNF 1/4 in 45° Flare Female Schrader (SAE J512)	F2 7/16-20 UNF 45° Flare Male (SAE J513)
Seal: 45° cone Mating geometry: SAE J512 "P" = 17.4 Installation torque: 17 N.m [12.5 ft-lb]	Seal: 45° cone Mating geometry: SAE J513 Installation torque: 1/4 Turn from finger tight
F3 7/16-20 UNF 37° Flare Male (SAE J514)	G1 G1/4 (ISO 1179-3)
Seal: 37° cone Mating Geometry: SAE J514 "P" = 20,5 Installation Torque: 16 N.m [11.8 ft-lb] [0.61]	Seal: O-ring Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1 "P" = 16,2 Installation torque: 50 N.m [38.9 ft-lb]
G2 G1/8 (ISO 1179-3)	M1 M12 X 1.5 (ISO 6149-3)
Seal: O-ring Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1 Installation torque: 25 N.m [18.4 ft-lb]	Seal: O-ring Mating geometry: ISO 6149-1 Installation torque: 25 N.m [18.4 ft-lb]
N1 1/4–18 NPT	N2 1/8–27 NPT
Seal: pipe thread Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1 "P" = 20.0 Installation torque: 2 to 3 turns from finger tight	Seal: pipe thread Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1 Installation torque: 2 to 3 turns from finger tight
S1 9/16–18 UNF (SAE J1926-3)	S2 7/16–20 UNF (SAE J1926-3)
Seal: O-ring Mating geometry: SAE J1926-1 "P" = 18.5 Installation torque: 30 N.m [22.1 ft-lb] 13.5 [0.53]	Seal: O-ring Mating geometry: SAE J1926-1 Installation torque: 18 N.m [12.3 ft-lb]

PRESSURE

MODEL SA730

LCD Display Zero Temperature drift Auto-Zero with Solenoid Valve 4-20mA or 0-10Vdc or 0-5Vdc RS485 Output



- Hospital Operating Room
- Environmental Control
- Process Automation Control

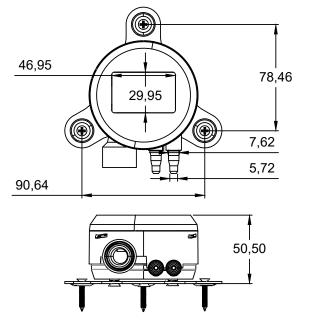


Characteristics

• Ranges from 25 Pa to 300psi (or can be customized, contact factory)

- Configurable intermediary ranges
- \bullet 0-5 V, 0-10 V,RS485 or active 4-20 mA output, power supply from 15 to 35 Vdc
- WIFI configurable with local server for remote monitoring.
- ABS V0 housing, IP65, with or without display
- "1/4 turn" system mounting with wall-mount plate
- Housing with simplified mounting system
- Solenoid valve for auto-calibration
- Relay output, alarm pressure level configurable

FEATURES OF THE HOUSING







TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

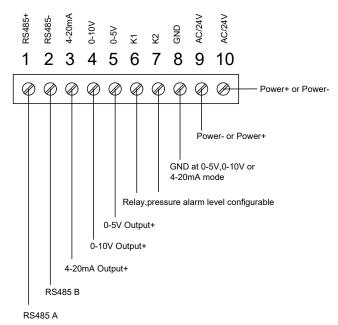
Measurement units	inH20, Kpa, Psi, Bar, Pascal, mmH2O
Accuracy*	SA730 : ±0.5% of reading+/-2Pa ; SA731 : ±0.5% of reading+/-3Pa ; SA732 : ±0.5% of reading+/-3mmH2O
Response time	1/e (63%) 0.3 s
Resolution	0.1Pa; 1Pa; 1Pa
Auto-Zero	Automatic by solenoid valve, this is only for 50Kpa range beow
Type of fluid	Air or neutral gases
Overpressure	SA730: 5Kpa, SA731: 10Kpa; SA732: 100Kpa
Operating Temperature	From 0 to 50°C
Storage Temperature	From -20 to 75°C

*All the accuracies indicated in this technical datasheet were tested in laboratory conditions, and can be guaranteed for measurements carried out in the same conditions, or carried out with calibration compensation

TECHNICAL Specifications

OUTPUT/SUPPLY	Maximum load: 500ohm(4-20mA), Minimum load: 1Kohm (0-10V,0-5V)
POWER CONSUMPTION	2VA(0-5,0-10V), 22mA (4-20mA)
Electromagnetical Compatibility	EN61326
Electrical Connection	Screw terminal block for cables from 0.05 to 2.5 mm2 or from 30 to 14 AWG

CONNECTIONS



PART NUMBER ORDERING

SA730DI-	XXXX -	D
Model Number	Pressure range	Pressure Type
	0100: -100/+100Pascal	D: Differential
	0500: -1000/+1000Pascal	G: Gauge
	010K: -10000/+10000Pascal	A: Absolute
	100K: 100KPa, contact factory for customization if needed	

AUTO CALIBRATION

Pressure transmitter has a temperature compensation from 0 to 50°C and an auto calibration process that guarantees excellent stability and perfect reliability of the measurement on low and high ranges over time.

Auto calibration principle: the microprocessor of the transmitter drives a solenoid valve that compensates the possible drifts on the sensitive element over time. The compensation is performed by the permanent adjustment of the zero, so the measurement of the differential pressure is then independent from the environmental conditions of the transmitter.

Advantage: No drift

Frequency of auto-calibration: Resettable from 1min to 60min

RANGE CONFIGURATION

The range of the pressure transmitter can be configured according to user's application.

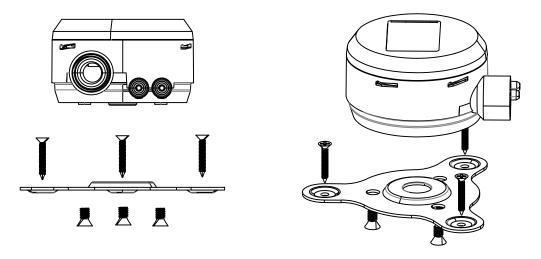
The configurable percentage can be set is 10%,20%,40%,60%,80% within menu.

For example, the original range is +/-1000Pa, if select 10%, the range will change to +/-

100Pa, the corresponding 0-5V,0-10V and 4-20mA output will change automatically.

For detailed instruction for the range configuration, consult factory.

Mounting



PRESSURE

MODEL SA730DI

Segment Screen Display 4-20mA Output Wide Temperature Range Low temperature to -45degC



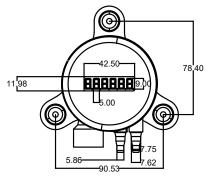
- Cold storage room
- Cold-chain transportation
- Clean Room/HVAC
- Process Automation

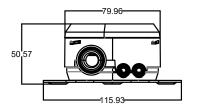
Characteristics

• Ranges from 100 Pa to 150psi (or can be customized, contact factory)

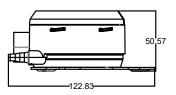
- 2 wires 4-20 mA output, power supply from 12 to 30 Vdc
- ABS V0 housing, IP64, with or without display
- Expansion screw mounting with wall-mount plate
- Housing with simplified mounting plate
- 0.5% Full Scale Span Accuracy
- Operating temperature from -45°C to 70°C with 6 digits segment code screen display
- Storage temperature -55°C to 85°C

FEATURES OF THE HOUSING









MODEL SA730DI

TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

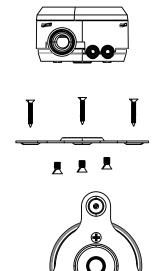
Measurement units	inH20, Kpa, Psi, Bar, Pascal, mmH2O
Accuracy*	SA730 DI: : ±0.5% of reading+/-0.5%FSS
Response time	0.1 s
Resolution	0.1Pa
Type of fluid	Air or neutral gases, if need test liquid, contact factory
Overpressure	3X rated pressure
Operating Temperature	Typical 0 to 50°C, can be customized from -45 to 70°C
Storage Temperature	From -50 to 85°C

*All the accuracies indicated in this technical datasheet were tested in laboratory conditions, and can be guaranteed for measurements carried out in the same conditions, or carried out with calibration compensation

TECHNICAL Specifications

OUTPUT/SUPPLY	Maximum load: 500ohm(4-20mA), Minimum load: 1Kohm (0-10V,0-5V)
POWER CONSUMPTION	24mA (4-20mA)
Electromagnetical Compatibility	EN61326
Electrical Connection	Screw terminal block for cables from 0.05 to 2.5 mm2 or from 30 to 14 AWG

CONNECTIONS





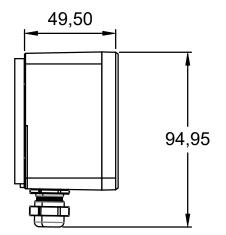
PRESSURE

MODEL SA810

LED Display Zero Temperature drift Auto Calibration Auto Span Configuration Custom pressrue range



FEATURES OF THE HOUSING



90,00 90,00 74,85 90,00 74,85

Characteristics

Clean Room/ HVAC

Hospital Operating Room

Process Automation Control

Environmental Control

• Ranges from 25 Pa to 300psi (or can be customized, contact factory)

- Configurable intermediary ranges
- 0-5 V, 0-10 V,RS485 or active 4-20 mA output, power supply from 15 to 35 Vdc
- WIFI configurable with local server for remote monitoring.
- ABS V0 housing, IP65, with or without display
- "1/4 turn" system mounting with wall-mount plate
- Housing with simplified mounting system
- Solenoid valve for auto-calibration
- Relay output, alarm pressure level configurable

TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

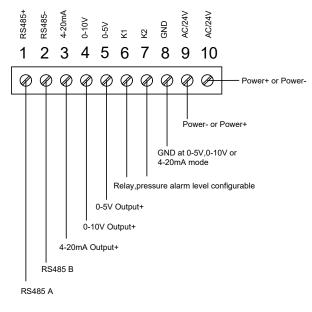
Measurement units	inH20, Kpa, Psi, Bar, Pascal, mmH2O
Accuracy*	SA810 : ±0.5% of reading+/-2Pa ; SA811 : ±0.5% of reading+/-3Pa ; SA812 : ±0.5% of reading+/-3mmH2O
Response time	1/e (63%) 0.3 s
Resolution	0.1Pa; 1Pa; 1Pa
Auto-Zero	Automatic by solenoid valve, this is only for 50Kpa range beow
Type of fluid	Air or neutral gases
Overpressure	SA810: 5Kpa, SA811: 10Kpa; SA812: 100Kpa
Operating Temperature	From 0 to 50°C
Storage Temperature	From -20 to 75°C

*All the accuracies indicated in this technical datasheet were tested in laboratory conditions, and can be guaranteed for measurements carried out in the same conditions, or carried out with calibration compensation

TECHNICAL Specifications

OUTPUT/SUPPLY	Maximum load: 500ohm(4-20mA), Minimum load: 1Kohm (0-10V,0-5V)
POWER CONSUMPTION	2VA(0-5,0-10V), 22mA (4-20mA)
Electromagnetical Compatibility	EN61326
Electrical Connection	Screw terminal block for cables from 0.05 to 2.5 mm2 or from 30 to 14 AWG

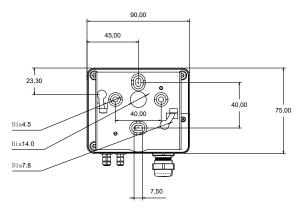
CONNECTIONS



PART NUMBER ORDERING

SA81-	0-	D
Model Number	Pressure range	Display
	0: -100/+100Pascal	D: with display
	1: -1000/+1000Pascal	N: Without display
	2: -10000/+10000Pascal	A: Absolute

Mounting



PRESSURE

MODEL SA950W

Pressure generator High accuracy Zero calibration Multiple pressure range



- Incoming inspection tool
- Design validation tool
- Production process control



DESCRIPTION

SA 950W is a micro pressure controller with LCD display, it can generate -70 to 200Kpa pressure through its internally embedded pressure pump with accurate pressure sensor. Pressure range can be customized, minimum 2KPa and maximum 200KPa, vacuum pressure can be reached to -70Kpa, pressure unit can be customized also. The internal standard pressure sensor can be used to calibrate the pressure output or as reference.

APPLICATION

SA950 Micro Pressure Controller can be conveniently used within product development, quality control and filed calibration. It is extremely helpful to check the linearity, hysteresis, zero output, full scale output, repeatability and stability of the device under test. SA950 can also be sued to verify the proper function of blood pressure transducer, reusable cable and monitor integrity during the application in ICU and surgery room.

MODEL SA950W

 PRESSURE RANGE:-70 to 200Kpa, Can be customized

 OPERATING TEMPERATURE:-20°C to 60°C (41°F - 105°F)

 STORAGE TEMPERATURE:-20°C to 60°C (-5°F to 140°F)

 OPERATING HUMIDITY:RH95% Max.

 LCD DISPLAY : 4 DIGITS

 DIMENSION : 160mm x 95mm x 35mm

 WEIGHT:350 GRAMS

 POWER:9VDC Battery(Around 80 Hours Continuously)

 STANDARD PRESSURE SENSOR PARAMETERS

 • SENSITIVITY: 5 μV/V/mmHg, +/- 1%

 • POWER SUPPLY: 2 to 10 vdc, or vac rms to 5 khz

 • INPUT RESISTANCE: 2000-4000 Ω

 • OUTPUT RESISTANCE: 2000-3000 Ω

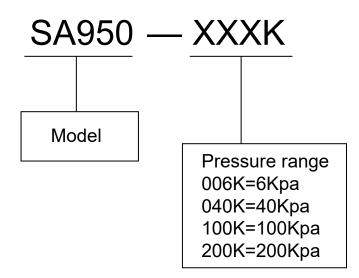
 Warning: Discontinue use if liquid is spilled on device.

 Warning: Pressure exceeding 200Kpa will cause leak, unstable pressure output and difficult to achieve the targeted pressure.

Warning: To gain as much as positive pressure capability, move the pressure regulator knob to a starting position which is further away from the housing. To gain as

much as negative pressure capability, move the pressure regulator knob to a starting position which is closer to the housing.

ORDERING INFORMATION



PRESSURE

MODEL SA1901

Small Low Noise Robust: High Over-Range High Reliability mV Output: 20mV/V Nominal Low Deflection Fast Essentially Unlimited Cycle Life

- Assembly Forces
- Physical Therapy Devices
- Patient Weight
- Hand Tool Forces
- Chiropractic and Exercise Equipment
- Consumables Monitoring: Copy
- **Equipment and Vending systems**
- Appliance Payload Monitoring: Washers, Dryers, Water Weight, Extraction Efficiency
 Appliance Unbalance Monitoring



DESCRIPTION

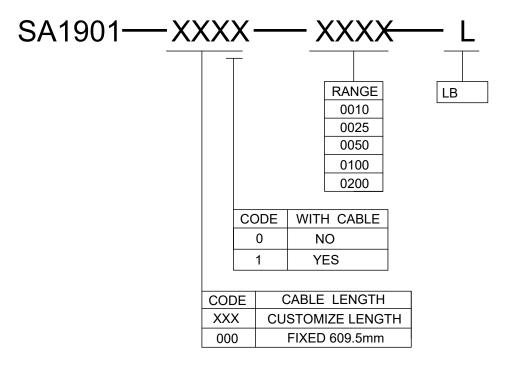
The SA1901 units are intended for OEM use in laboratory, hospital or consumer product applications, establishing a breakthrough price/performance value for silicon on metal force sensors. The SA1901 is a 1% force device with full scale ranges of 10, 25, 50 or 100 and 200lbf compression. This new, low-cost technology enables force sensing in a whole new class of consumer and medical products. Sensorall's silicon on metal MEMS sensing fused with high temperature glass to a high performance stainless steel force measuring flexure. The designed process eliminates age-sensitive organic epoxies used in traditional force sensor designs, providing excellent long term span and zero stability. Operating at very low strains and provides an essentially unlimited cycle life expectancy, superior resolution, high over-range capabilities and a ratiometric span of 20mV/V. The combination of stamped flexures and micro miniaturized MEMs strain gages permits low costs to be achieved in high volume OEM applications ranging from disposable medical devices to durable appliances and exercise equipment.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

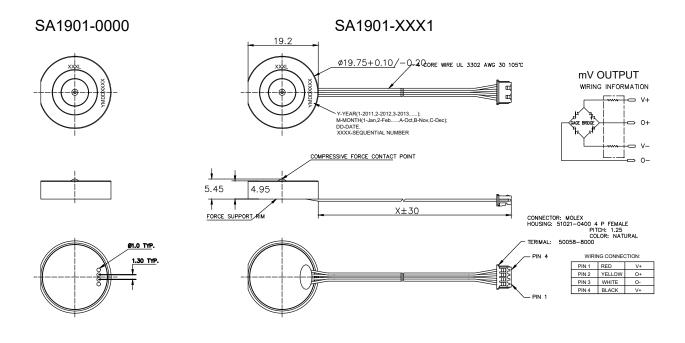
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 25°C @5V:

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
RECOMMENDED EXCITATION		5		V	
ZERO OFFSET	-15		15	mV /V	
SPAN	16	20	24	mV /V	RATIOMATRIC
NON-LINEARITY	-1		1	% Span	
HYSTERESIS	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
ZERO REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
SPAN REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
THERMAL ZERO SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	
THERMAL SENSITIVITY SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40		85	°C	
OVERLOAD	2X				RATED LOAD
INSULATION RESISTANCE	50			M OHMS	@500VDC
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.4	3.3	4.2	КОНМ	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	1.76	2.2	2.64	К ОНМ	
HUMIDITY	0		90	%R.H	
ENDURANCE	1E+6				0~FS CYCLES
EXTERIOR MATERIAL	17-4 PH AND 304 STAINLESS STEEL				

ORDERING INFORMATION



DIMENSIONS



PRESSURE

MODEL SA2901

Small Low Noise Robust: High Over-Range High Reliability Analog I2C or SPI Output Low Deflection Fast Essentially Unlimited Cycle Life

- Assembly Forces
- Physical Therapy Devices
- Patient Weight
- Hand Tool Forces
- Chiropractic and Exercise Equipment
- Consumables Monitoring: Copy
- **Equipment and Vending systems**
- Appliance Payload Monitoring: Washers, Dryers, Water Weight, Extraction Efficiency
 Appliance Unbalance Monitoring



DESCRIPTION

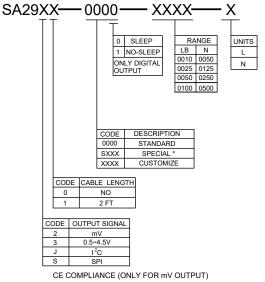
The SA2901 units are intended for OEM use in laboratory, hospital or consumer product applications, establishing a breakthrough price/performance value for silicon on metal force sensors. The SA1901 is a 1% force device with full scale ranges of 10, 25, 50 or 100 and 200lbf compression. This new, low-cost technology enables force sensing in a whole new class of consumer and medical products. Sensorall's silicon on metal MEMS sensing fused with high temperature glass to a high performance stainless steel force measuring flexure. The designed process eliminates age-sensitive organic epoxies used in traditional force sensor designs, providing excellent long term span and zero stability. Operating at very low strains and provides an essentially unlimited cycle life expectancy, superior resolution, high over-range capabilities and a ratiometric span of 20mV/V. The combination of stamped flexures and micro miniaturized MEMs strain gages permits low costs to be achieved in high volume OEM applications ranging from disposable medical devices to durable appliances and exercise equipment.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 25°C @5V:

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES		
RECOMMENDED EXCITATION	4.75	5	5.25	V			
ZERO OFFSET	-15		15	mV /V	mV OUTPUT		
	450	500	550	mV	0.5~4.5V OUTPUT		
SPAN	16	20	24	mV /V	mV OUTPUT		
	3800	4000	4200	mV	0.5~4.5V OUTPUT		
NON-LINEARITY	-1		1	% Span			
HYSTERESIS	-0.8		0.8	% Span			
ZERO REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span			
SPAN REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span			
THERMAL ZERO SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	mV OUTPUT	REFERENCE TO 25°C, OVER COMPENSATION TEMPERATURE	
	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	0.5~4.5V OUTPUT		
THERMAL SENSITIVITY SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	mV OUTPUT		
	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	0.5~4.5V OUTPUT		
COMPENSATION TEMPERATURE	0		50	°C	ONLY FOR 0.5~4.5V	OUTPUT	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40		85	°C			
OVERLOAD	2X				RATED LOAD		
INSULATION RESISTANCE	50			M OHMS	@250VDC		
INPUT RESISTANCE	2.4	3.3	4.2	К ОНМ	ONLY FOR mV OUT	ONLY FOR mV OUTPUT	
OUTPUT RESISTANCE	1.76	2.2	2.64	К ОНМ	ONLY FOR mV OUT	ONLY FOR mV OUTPUT	
HUMIDITY	0		90	%R.H			
ENDURANCE	1E+6				0~FS CYCLES		
EXTERIOR MATERIAL	TERIOR MATERIAL 17-4 PH AND 304 STAINLESS STEEL						

ORDERING INFORMATION



IEC61000-4-2 (4kV / 4kV (Air/Contact))

IEC61000-4-3 (3V/m) IEC55022 Class A

Notes

1. SPECIAL IS FOR SMALL DEVIATIONS SUCH AS CABLE LENGTH

AND/OR ADDING A CONNECTOR. 2. mV OUTPUT AND VOLTAGE OUTPUT ARE RATIOMETRIC.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL PARAMETERS ARE MEASURED AT 25°C @5V:

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
RECOMMENDED EXCITATION	2.7	3.0	5.5	V	
ZERO OFFSET	720	1000	1280	COUNT	
FULL SCALE OUTPUT	14720	15000	15280	COUNT	
CURRENT CONSUMPTION			3	mA	
NON-LINEARITY	-1		1	% Span	
HYSTERESIS	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
ZERO REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
SPAN REPEATABILITY	-0.8		0.8	% Span	
THERMAL ZERO SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	REFERENCE TO 25°C
THERMAL SENSITIVITY SHIFT	-0.05		0.05	% Span/°C	OVER COMPENSATION TEMP.
COMPENSATION TEMPERATURE	0		50	°C	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40		85	°C	
OVERLOAD	2X				RATED LOAD
INSULATION RESISTANCE	50			M OHMS	@250VDC
HUMIDITY	0		90	%R.H	
ENDURANCE	1E+6				0~FS CYCLES
EXTERIOR MATERIAL	17-4 PH AND 3	304 STAINLE	SS STEEL		
A/D RESOLUTION		14		BITS	FORCE SIGNAL
TEMPERATURE ACCURACY	-3		3	°C	NOTE 1
RESPONSE TIME			3	mS@4MHz	NON-SLEEP MODE, NOTE 2
RESPONSE TIME			8.4	mS@4MHz	SLEEP MODE, NOTE 2

Notes

REFLECT METAL SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE OVER THE COMENSATED TEMPERATURE RANGE.
 RESPONSE TIME IS FROM POWER ON TO READING MEASUREMENT DATA.

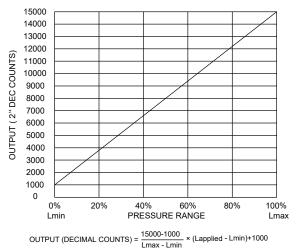
3. CABLE LENGTH:

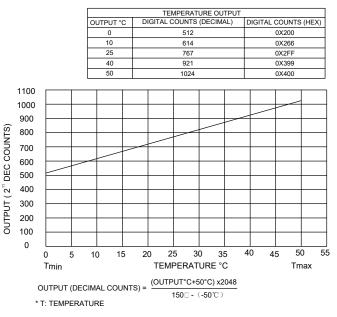
FOR BEST SIGNAL, ENSURE TOTAL CABLE LENGTH 2 METER MAX FOR SPI AND 10 METER MAX FOR I2C.

DIGITAL OUTPUT CURVE

DIGITAL OUTPUT CURVE

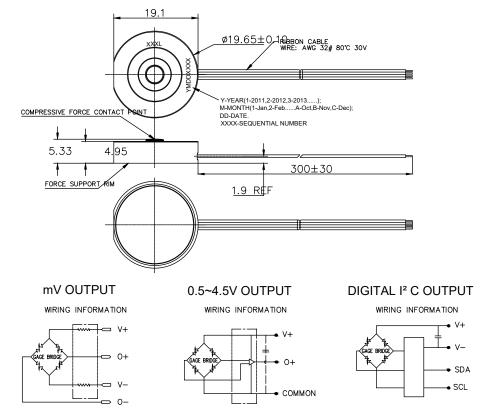
SENSOR OUTPUT AT SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGES						
% OUTPUT	DIGITAL COUNTS (DECIMAL)	DIGITAL COUNTS (HEX)				
0%	1000	0X3E8				
5%	1700	0X6A4				
10%	2400	0X960				
50%	8000	0X1F40				
90%	13600	0X3520				
95%	14300	0X37DC				
100%	15000	0X3A98				





* 15000,1000 COUNTS ARE NORMAL DIGITAL PRESSURE WITH F.S./ ZERO. * L: LOAD

DIMENSIONS





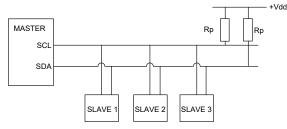
1: I2C Communications

The I2C bus is a simple, serial 8-bit oriented computer bus for effcient I2C (Inter-IC) control. It provides good support for communication between different ICs across short circuit-board distances, such as interfacing microcontrollers with various low speed peripheral devices.

Each device connected to the bus is software addressable by a unique address and a simple Master/Slave relationship that exists at all times. The output stages of devices connected to the bus are designed around an open collector architecture. Because of

this, pull-up resistors to +VDD must be provided on the bus. Both SDA and SCL are bidirectional lines, and it is important to system performance to match the capacitive loads on both lines. In addition, in accordance with the I2C specification, the maximum allowable capacitance on either line is 400 pF to ensure reliable edge transitions at 400 kHz clock speeds.

When the bus is free, both lines are pulled up to +VDD. Data on the I2C bus can be transferred at a rate up to 100 kbit/s in the standard-mode, or up to 400 kbit/s in the fast-mode.



2: I2C Data Transfer

The 24 bits sensors are designed to work as Slaves and will therefore only respond to requests from a Master device. Following the address and read bit from the Master, the sensors are designed to output up to 7 bytes of data. The first data byte is the Status Byte (8-bit) and the second to seventh bytes are the compensated pressure and temperature output (24-bit).

3: I2C Pressure and Temperature Reading

Each I2C sensor is referenced on the bus by a 7-bit slave address. The default address for the SA18HD or SA19HD or SA54 is 40 (0x28). Other available standard addresses are: 08 (0x08), 40 (0x28), 56 (0x38), 72 (0x48), 88 (0x58), 104 (0x68), 120 (0x78). (Other custom values are available. Please contact Sensorall Customer Service with questions regarding custom Slave addresses.)

4: I2C STATUS BYTE

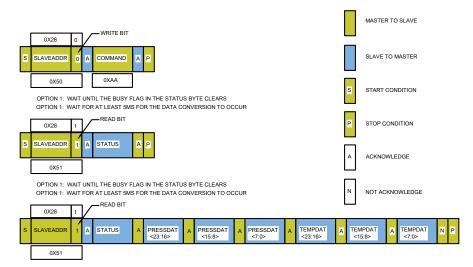
Bit (Meaning)	STATUS	COMMENT
7	Always 0	-
6 ((Power Indication)	1: Device is powered 0: Device is not powered	Needed for the SPI Mode where the Master reads all zeroes if the device is not powered or in power-on reset (POR).
5 (Busy Flag)	1: Device is busy	Indicates that the data for the last command is not yet available. No new commands are processed if the device isbusy.
4	Always 0	-
3	Always 0	-
2 (Memory Integrity/Error Flag)	0: Integrity Test Passed 1: Integrity Test Failed	Indicates whether the checksum-based integrity check passed or failed; the memory error status bit is calculated only during the power-up sequence
1	Always 0	-
0 (Math Saturation)	1: Internal math saturation has occurred	-



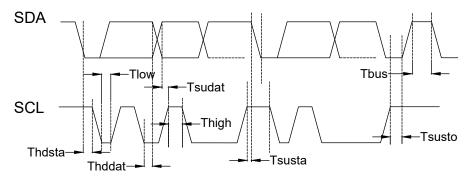
5: I2C communications

5.1 I2C Output Measurement Command

To communicate with the I2C output sensor using an Output Measurement Command of "0xAA", followed by "0x00" "0x00", follow the steps shown below. This command will cause the device to exit Standby Mode and enter Operating Mode. At the conclusion of the measurement cycle, the device will automatically re-enter Standby Mode.



5.2 I2C Timing and Level Parameters

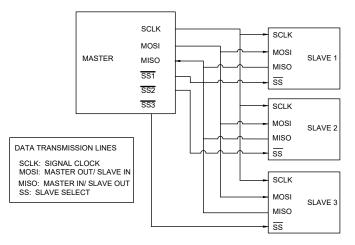


CHARACTERISTIC	Abbreviation	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
SCLK clock frequency	fscl	100	-	400	Khz
Start condition hold time relative to SCL edge	Thdsta	0.1	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock low width	Tlow	0.6	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock high width	Thigh	0.6	-	-	uS
Start condition setup time relative to SCL edge	Tsusta	0.1	-	-	uS
Data hold time on SDA relative to SCL edge	Tsusta	0	-	-	uS
Data setup time on SDA relative to SCL edge	Tsusta	0.1	-	-	uS
Stop condition setup time on SCL	Tsusto	0.1	-	-	uS
Bus free time between stop condition and start condition	Tbus	2	-	-	uS
Output level low	Outlow	-	0	0.2	Vdd
Output level high	Outhigh	0.8	1	-	Vdd
Pull-up resistance on SDA and SCL	Rp	1	-	50	Kohm

6: SPI COMMUNICATIONS

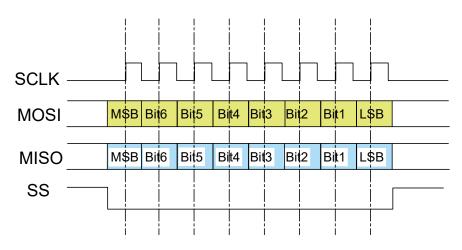
6.1 SPI Definition

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is a simple bus system for synchronous serial communication between one Master and one or more Slaves. It operates either in full-duplex or half-duplex mode, allowing communication to occur in either both directions simultaneously, or in one direction only. The Master device initiates an information transfer on the bus and generates clock and control signals. Slave devices are controlled by the Master through individual Slave Select (SS) lines and are active only when selected. The SPI sensors operate in full-duplex mode only, with data transfer from the Slave to the Master. This data transmission uses four, unidirectional bus lines. The Master controls SCLK, MOSI and SS; the Slave controls MISO.



7: SPI Data Transfer

Starting communication with the SPI sensors begins by de-asserting the Slave Select (SS) line. At this point, the sensor is no longer idle, and will begin sending data once a clock is received. The SPI sensors are configured for SPI operation in mode 0 (clock polarity is 0 and clock phase is 0). Once the clocking begins, the SPI sensor is designed to output up to 7 bytes of data. The first data byte is the Status Byte (8-bit) and the second to fourth bytes are the compensated pressure output and the fifth to seventh bytes are the compensated temperature output (24-bit).

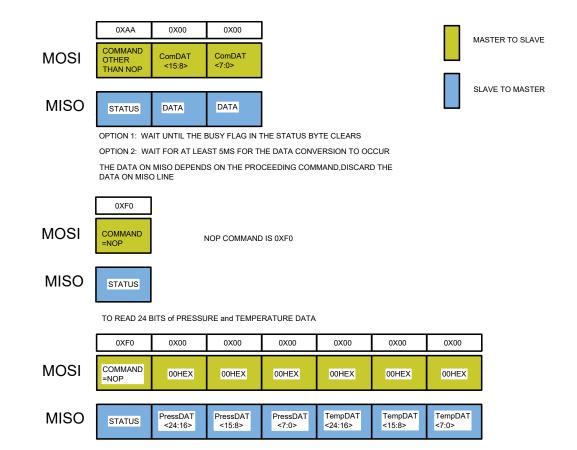


8: SPI PRESSURE READING

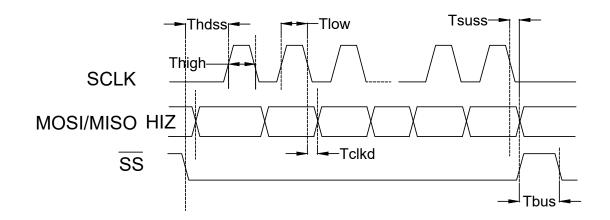
To read out a compensated pressure and temperature reading, the Master generates the necessary clock signal after activating the sensor with the Slave Select (SS) line. The sensor will transmit up to 7 bytes of data. The first data byte is the Status Byte (8-bit) and the second to fourth bytes are the compensated pressure output and the fifth to seventh bytes are the compensated temperature output (24-bit). The Master can terminate the communication by stopping the clock and deactivating the SS line.

9: SPI communications

To communicate with the SPI output sensor using an Output Measurement Command of "0xAA", followed by "0x00" 0x00", follow the steps shown in Table 18 This command will cause the device to exit Standby Mode and enter Operating Mode. At the conclusion of the measurement cycle, the device will automatically re-enter Standby Mode.



10: SPI Timing and Level Parameters



Characteristic	Abbrievation	Min.	TYP.	Max.	Units
SCLK clock frequency	fscl	50	-	800	Khz
SS drop to first clock edge	Thdss	2.5	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock low width	Tlow	0.6	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock high width	Thigh	0.6	-	-	uS
Clock edge to data transition	Tclkd	0	-	-	uS
Rise of SS relative to last clock edge	Tsuss	0.1	-	-	uS
Bus free time between rise and fall of SS	Tsudat	2	-	-	uS
Output level low	Outlow	-	-	0.2	Vdd
Output level high	Outhigh	0.8	-	-	Vdd

11: Sensor output calculation

1: Pressure sensor transfer function

Output= (Outputmax-Outputmin)/(Pmax-Pmin) * (Pressure- Pmin) +Outputmin

2: Rearranging this equation to solve for Pressure, we get Equation

Outputmax= output at maximum pressure [counts] Outputmin= output at minimum pressure [counts] Pmax= maximum value of pressure range [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Pmin= minimum value of pressure range [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Output= pressure reading [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Pressure= digital pressure reading [counts]

3: Temperature sensor transfer function

Output= (OutputdegC+40)*2^24/125

4: Rearranging this equation to solve for Pressure, we get Equation

OutputdegC= 125*Output/2^24 -40

Output= digital temperature reading[counts] OutputdegC= Temperature reading (degree Celsius)



1: I2C Commnications

I2C Bus Configurations

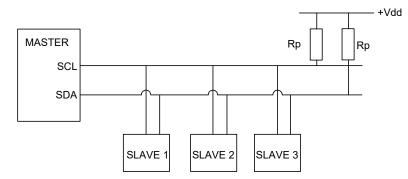
The I2C bus is a simple, serial 8-bit oriented computer bus for effcient I2C (Inter-IC) control. It provides good support for communication between different ICs across short circuit-board distances, such as interfacing microcontrollers with various low speed peripheral devices.

Each device connected to the bus is software addressable by a unique address and a simple Master/Slave relationship that exists at all times. The output stages of devices connected to the bus are designed around an open collector architecture. Because of

this, pull-up resistors to +VDD must be provided on the bus. Both SDA and SCL are bidirectional lines, and it is important to system performance to match the capacitive loads on both lines. In addition, in accordance with the I2C specification, the maximum allowable capacitance on either line is 400 pF to ensure reliable edge transitions at 400 kHz clock speeds.

When the bus is free, both lines are pulled up to +VDD. Data on the I2C bus can be transferred at a rate up to 100 kbit/s in the standard-mode, or up to 400 kbit/s in the fast-mode.

Each I2C sensor is referenced on the bus by a 7-bit slave address. The default address for the SA18 or SA19 or SA55 is 40 (0x28). Other available standard addresses are: 08 (0x08), 40 (0x28), 56 (0x38), 72 (0x48), 88 (0x58), 104 (0x68), 120 (0x78). (Other custom values are available. Please contact Sensorall Customer Service with questions regarding custom Slave addresses.)



2:Retrieving Data

2.1: If applicable, include any necessary libraries for I2C communication or other needed protocol with your microcontroller/device. 2.2: Assign variables and create any setup features.

i2cv.pressure (14 bit Pressure in counts) i2cv.temperature (11 bit Temperature in counts) i2cv.status (2 bit Status) i2c_byte1 i2c_byte2 i2c_byte3 i2c_byte4 d I2C initialize command (Initialize I2C bus to set up communicati

2.3: Send I2C initialize command (Initialize I2C bus to set up communication with device) i2c_init();

2.4: Send I2C start command (Send start I2C condition to begin communication with device) i2c_start_bus()

2.5: To address and read the Sensorall sensor, the master must write 8 bits total through I2C. The 8 bits consist of the device address and a read command. Send the 7 bit I2C device address command and a least significant bit (LSB) of 1 to tell the master what address to read from. This will give you an 8 bit address with 7 bit part address shifted left and a LSB of 1 added to end of byte. (Please check part data sheet for correct device address.)

Device_Read_Byte = (Device Address << 1) + 1; i2c write(Device Read Byte);

2.6: Read the Sensorall part at the device address to gather measurements. This can be done by setting the master into a receiving state. 4 bytes will have to be read to gather all measurement information. An acknowledge will have to be sent after each of the first 3 bytes and not acknowledge on the fourth byte to stop transmission.

i2c_byte1 = i2c_read_ack(); i2c_byte2 = i2c_read_ack(); i2c_byte3 = i2c_read_ack(); i2c_byte4 = i2c_read_ack();

2.7: Stop bus, this ends communication with bus, this can be a reset if trying to receive multiple readings. stop_i2c_bus();

3: Converting Bytes

To collect pressure, temperature, and status, 4 bytes of data have to be read. These bytes will be converted and rearranged to be able to read temperature, pressure, and status of the device. If only 1 or 2 of the 3 device output values are needed, reading less bytes may be sufficient. For example If only pressure is needed, only 2 bytes can be read to obtain the full 14 bit pressure reading.

3.1 Converting Temperature Reading

Temperature conversion consists of a right-shift of the fourth byte by 5 bits (last 5 bits will not contain any data). Then taking the third byte and shifting it left by 3 bits. This is done by multiplying by 8 (8 = 23). Adding both these values together achieves an 11 bit temperature reading.

i2c_byte4 >>= 5; i2cv.temperature = (i2c_byte3 * 8) + i2c_byte4;

3.2 Converting Pressure Reading

Pressure conversion consists of left-shifting the first byte by 8, this can be done by multiplying the first byte by 256 (256 = 28), then adding the second byte with eight lower order bits (LSBs) of the full 14 bit pressure reading. A bit-wise AND operation with 3FFF hex is then applied to remove the first two bits that contain part status information by setting those bits to a binary "00".

i2cv.pressure = 0x3fff & ((i2c_byte1 * 256) +i2c_byte2);

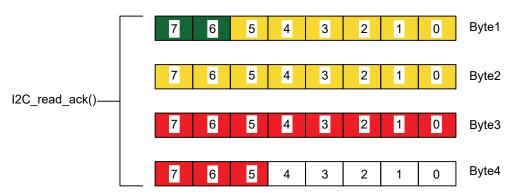
3.4 Converting Status Reading

Status conversion consists of a right-shift of the first byte by 6 bits. This will remove pressure data leaving only the relevant two status bits.

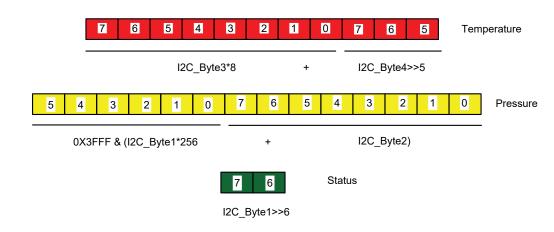
i2cv.status = i2c_byte_1 >> 6;

Below is a visual diagram to aid in the process of converting bytes.

Each color represents a different type of bit. Green bits are Status, yellow bits are Pressure, and red bits are Temperature.



Rearranging these bytes produces 3 outputs, Tempature, Pressure and Status as seen below.



4: Handling Data

Once the 4 bytes of data have been rearranged and converted, extrapolate the bytes to be able to achieve data values for the device. Use i2cv.temperature and i2cv.pressure count values from the Sensorall device to calculate actual temperature and pressure values. These calculated values will give temperature in degrees Celsius and pressure in counts or percent full scale (%FS) of the device will need to be converted into unit based values depending on the model number. Refer to data sheet for exact range and limitations of part.

4.1 Pressure Reading

To convert to pressure in the appropriate pressure unit from the byte counts, a line fit from the target count and pressure values has to be created. Creating a line fit from maximum and minimum device points allows for the extrapolation of data values from all count readings.

Min_Press	Minimum Pressure			
Min_Press	Maximum Pressure			
Min_Count	Minimum Pressure count reading			
Min_Count	Maximum Pressure count reading			

Pressure Reading = (((max_press - min_press)/(max_count - min_count))* (i2cv.pressure - min_count) + min_press)

For example using the SA191D-DS5AI-01KDP and inspecting the corresponding data sheet, the maximum and minimum spec count values can be found. The minimum pressure count of 1638 at 10% of the output range and maximum pressure count of 14745 at 90% of the output range. This results in a FS span of 80% of the output range which is equal to 13107 counts. These minimum and maximum relate to -1000Pascal and 1000 Pascal pressure readings for this part, as found in the data sheet. Assuming you receive a count of 8191 from device, the calculations in pascal are as follows.

min_press =-1000 max_press =1000 min_count =1638 max_count =14745

Pressure in Pascal = (1000 – (-1000))/ (14745 - 1638)* (8191– 1638) + (-1000) Pressure in Pascal =-0.07Pa

4.2 Temperature Reading

To convert to temperature from byte counts, use the equation below and evaluate it using the counts of i2cv.temperature. The resulting temperature will be in degrees Celsius.

Temperature Reading = (i2cv.temperature/ (2048) *200) - 50

Using a count value of 1024 received from the part, the temperature reading of the part can be achieved. The calculations for temperature are as follows.

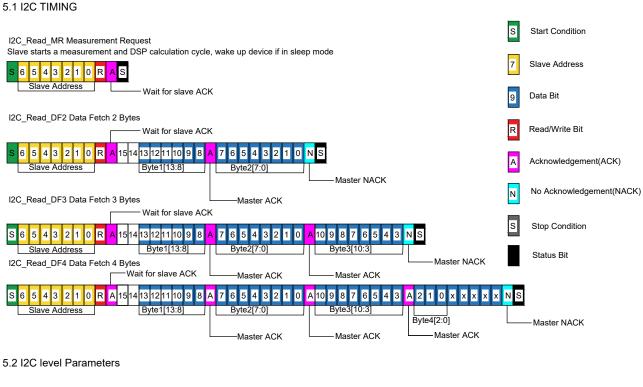
Temperature in Celsius = (1024/ (2048) *200) - 50 Temperature in Cerlsius = 50

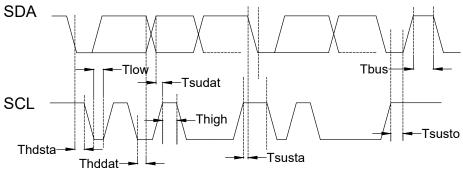
4.3 Status Reading

Sensorall part status consists of 2 bits. These 2 bits gives 4 possible status readings. The 4 status readings are as follows:

00	Normal Operation			
01	Command Mode			
10	Stale Data			
11	Diagnostic condition exists			

5: I2C Communications



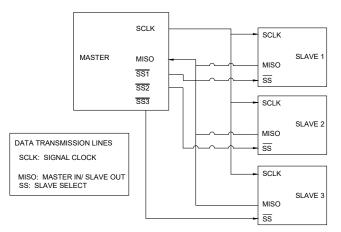


CHARACTERISTIC	Abbreviation	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
SCLK clock frequency	fscl	100	-	400	Khz
Start condition hold time relative to SCL edge	Thdsta	0.1	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock low width	Tlow	0.6	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock high width	Thigh	0.6	-	-	uS
Start condition setup time relative to SCL edge	Tsusta	0.1	-	-	uS
Data hold time on SDA relative to SCL edge	Thddat	0	-	-	uS
Data setup time on SDA relative to SCL edge	Tsudat	0.1	-	-	uS
Stop condition setup time on SCL	Tsusto	0.1	-	-	uS
Bus free time between stop condition and start condition	Tbus	2	-	-	uS
Output level low	Outlow	-	0	0.2	Vdd
Output level high	Outhigh	0.8	1	-	Vdd
Pull-up resistance on SDA and SCL	Rp	1	4.7	10	Kohm

6: SPI COMMUNICATIONS

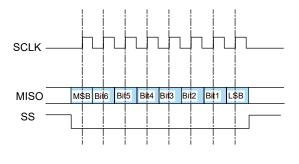
6.1 SPI Definition

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is a simple bus system for synchronous serial communication between one Master and one or more Slaves. It operates either in full-duplex or half-duplex mode, allowing communication to occur in either both directions simultaneously, or in one direction only. The Master device initiates an information transfer on the bus and generates clock and control signals. Slave devices are controlled by the Master through individual Slave Select (SS) lines and are active only when selected. The SPI sensors operate in full-duplex mode only, with data transfer from the Slave to the Master. This data transmission uses four, unidirectional bus lines. The Master controls SCLK, MOSI and SS; the Slave controls MISO.



7: SPI Data Transfer

Starting communication with the SPI sensors begins by de-asserting the Slave Select (SS) line. At this point, the sensor is no longer idle, and will begin sending data once a clock is received. The SPI sensors are confgured for SPI operation in mode 0 (clock polarity is 0 and clock phase is 0). Once the clocking begins, the SPI sensor is designed to output up to 4 bytes of data. The first data byte is the Status Bits (2-bit) of the first byte and the rest bytes are the compensated pressure output and the third to fourth bytes (first 3 bits) are the compensated temperature output (11-bit).



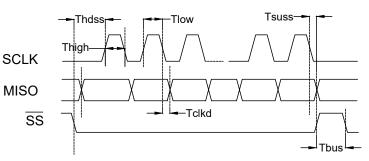
8: SPI Reading

To read out a compensated pressure and temperature reading, the Master generates the necessary clock signal after activating the sensor with the Slave Select (SS) line. The sensor will transmit up to 4 bytes of data. he first data byte is the Status Bits (2-bit) of the first byte and the rest bytes are the compensated pressure output and the third to fourth bytes (first 3 bits) are the compensated temperature output (11-bit). The Master can terminate the communication by stopping the clock and deactivating the SS line.

9: SPI Communications

To read the SPI sensor, just pull SS low for at least 8uS and then pull it high. Pulling SS high will trigger the product to power on and read the data.

10: SPI TIMINg and Leveling Parameters



CHARACTERISTIC	ABBRIEVATION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
SCLK clock frequency	fscl	50	-	800	Khz
SS drop to first clock edge	Thdss	2.5	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock low width	Tlow	0.6	-	-	uS
Minimum SCLK clock high width	Thigh	0.6	-	-	uS
Clock edge to data transition	Tclkd	0	-	-	uS
Rise of SS relative to last clock edge	Tsuss	0.1	-	-	uS
Bus free time between rise and fall of SS	Tsudat	2	-	-	uS
Output level low	Outlow	-	0	0.2	Vdd
Output level high	Outhigh	0.8	1	-	Vdd
Output level low	Outlow	-	0	0.2	Vdd
Output level high	Outhigh	0.8	1	-	Vdd
Pull-up resistance on SDA and SCL	Rp	1	4.7	10	Kohm

11: Sensor output Caculation

1: Pressure sensor transfer function

Output= (Outputmax-Outputmin)/(Pmax-Pmin) * (Pressure- Pmin) +Outputmin

2: Rearranging this equation to solve for Pressure, we get Equation

Pressure= (Output-Outputmin)*(Pmax-Pmin)/(Outputmax-Outputmin) +Pmin Outputmax= output at maximum pressure [counts] Outputmin= output at minimum pressure [counts] Pmax= maximum value of pressure range [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Pmin= minimum value of pressure range [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Output= pressure reading [bar, psi, kPa, etc.] Pressure= digital pressure reading [counts]

3: Temperature sensor transfer function

Output= (OutputdegC+50)*2048/200

4: Rearranging this equation to solve for Pressure, we get Equation

OutputdegC= 150*Output/2^11 -50

Output= digital temperature reading[counts] OutputdegC= Temperature reading (degree Celsius)

APPLICATION NOTES

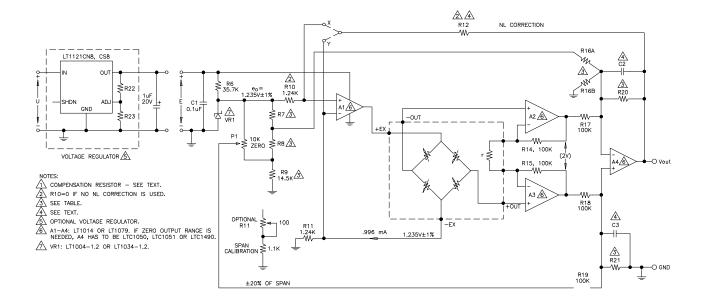
Signal Conditioning for Sensorall Pressure Sensors

INTRODUCTION

Piezoresistive pressure sensors provide an analog output signal that is proportional to input pressure. The typical fullscale span for this type of integrated sensor is 100 mV which is sufficient for many applications. Various applications do exist however, that require higher level (e.g. 5 volt) output span and thus bring about the need for gain stages and

output span and thus bring about the need for gain stages and other signal conditioning circuitry.

Abasic signal conditioning circuit should provide zero balance adjustment, calibration of pressure sensitiv- ity, temperature compensation of zero and span, signal amplification and voltage regulation. In addition to these basic functions, an active nonlinearity correction and fre- quency response shaping may be required to enhance sensor performance. This application note describes an amplification cir-cuit for temperature-compensated pressure sensors, shown in Figure 1. It provides noninteracting zero and span calibration with a single power supply for three-wire voltage output and two-wire current output configu-rations. This circuit is appropriate for all compensated IC Sensors pressure sensors which utilize constant current excitation (most HIT, TO-8, and ISO products). Several output signal options are shown including live zero (1V) which allows differentiation between transducer failure and zero pressure signal. The circuit consists of the following functional blocks: sensor assembly, reference voltage source, cur-rent source, differential normalizing amplifier, output amplifier, nonlinearity correction loop, frequency response shaping network and optional voltage regulator.





APPLICATION NOTES Signal Conditioning for Sensorall Pressure Sensors

SENSOR ASSEMBLY

The sensor assembly consists of a compensated silicon pressure sensor and gain-set resistor r. The gain-set resis-tor normalizes the span of the recommended external amplifier, thus creating a low-cost, interchangeable, high level transducer. Please refer to the product data sheet to determine whether a particular model is uncompensated, has temperature compensation on board, or has tempera-ture compensation plus a gainset resistor on board. For a detailed discussion of passive temperature compensation, please refer to Application Note TN-002, iTemperature Compensation-IC Pressure Sensors.î For a discussion on interchangeability, see TN-003. iGain Programming Using an IC Pressure Sensor.î

CONSTANT CURRENT SOURCE

The simplest sensor temperature compensation requires constant current excitation which is built around amplifier A1 as shown in Figure 1. The sensor is connected to the feedback loop of the amplifier. The current in this loop is controlled by the reference voltage e0 (neglecting the nonlinearity correction loop) and by resistor R¹¹:

$I = e_0/R_{11}$

The compliance voltage of this current source is limited by the supply voltage, the output stage saturation of amplifier A1 and the voltage across resistor R11. The required compliance voltage may be derived based on 6.0 kOhm worst case bridge resistance at 25°C and TCR = $+0.22\%/^{\circ}C$ for the compensated sensor. The reference voltage generator is based on the temper-ature compensated bandgap reference diode VR₁, whose voltage is used to provide a reference for the constant current source. It also provides a reference for the live zero level in the case of 1 to 5Vand 1 to 6Voutput signal levels and a zeroing voltage across potentiometer P¹

DIFFERENTIAL NORMALIZING AMPLIFIER

The zero and span temperature compensation for the sen-sor is calculated based on a no output load condition. Since the bridge resistance changes with temperature, an amplifier input resistance that is too low will introduce an additional temperature error. The differential normal-izing amplifier configuration was selected because of its high input resistance and excellent common mode rejec-tion which is virtually independent of circuit component tolerance. The maximum output voltage of this stage is limited by the input common mode voltage. The output of amplifier A₂is on a common mode voltage level with zero differential input voltage and it can decrease only to the signal common ground level. The worst case com-mon mode voltage at 1.0 mAexcitation current will be about 2.3V in the configuration shown, limiting maxi-mum differential output voltage to about 4.6V. For the circuit shown, a 2.0V span was selected. Gain adjust-ment covers the input signal range from 33 to 115 mV span at 1.0 mAexcitation which corresponds to 50 to 170 mV span at 1.5 mA. Gain K1 is given by:

$K_1 = 1 + (R_{14} + R_{15})(R_{13} + P_2)$

K Denoting minimum required gain by G1, maximum required gain by G₂and the available worst case (mini-mum) potentiometer P₂resistance Rp, the value of sym-metrically distributed resistors R₁₄=R₁₅as well as gainadjustment stop R₁₃may be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{array}{l} R_{13}=P(G_1-1)/(G_2 - G_1) \\ R_{14}=P(G_1-1)/(G_2 - G_1)/2(G_2 - G_1) \end{array}$$

Common mode rejection (CMR) is relatively important for this stage. Bridge resistance changes with tem-perature from 0.22%/°C for compensated sensors to 0.27%/°C for uncompensated sensors. Thus, bridge volt-age will change with temperature in the constant current excitation mode. For the worst case condition, including 100°C temperature span, the common mode voltage would change by about 0.66V for compensated sensors. Assuming 90 dB worst case differential CMR for this stage (using LT1014), this change would introduce a sensor span. 0.042%/100°C zero error based on a 50 mV

TRANSDUCER CIRCUIT

The differential offset temperature drift of amplifiers (A_2-A_3) creates an attendant change in the zero tempera-ture error of the transducer. For example, the LT1014 amplifier has a worst case differential offset drift of 5 μ V/° C which translates into a 1%/100° C zero error, assuming a minimum span of 50 mV.

Signal Conditioning for Sensorall PressureSensors

SECOND STAGE AMPLIFIER

The fixed gain output amplifier has two differential inputs. The first input (R17, R18) processes the output from the normalizing amplifier. The other input (R16, R19) is used to generate a zero bias level for the output options with live zero and provides fine zeroing adjust-ment of $\pm 20\%$ of the sensor span. Since zeroing is done in the first stage, the change of zero does not affect span.

The gain K₂of the second stage is set by:

$$K_2 = R_{20}/R_{17} = R_{21}/R_{18}$$

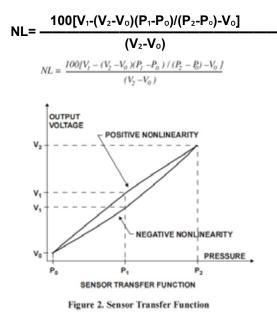
Common mode rejection of this stage is more important than in the first stage. The common mode voltage change is still 0.66V/100°C worst case at the input(R_{17}/R_{18} resistors). With ±1% tolerance of feedback resistors, about 28 dB CMR may be expected (worst case). That translates to a 1.3%/ 100°C worst case zero drift at the output due to common mode voltage change. With better matching of the feedback resistors, this error decreases and the typical error is about two to four times better than the maximum one. The temperature drift of the offset voltage is not criti-cal here. Assuming 5 μ V/°C drift over the 100°C temper-ature range, the output zero change is only 0.025%/100°C based on 2V input span.

NONLINEARITY CORRECTION

The optional nonlinearity correction loop is established by resistor R_{12} . This loop feeds back the output voltage in order to control the bridge voltage, thus creating a sec-ond order pressure related component in the output sig-nal. This feedback is used to compensate for the sensorís pressure nonlinearity. For sensors with positive nonlinearity (Figure 2), the feedback is connected to the noninverting input X of amplifier A_1 . For negative nonlinearity, the feedback is connected to the inverting input Y. The value of the feedback resistor R_{12} may be calcu-lated using the following formula:

R₁₂= 4R(10)A/S(NL)B

where: A=1.9074 B=0.97242 R- value of resistor R_{10} or R_{11} , whichever is connected to resistor R_{12} for given feedback configuration S - output signal span (V_2-V_0) driving resistor R_{12} : 4V for 1 to 5V output 5V for 1 to 6V and 0 to 5V outputs 10V for 0 to 10V output NL- absolute value of terminal based nonlinearity expressed in % of span (Figure 2):



FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Frequency response may be shaped by capacitors C2 andC3. The corner frequency for 3 dB drop of sensitivity is given by:

with the assumption that $C_2=C_3$ and $R_{21}=R_{20}$. Shaping the frequency response is commonly used to filter out unwanted high frequency noise.

VOLTAGE REGULATOR

The optional voltage regulator (LT1121) provides protection against reverse polarity connection. The device includes current limiting, thermal limiting and shutdown. It extends the operating voltage range and provides for additional voltage regulation making the output inde-pendent of the amplifiers power supply rejection ratio. The output voltage is set by resistors R_{22} and R_{23} accord-ing to the formula:

$$Vout=3.75V(1+R_{22}/R_{23})$$

APPLICATION NOTES

Temperature Compensation Sensorall Pressure Sensors

RATIOMETRIC APPLICATIONS

For ratiometric applications, the optional voltage regula-tor should not be used, and reference diode VR1 should be replaced by a resistor. The value of this resistor should not deliver a higher voltage than 1.26V across it at maximum operating power supply voltage in order to avoid saturation of the amplifiers. Typical performance when using the LT1014 amplifier, is shown in Table 1.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Adetailed discussion on sensor compensation techniques (calculating the temperature compensation resistors and the gain-set resistor) can be found in Application Notes TN-002 and TN-003. For other output options, including 4-20mA, please refer to Application Notes APP103 to APP105.

Table 1. Typical Performance

OPTION	WITHOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR		WITH VOLTAGE REGULATOR		
	VOLTAGE OUTPUT	4 TO 20 mA	VOLTAGE OUTPUT	4 TO 20 mA	UNITS
Supply Current	2.4 at 15V	2.4 at 15V	2.7	2.7	mA
Zero Range	±20	±20	±20	±20	% of Span
Sensor Span Range (1.0 mA Excitation)	33to115	33to115	33to115	33to115	mA
Output Noise	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	% of Span
Sensor Excitation	1	1	1	1	mA

Note

1 Function of Power Supply Rejection rate for the amplifier

INTRODUCTION

Advancements in microelectronic technology have pushed silicon sensors not only toward greater sophistication and lower functional cost but also in the direction of higher performance. The major factor affecting high performance applications is temperature dependence of the pressure characteristics. This technical note describes one method of compensa-tion for temperature dependence. Also note that IC Sensors also offers factory compensated versions of several sensor products.

INTEGRATED SENSOR DESIGN

In one of the IC Sensors designs, a mechanical spring element in the form of a rectangular diaphragm, which converts pressure into strain, is integrated into the silicon. To fabricate the diaphragm (Figure 1a), a selective anisotropic etching technique is used which simultane-ously produces a large number of diaphragms on a single silicon wafer. In order to isolate the sensing element from package stress, a pyrex constraint plate is bonded to the diaphragm plate. If this constraint plate has an etched hole, then the diaphragm is subjected to the differential input pressure P_1 - P_2 . If the constraint plate has no hole, then the diaphragm is subjected to the differential pressure P_1 - P_2 , where P_2 is the pressure at which both plates were sealed together.

To measure the stress in the N-type silicon diaphragm, four P-type resistors (strain gages) are used.

Strain gages result from a selective diffusion of boron into the silicon diaphragm (Figure 1b), a process used in the fabrication of monolithic integrated circuits. The bonding between the four strain gages and the diaphragm is done through the atomic structure of sili-con. This type of bonding eliminates creep, which is the major source of instability in metallic or bonded types of strain gage sensors.

The interconnections between strain gages is accomplished with low resistivity P+diffused layers. This approach helps minimize thermal hysteresis effects.

The electrical insulation (passivation) of the diffused resistors and protection of the conductive diaphragm from input media is provided by a thin layer of silicon dioxide grown on both sides of the diaphragm.

IC Sensors provides several package styles for mounting the sensors and applying pressure. The HIT and TO-8 products could be mounted to printed circuit boards in applications where dry noncorrosive gases are used as media. The isolated diaphragm (ISO) products may be mounted by O-Ring, welding or standard process fitting in applications where liquids or corrosive media are used. Please see the individual data sheets for media compatibility.

Adifferential pressure across the diaphragm develops a strain field in such a fashion that a part of the diaphragm is in compression and part is in tension. Two of the strain gages are located in an area of compression and the other two in an area of tension. Electrically they are interconnected into a fully active Wheatstone bridge configuration to maximize the output signal (Figure 1c).

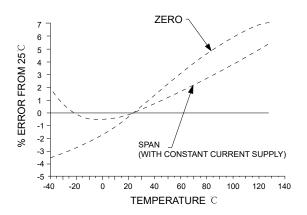
Figure 1. Sensor Structure and Circuit

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS OF A SENSOR

Change in ambient temperature results in a correspon-ding change in three sensor parameters: zero pressure output voltage, pressure sensitivity (span), and bridge resistance. These characteristics are shown for a typical sensor in Figures 2 and 3 where zero and span errors are expressed in percent of span at 25°C.

Zero pressure output voltage represents the bridge output voltage without any input pressure. Initial polarity of zero at reference temperature usually enforces the slope of the zero change with temperature, e.g. positive offset tends to increase when the temperature increases, but the correlation is not always a strong one.

Figure 2. Temperature Dependence of Zero and Span

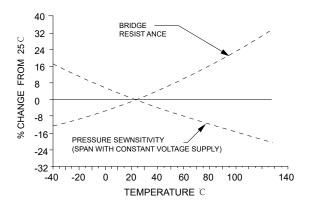


Pressure sensitivity is the normalized span in the voltage excitation mode and is expressed as mV(of span)per one volt (of bridge voltage) per one PSI (of applied pressure). It is independent of the type of supply (voltage or current) or pressure range. This sensitivity or gage factor exhibits a negative temperature slope, decreasing with increasing temperature.

The span is defined as the change of the bridge output voltage from full pressure to low pressure. Span change with temperature is a function of the excitation mode. For a given sensor the span S is a product of normalized pressure sensitivity G, bridge voltage Vb and rated pressure P:

S = G.Vb.P

Figure 3. Temperature Dependence of Bridge Resistance



and Pressure Sensitivity

In the constant voltage excitation mode the span temperature coefficient is negative (Figure 3) and directly proportional to pressure sensitivity. It is typically -0.21%/°C for IC Sensors'5 k Ω process. In the constant current (I) excitation mode the bridge voltage is proportional to the bridge resistance Rb and span can be expressed as:

S = G.Rb.I.P

Since bridge resistance changes with temperature, the span temperature error is a superposition of both the pressure sensitivity and the bridge resistance tempera-ture coefficients (Figure 3). For IC Sensors 5k, process, the bridge resistance temperature coefficient (TCR) prior to compensation is typically +0.26%/°C. Including a negative temperature coefficient of pressure sensitivi-ty (TCG) of -0.21%/°C, a typical constant current span temperature coefficient is about IC Sensors has opti-mized several products for other TCR & TCG values. These values are controlled by the ion implant dosages that are used to created strain gage resistors. Please see the individual product data sheets for more information.

For a compensated sensor, which is discussed in more detail in the zero and span sections, the effective TCR is reduced to TCG in amplitude when resistor R5 is added (Figure 8). The temperature sensitivity of bridge resistance is a key design factor in the tempera-ture compensation of IC Sensor products.

ZERO COMPENSATION

Zero pressure output voltage (offset) compensation includes both initial (25°C) offset compensation and temperature error compensation.

Offset compensation includes resistors R_3 and R_4 (Figure 4). If the offset is positive (+O potential at pin 4 higher than -O potential at pin 10) then insertion of resistor R_4 will bring the offset to zero and resistor R_3 should be shorted. When the offset is negative the reverse is true. These resistors do not change the temperature coefficient of zero in constant current mode (Figure 10).

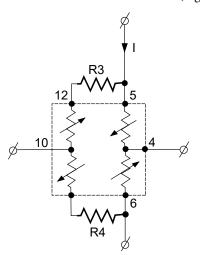


Figure 4. Offset Compensation

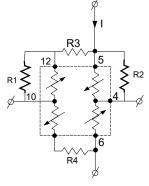
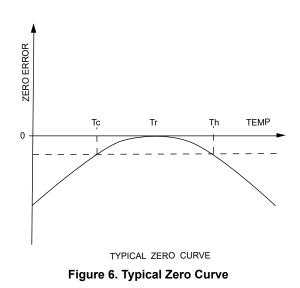


Figure 5. Offset TC

When the temperature coefficient (TC) of offset is positive (+O potential at pin 4 is increasing faster than -O potential at pin 10), a decrease of this TC may be achieved by a decrease of the effective TC of the strain gage connected between +EX pin 12 and -EX pin 10. This may be achieved by a parallel connection of a temperature stable resistor R1 (Figure 5). With a negative coefficient of offset voltage, the decrease of the TC of the other arm will be accomplished by resistor R₂. Only one of these resistors is used for a given sensor, but both of them affect the initial offset, and the value of resistor R₃ or R₄ has to compensate for this change. During standard production testing IC Sensors uses at minimum 3 test temperatures. Based on measured data the computerized sensor model is developed and a set of simultaneous equations is solved which gives the value of the compensating resistors which bring the off-set to zero at reference temperature T r(Figure 6) and equalize the errors at temperatures T c and Th. This error is a function of the temperature nonlinearity of zero.For sensors with perfectly linear temperature coefficient of offset, the errors at T c and T h will also be zero.



For standard TO-8 products, $T \circ =0^{\circ}C$, $T r = 25^{\circ}C$, $T h = 50^{\circ}C$. The typical value of zero pressure output error at both cold and hot temperatures is 0.1% of span. Most of it is due to thermal nonlinearity. In practical applications, inaccuracies in the resistors used for compensation contribute at least this amount of error.

It should be noted that the offset voltage of a bridge is not perfectly proportional to the excitation current. Due to self heating effects the change of excitation current may result in a change of zero pressure output voltage, typically a few hundred microvolts, for a compensated unit.

SPAN TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

The simplest temperature compensation of span can be achieved by a combination of special wafer processing and constant current excitation. In this mode the span change is a superposition of pressure sensitivity and bridge resistance temperature coefficients. Since these coefficients have different polarities, making them equal in amplitude makes the span internally compensated. The processing required for this type of self compensation limits the cold compensated temperature range due to the nonlinearity of bridge resistance at low temperatures.

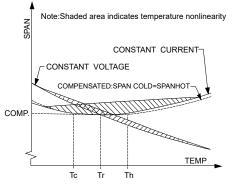


Figure 7. Span vs. Temperature

IC Sensors has developed a process which produces a higher value of bridge resistance temperature coefficient (TCR) than the absolute value of pressure sensitivity temperature coefficient (TCG). Thus in constant voltage mode the span will have a negative TC and in the constant current mode the span will have a positive TC (Figure 7). By decreasing the input resistance of the sensor bridge (Figure 8) with resistor R_5 in parallel to the bridge for constant current operation (or by increasing the input resistance of the sensor bridge with the bridge for constant voltage operation) the temperature compensation condition can be achieved.

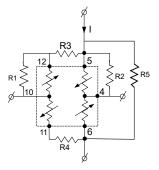


Figure 8. Span TC

The median optimum value of R₅ resistor for IC Sensors 5 k Ω process is equal to 6.6 times the bridge resistance, or 33 k Ω , at 25°C. For a given excitation level this resistor will decrease the output span. For constant current excitation the median loss of uncompensated sen-sor output will be only 13%. For the same condition, con-stant voltage excitation would yield an 87% loss of uncompensated sensor output to achieve temperature com-pensation. This explains why constant current excitation is recommended for this type of sensor.

Temperature nonlinearity of span in constant current mode (Figure 2) is not as good as for constant voltage (Figure 3). IC Sensors standard compensating algorithm was designed to provide equal span at temperatures T \circ and T h (0°C and 50°C for standard TO-8 products). Typical constant current mode span error at -40°C is in the range of +3% of span.

The distribution of span error characteristics from unit to unit is much better than the distribution of zero pressure output temperature errors. Implementation of digital correction, based on the deviation from a typical curve and using bridge voltage as a temperature sensor, would yield an additional major improvement.

REQUIRED PERFORMANCE OF COMPENSATING RESISTORS

The effect of both the tolerance and TCR of these resistors on sensor performance is shown in Figures 9 through 11. A5000 ohm bridge resistance at 25°C with +0.26%/°C temperature coefficient and 15 mV/V/psi pressure sensitivity at 1.5 mAexcitation current with ñ0.21%/°C temperature coefficient is assumed.



The expected resistor ranges are:

R1, R2	100 k to 10 MΩ	Typical: 300 kΩ to 1.5M
R3, R4	0 to 300 Ω	Typical: 0 to 100Ω
R5	10 k to 300 kΩ	Typical: 15 k Ω to 100k Ω

For the majority of ranges, 1%, 100 ppm/°C resistors such as RN55D or similar are sufficient for this application.

As an example, let's assume that the computer printout calls for:

 $R1 = 0.5 M\Omega$ R2 = Open $R3 = 90\Omega$ R4 = Shorted $R5 = 20 k\Omega$

The effect of a 1% tolerance for resistor R₁(0.5M Ω) can be estimated from Figure 9. A0.19 mV offset change would occur and a 0.06 mV/50°C offset temperature coefficient would be added. Atemperature coefficient of 100 ppm/°C for this resistor would contribute an additional 0.12 mV/50°C to the offset temperature coefficient.

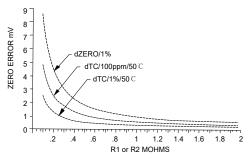


Figure 9. R1 or R2 ResistorTolerance

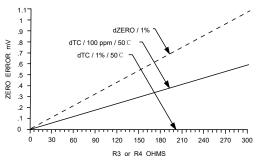


Figure 10. R₃ or R₄ ResistorTolerance

The effect of resistor R_3 (90) can be estimated from Figure 10. The offset would change 0.33 mV for a 1%

resistance deviation and 0.17 mV/50°C due to the effect of 100 ppm/°C temperature coefficient. The off-set temperature coefficient is not affected by the toler-ance of this resistor.

Both of these resistors (parallel: R_1 or R_2 and series: R_3 or R_4) affect the span value. Assuming that all strain gages have the same pressure sensitivity, a change of the bridge arm resistance by 1% due to the effect of inserting zero compensation resistors, in turn, changes the span by 0.25%.

Resistor R_5 (20 k) does not effect zero compensation. Span error (Figure 11) introduced by a 1% deviation from the calculated value will be equivalent to a 0.19% span change and 0.02%/50°C of additional span temperature coefficient. Atemperature coefficient of 100 ppm/°C for resistor R5 would introduce an additional span error of 0.15%/50°C.

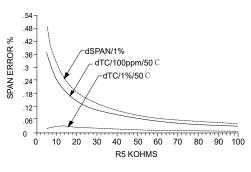


Figure 11. R₅ ResistorTolerance

To minimize the inventory of external compensating resistor values, it is best to calculate the value of the required resistors when a known error can be tolerated. Assume that a 5 mV offset voltage due to tolerance of R1 or R2 resistor can be tolerated. If 0.5 M (R1) is the starting point, with a 0.19 mV/1% offset sensitivity, a 5 mV limit will be reached after 26 increments of 1% (26) (0.19 mV). Raising 1.01 to the 26th power gives a factor of 1.295 which translates to 648 k. At this resistance value the sensitivity of offset to change in R1 is about 0.16 mV/1%, which is equivalent to 31 increments (5 mV/0.16) of 1%. Raising 1.01 to the 31st power gives a 1.361 factor which translates to 882 k (1.361) (648 k). This value would be stocked along with the 499 k resistor for 5 mV zero increments.

This same approach can be applied to all resistors over the entire range and to all specifications including temperature error. In the example above the worst case assumption was made using the highest error for a given resistance range.

APPLICATION NOTES Gain Programming Using an Sensorall Pressure Sensor

Using the average error for a given range would be more realistic (0.18 mV/1% over 500 k to 698 k range), but it leaves no room for variations of sensor performance due to processing tolerances.

APPENDIX: CALCULATION OF COMPENSATING RESISTOR VALUES

Values of compensating resistors can be calculated based on the results of pressure-temperature testing. The tests include measurements of output voltage (V) and bridge voltage (E) at two temperatures (Tc and Th) and two pressures (P_1 and P2) with constant current (I) excitation:

	$T=T_{c}$	$T=T_h$
$P = P_1$	V _{0c} , E _c	V _{0h} , E _h
$P=P_2$	V _{1c}	V_{1h}

Where:	$V_0 c, V_0 h o$	zero pressure output voltage, cold
		andhot respectively

- V₁c,V₁hó full scale pressure output voltage, andhot respectively
- Ec,E^{h6} bridge voltage, respectively cold and hot
- $P_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}, P_{\scriptscriptstyle 20} \quad \ \ \text{input pressure, respectively zero} \\ \text{ and full scale}$
- Tc,Th6 temperature, respectively cold and hot

ZERO COMPENSATING RESISTORS

To calculate zero compensating resistors lets introduce the variables:

$$A = B = A - \frac{V_{0c} + E_c}{l} \qquad \frac{4V_{0c} (V_{0c} + E_c)}{I E_c + 2V_{0c}}$$
$$C = \frac{V_{0h} + E_h}{l} \qquad D = C - \frac{4V_{0h} (V_{0h} + E_h)}{I E_h + 2V_{0h}}$$

Asimplified value of offset compensating resistor RS that includes the correction for offset change due to bridge arm loading by resistor R1 or R2 may be calculated now as follows:

$$R^{s}=(A+C-\sqrt{(A+C)^{2}-4-\frac{AB(D-C)-CD(B-A)}{D-B}})$$

The calculated value of resistor RS may be either positive or negative. The polarity of this value is utilized to define the position of the resistor. As was discussed before, balancing of offset can be realized by R3 or R4 resistor (Figure 4). The truth table for these resistors is as follows:

when Rs 0 then: $R_4=R_8$, $R_3=0$ (shorted) Rs < 0 then: $R_3=R_8$, $R_4=0$ (shorted)

The offset temperature slope compensating resistor Rp may then be calculated as follows:

$$Rp = (AB-BRs)/(B-A+Rs)$$

As before, there are two possible positions of R^p resistor:

when $R_P \ge 0$ then: $R_2=R_P, R_1=\infty$ (Open) $R_P < 0$ then: $R_1=R_P, R_2=\infty$ (Open)

SPAN COMPENSATING RESISTOR

Temperature compensation of span requires one resistor only. Calculating both the span cold (S \circ) and hot (S h) and the bridge resistance cold (R \circ) and hot (R h)

$$S \circ = V_{1} \circ \tilde{n} V_{0} \circ; R \circ = E \circ / I$$

$$S h = V_{1} h \tilde{n} V_{0} h; R h = E h / I$$

We can now calculate the value of span compensating resistor R_5 using the following formula:

$$R_{s} = - \frac{R^{h}S^{c}-R^{c}S^{h}}{(S^{h}-S^{c})}$$

It should be noted that the procedure outlined here doesnot include the effects of zero compensating resistors on bridge resistance change, but this effect usually is not critical.

Gain Programming Using an Sensorall Pressure Sensor

INTRODUCTION

IC Sensors offers a broad line of pressure transducers with low level output, temperature compensation, and a built-in gain programming resistor.

This laser trimmed resistor programs the gain of an external (customer provided) amplifier to normalize the pressure sensitivity variation of the sensor. This allows the output of the amplifier to be independent of the sen-sor used, providing interchangeability and high level output at very low cost.

This feature is available on all HIT, TO-8, and isolat-ed diaphragm (ISO) products. Please refer to the indi-vidual product data sheets for more information.

BASIC CIRCUIT

The effective electrical model of the transducer, together with a basic signal conditioning circuit, is shown in Figure 1. The pressure sensor is a fully active Wheatstone bridge which has been temperature com-pensated and offset adjusted by means of thick film, laser trimmed resistors. The excitation to the bridge is a constant current which is supplied through the +EX and -EX pins. The low-level bridge output is at +O and -O, and the amplified span is set by the gain programming resistor (r).

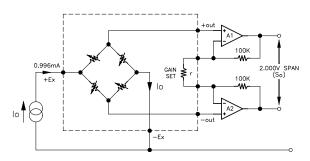


Figure 1. Basic Configuration Gain - Programming Interchangeable Sensor

Resistor r is laser trimmed for each unit using the following algorithm:

$$r = -\frac{200S^{i}}{2-S^{i}}$$

where: Si - sensor span value (V) at a reference excitation current ($I_0 = 0.996 \text{ mA}$) r - resistance in ($k\Omega$)

The output span, So, at the differential output of amplifiers A1- A2 (see Figure 1) is then programmed as follows:

$$S_0 = AS_i(\frac{r+2R}{r}) = 2A \left[\frac{R}{100} + \frac{S_iR(100-R)}{200}\right]$$

 where: A=I/Io, ratio of excitation current I to reference current Io (Figure 1)
 R - feedback resistors, in 【kΩ】
 Si - sensor span at the input of the amplifier

If 100k feedback resistors are used, the expression for output span is simplified to:

So=24

and is constant for all sensors independent of sensor span Si. The output span is also independent of the pressure range of the sensor. For other values of the feedback resistors (R), the output span (S \circ) will vary with the sensor span (S i). Assuming I = I \circ , we can calculate S \circ variations.

R	SO(Si=40 mV)	SO(Si=90 mV)	SO variation [±%]
75K	1.5100	1.5225	0.41
100K	2.0000	2.0000	0.00
200K	3.9600	3.9100	0.63

Gain Programming Using an Sensorall Pressure Sensor

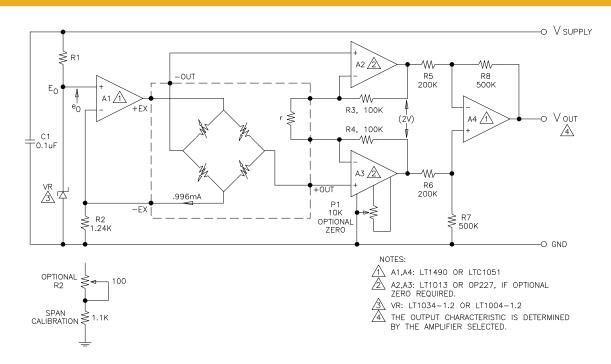


Figure 2. Simple Signal Conditioning Circuit

sAs shown in Table 1, a large deviation from the opti-mum feedback resistance of 100 k can be tolerated while still maintaining transducer interchangeability. For the optimum feedback resistance (100 k), calibration accura-cy is a function of the accuracy of the excitation current, feedback resistors and sensor trimming. The inaccuracy caused by the excitation current and feedback resistors can be made negligible by the use of precision components. Therefore without pressure testing, a 1% system accuracy can be achieved. The standard gain program-ming resistor, r, has a TCR 50 ppm/°C and a trimming range of 2.5 to 12.5 kΩ. For volume orders, a custom trimming algorithm can be made to achieve any desired output span.

SIMPLE SIGNAL CONDITIONING CIRCUIT

The signal conditioning circuit shown in Figure 2 pro-vides a precision constant current source for sensor exci-tation and an instrumentation amplifier with the gain programmed by sensor feedback resister r. To correct for pressure non-linearity or to generate output options other than 0-5V please refer to Technical Note TN-001, iSignal Conditioning for IC Pressure Sensors.i

The current source is controlled by the 1% bandgap reference diode, VR. The reference current $I \circ is$ defined by:

Selecting amplifier A1 with an offset voltage below 1 mV and a \pm 1% tolerance of resister R₂ delivers current lo = 0.996 mAwith a typical accuracy of 1.08%.

The first differential stage of the instrumentation amplifier A2-A3 may have a zeroing potentiometer (P).For 0P227 amplifiers, the zero range is typically 4 mV in reference to the input with a differential offset below 0.5 mV. This leaves about 3.5 mV zeroing range for the compensation of the sensor offset which typically is below 1 mV.

The second stage of the amplifier provides additional amplification R8/R5 and translates the differential floating voltage from the first stage into a single ended output voltage. Modifying equation [3] the expression for over-all span (S) can be found as follows:

S=2.A.R₈/R₅=5.000V@A=1

The overall accuracy of the span is effected by the accuracy of feedback resisters R_3 through R_8 . Using 0.1% resisters such as Mepco/Electra 5063Z, a typical gain error will be about 0.24%. The accuracy error may be decreased when matched thin film resistors are used such as Beckman 694-3-A. The combined span error of the entire signal conditioning circuit at a reference temperature will then typically be about 1.1%



without any adjustment or pressure testing. This will be superimposed on the sensor's accuracy of 1%.

If additional calibration and normalization are desired, resister R_2 can be replaced with a series combination of a potentiometer and a resistor (Figure 2). The potentiometer can be adjusted to set the bridge excitation current (I) to achieve the exact span voltage (S)with full scale pressure applied to the sensor.

If no pressure source is available, the gain error of the amplifier can be reduced by using the procedure outlined below. This method may be used instead of using the precision resisters discussed above for R_2 through R_8 . The sensor span error of 1% will remain however.

Calibration procedure:

- \cdot replace resistor r with an external resistor 7.50 Ω k 0.1%
- check gain K of the instrumentation amplifier and calculate the gain ratio X (in reference to the ideal gain KO = 69.028V/V) where X = K/KO
- set current IO = 0.996/X(mA) by adjusting the potentiometer, thus completing calibration.

Assuming a 6.4 k Ω (50°C) maximum bridge resistance, a 0.996 mAbridge current and a 1.2V diode reference voltage, it follows that the maximum output voltage of amplifier A₁ can approach 7.7V. Also, the positive saturation voltage at 1 mAoutput current for the LTC1051 amplifier is 0.5V. Therefore, the minimum excitation voltage, which is a function of the current source and amplifiers used, would be 8.2V(7.7V+ 0.5V) for the LTC1051. For the LT1490, the minimum excitation voltage should be 7.9V.

The maximum excitation voltage is limited by the voltage handling characteristics of the specific amplifier used.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For a detailed discussion of the compensation circuit, and for output voltages other than 0-5V, please refer to Application Notes TN-001 and APP-103 to APP-105.



APPLICATION NOTES A Simple Pressure Sensor Signal Conditioning Circuit

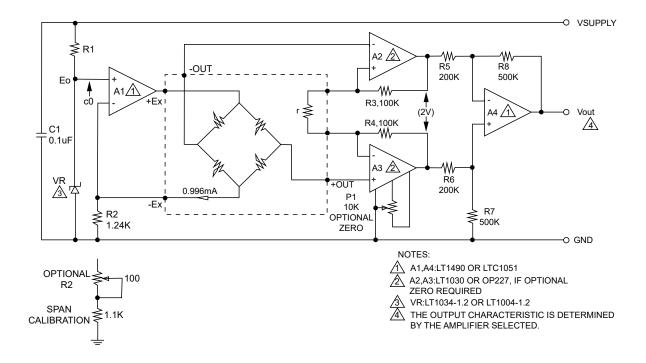
INTRODUCTION

Asimple signal conditioning circuit should allow the output of the amplifier to be independent of the sensor used, providing interchangeability and high level output at very low cost. Alaser trimmed resistor on the sensor's compensation board programs the gain of an external amplifier to normalize the pressure sensitivity variation.

SIMPLE SIGNAL CONDITIONING CIRCUIT

The signal conditioning circuit shown in Figure 1 provides a precision constant current source for sensor excitation and an instrumentation amplifier with the gain programmed by sensor feedback resistor r.

For a detailed discussion of the compensation circuit, and for output voltages other than 0-5V, please refer to Application Notes TN-001 and APP-103 to APP-105.



A Simple Pressure Sensor Signal Conditioning Circuit

CIRCUIT DETAILS

The current source is controlled by the $\pm 1\%$ band-gap reference diode, VR. The reference current IO is defined by:

$$IO = (EO - eO)/R2$$

where: EO - diode reference voltage: 1.235V ±1% (LT1034-1.2 or LT1004-1.2) eO - offset of amplifier A1 (~0) R2 - current set resistor

Selecting amplifier A1 with an offset voltage below 1 mV and a \pm 1% tolerance of resister R2 delivers current IO = 0.996 mA with typical accuracy of \pm 1.4%.

The differential input stage of the instrumentation amplifier, A3-A2 has a gain of Gain=1+(R3+R4)/r. The gain set resistor r is trimmed for R3=R4=100K

and a differential output voltage of 2V.

OPTIONAL ZERO ADJUST

If the optional zero adjustment is required, use OP227 amplifiers instead of the LT1013 and add the zeroing potentiometer P1.

The zero range is typically $\pm 4 \text{ mV}$ referenced to the input with a differential offset below 0.5 mV. This leaves about a $\pm 3.5 \text{ mV}$ zeroing range for the compensation of the sensor offset which is typically below $\pm 1 \text{ mV}$.

OUTPUT

The output stage of the instrumentation amplifier provides additional amplification R8/R5 and translates the differential floating voltage from the first stage into a single ended output voltage. The equation for the overall output voltage is:

Vout = 2•A•R8 / R5 = 5.000V @ A = 1

A is the Ratio between the actual excitation current lo and the specified current.

ACCURACY AND CALIBRATION

The overall accuracy of the span is effected by the accuracy of feedback resisters R3 through R8. Using $\pm 1\%$ resistors such as Mepco/Electra 5063Z, the typical gain error will be about $\pm 0.24\%$. The accuracy error may be decreased when matched thin film resisters are used such as Beckman 694-3-A. The combined span error of the entire signal conditioning circuit at a reference temperature will then typically be about 1.1% without any adjustment or pressure testing. This will be superimposed on the sensor's accuracy of $\pm 1\%$.

OPTIONAL SPAN CALIBRATION

If additional calibration and normalization is desired, resister R2 can be replaced with a series combination of a potentiometer and a resistor (Figure 1). The potentiometer can be adjusted to set the bridge excitation current (I) to achieve the exact span voltage (S) with full scale pressure applied to the sensor.

GAIN ERROR

If no pressure source is available, the gain error of the amplifier can be reduced by using the procedure outlined below. This method may be used instead of using the precision resistors discussed above for R2 through R8. The sensor span error of $\pm 1\%$ will remain, however.

Calibration procedure:

- \bullet replace resistor r with an external resistor 7.50 Ωk 0.1%
- check gain K of the instrumentation amplifier and calculate the gain ratio X (in reference to the ideal gain KO = 69.028V/V) where X = K/KO

• set current IO = 0.996/X(mA) by adjusting the potentiometer, thus completing calibration.

Assuming a 6.4 k Ω (50°C) maximum bridge resistance, a 0.996 mA bridge current and a 1.2V diode reference voltage, it follows that the maximum output voltage of amplifier A1 can approach 7.4V. Also, the positive saturation voltage at 1 mA out-put current for the LTC1051 amplifier is 0.5V. Therefore, the minimum excitation voltage which is a function of the current source and amplifiers used would be 7.9V (7.4V + 0.5V) for the LTC1051. For the LT1490, the minimum excitation voltage should be 7.6V. The maximum excitation voltage is limited by the voltage handling characteristics of the specific amplifier used.



OUTPUT SPAN SO VARIATION

Resistor r is laser trimmed for each unit using the following equation:

$$r = \frac{2RF}{\frac{Vamp}{Si} - 1}$$

where: Si = sensor span value (V) at a reference excitation current (I \circ = 0.996 mA) r = resistance in (k) RF = 100K feedback resistor Vamp = amplified output The output span S \circ at the differential output of amplifiers A3- A2 (see Figure 1) for any other

SO = AS $\left(\frac{r+2R}{r}\right) = 2A\left[\frac{R+3}{100}S_{\frac{1}{200}}^{\frac{1}{200}}\right]$

feedback resistor R in KΩ is given by:

where: A = I/IO, ratio of excitation current I to reference current Io

If 100 $k\Omega$ feedback resistors are used, the expression for output span is simplified to:

and is constant for all sensors independent of sensor span Sⁱ. The output span is also independent of the pressure range of the sensor. For other values of the feedback resistors (R), the output span (S^o) will vary with the sensor span (Sⁱ). Assuming I = I^o, we can calculate S^o variations.

Table 1. Output Span (SO) Variation

R	SO(Si=40 mV)	SO(Si=90 mV)	SO variation [±%]
50 K	1.0200	1.0450	1.23
75 K	1.5100	1.5225	0.41
99 K	1.9804	1.9809	0.01
100 K	2.0000	2.0000	0.00
101 K	2.0196	2.0191	0.01
200 K	3.9600	3.9100	0.63
500 K	9.8400	9.6400	1.0

As seen in Table 1, a large deviation from the optimum feedback resistance of 100 k is tolerable while maintaining transducer interchangeability.

For the optimum feedback resistance (100 k), calibration accuracy is a function of the accuracy of the excitation current, feedback resistors and sensor trimming.

The inaccuracy caused by the excitation current and feedback resistors can be made negligible by the use of precision components. Therefore without pressure testing, a 1% system accuracy can be achieved.

The standard gain programming resistor r has a TCR $\leq \pm 50 \text{ ppm/°C}$ and a trimming range of 2.5 to 12.5 k. Ω For volume orders, a custom trimming algorithm can be made to achieve any desired output span.



APPLICATION NOTES Microprocessor Compatible Circuit

INTRODUCTION

A simple microprocessor compatible circuit is shown in Figure 1. Amplifiers A1 to A4 form a basic signal conditioning circuit similar to that described in Application Note APP-101, "A Simple Pressure Sensor Signal Conditioning Circuit."

CIRCUIT

To enable the operation of a single 5V power supply, the current through the sensor has been decreased to 0.66 mA. Furthermore, the voltage across R6 has been decreased to 0.2V (from 1.2V in APP-101), thus allowing increased voltage across the bridge which will be reflected in a higher output span.

A/D

The differential output of amplifiers A2 and A3 controls the differential input of analog to digital converter LTC1092.

CALIBRATION

Sensitivity calibration is achieved by adjusting the reference voltage for the A-D converter through amplifier A4. The span between pins 2 and 3 of the converter will be two times the reference voltage at pin 5.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A detailed discussion of the temperature compensation circuit can be found in Application Note TN-001, "Signal Conditioning For IC Pressure Sensors."

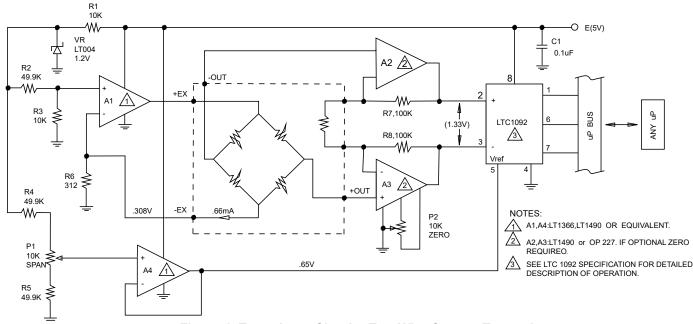


Figure 1. Transducer Circuit - Two Wire Current Transmitter

APPLICATION NOTES 4-20 mA Circuit

INTRODUCTION

A signal conditioning circuit for a two-wire 4 - 20 mA transmitter is shown in Figure 1. Two-wire transmitters are used when the pressure sensor is far away from its associated display or meter, since transmitters are unaffected by voltage drops along the supply and signal lines.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The two-wire operation is achieved by referencing all signals to the emitter of transistor Q2. Feedback resistors R11 - R12 control the voltage across resistor R14, drawing a constant current from the input terminals.

CALIBRATION

Zero adjustment is achieved by applying the voltage at the slider of potentiometer P1 to the second differential input of amplifier A4, created by resistors R7 - R10. Span calibration is realized by bridge current change using potentiometer P2.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Frequency response may be shaped by capacitors C1, C2 with a 3dB frequency, f=1/(2π R11C2), where C1=C2, R11=R12, and f is measured in Hz

VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Sensitivity calibration is achieved by adjusting the reference voltage for the A-D converter through amplifier A4. The span between pins 2 and 3 of the converter will be two times the reference voltage at pin 5.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A detailed discussion of the temperature compensation circuit can be found in Application Note TN-001, "Signal Conditioning For IC Pressure Sensors."

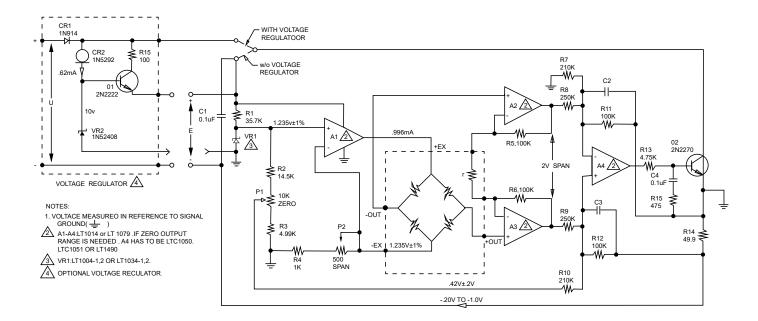


Figure 1. Transducer Circuit - Two Wire Current Transmitter

APPLICATION NOTES Low Component Count, Single Supply 0-5V Output, Pressure Amplifier

INTRODUCTION

There are many possible solutions for any given instrumentation amplifier requirement. The circuit in Figure 1 shows a solution that is low in component count, single supply, 0-5 PSI input to 0-5V output, and better than 1% accuracy over 0-50°C.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The circuit divides into the following blocks: sensor (or bridge), current source, amplifier and offset adjust.

The sensor (X1) chosen is 0-5 PSI, grade A, Model 12 by IC Sensors. It is a compensated (for low offset), current driven, bridge type sensor.

Some of the sensor specs are:

Full Scale Output Span 75 mV to 150 mV Zero Pressure Output 1 mV Max Input and Output Resistance 2500Ω to 6000 Temperature Coefficient-Span +0.5% Span Max Temperature Coefficient-Resistance 0.22%/°C Typ Supply Current 1.5 mA to 2.0 mA Max

Typically, current driven sensors have better temperature characteristics then voltage driven sensors. The current source comprises Q1, R2, R3, U1, and VR1. R2 biases VR1, a reference. U1 regulates the current through R3 by keeping the voltage across it at VR1 voltage level, namely, 2.5V. The current through R3 is practically the collector current of Q1 and the sensor supply current.

The amplifier comprises R6 to R11, U2A and U2A. The gain of the amplifier is 2(1+Rf/Rs) where Rf=R6+R7+R9+R11 and Rs=R8+R10. R10 is a gain adjustment trim-pot. The gain range reflects the large output range of the sensor.

There are three major offset errors in the circuit: bridge offset, amplifier offset, and amplifier common mode that transforms into offset. The common mode offset error can be the worst of the three. The common mode offset error is lowest when R6 and R11 have the same resistance and when R7 and R9 have the same resistance. Worst case common mode is 41 mV in the output for every volt in the input (all resistors are 1%). Since the input voltage can be as high as (1.5 mA)(6000\Omega)/2 = 4.5V, the common mode offset voltage can be (4.5V)(41 mV/V) = 184.5 mV in the output.

The offset is nulled by R4 and R5. R5is value is calculated for worst case common mode type offset. R4 is connected across the bridge to compensate for drift caused by the temperature coefficient of the bridge and the common mode of the amplifier. If better adjustment resolution is required of R4, it is possible to increase the value of R5. There may be extremely small number of amplifiers that will not calibrate.

Calibration

R12 is added to the circuit for the purpose of calibration. While in operation it can be ignored, in calibration it may bec desired to connect a -0.2 volt source to the Vpin of U2 for adjustment to a true 0V at 0 PSI. Calibrate at room temperature.

The calibration steps are:

1. Connect VIN and VNEG. VNEG can be a 200 mA current sink or -0.2V voltage source.

2. At 0 PSI (atmospheric pressure) adjust R4 for 0.0V at Vo.

3. Apply 5 PSI pressure source and adjust Vo for 5.0V at Vo.

4. Repeat step s 2 and 3 until output reached the desired level of accuracy.

Testing

The calibration steps are:

1. Connect VIN and VNEG. VNEG can be a 200 mA current sink or -0.2V voltage source.

2. At 0 PSI (atmospheric pressure) adjust R4 for 0.0V at Vo.

3. Apply 5 PSI pressure source and adjust Vo for 5.0V at Vo.

4. Repeat step s 2 and 3 until output reached the desired level of accuracy.

APPLICATION NOTES Low Component Count, Single Supply 0-5V Output, Pressure Amplifier

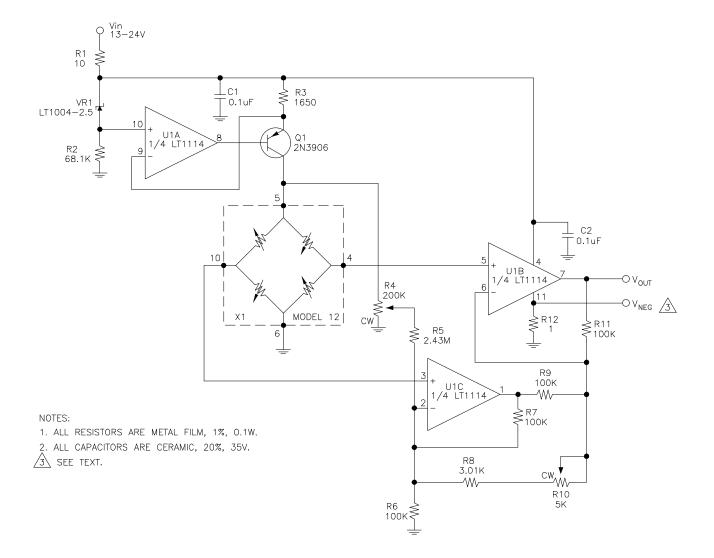


Figure 1. Low Component Count Solution